

High Energy Astrophysics

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Main Conclusion

Multi-messenger

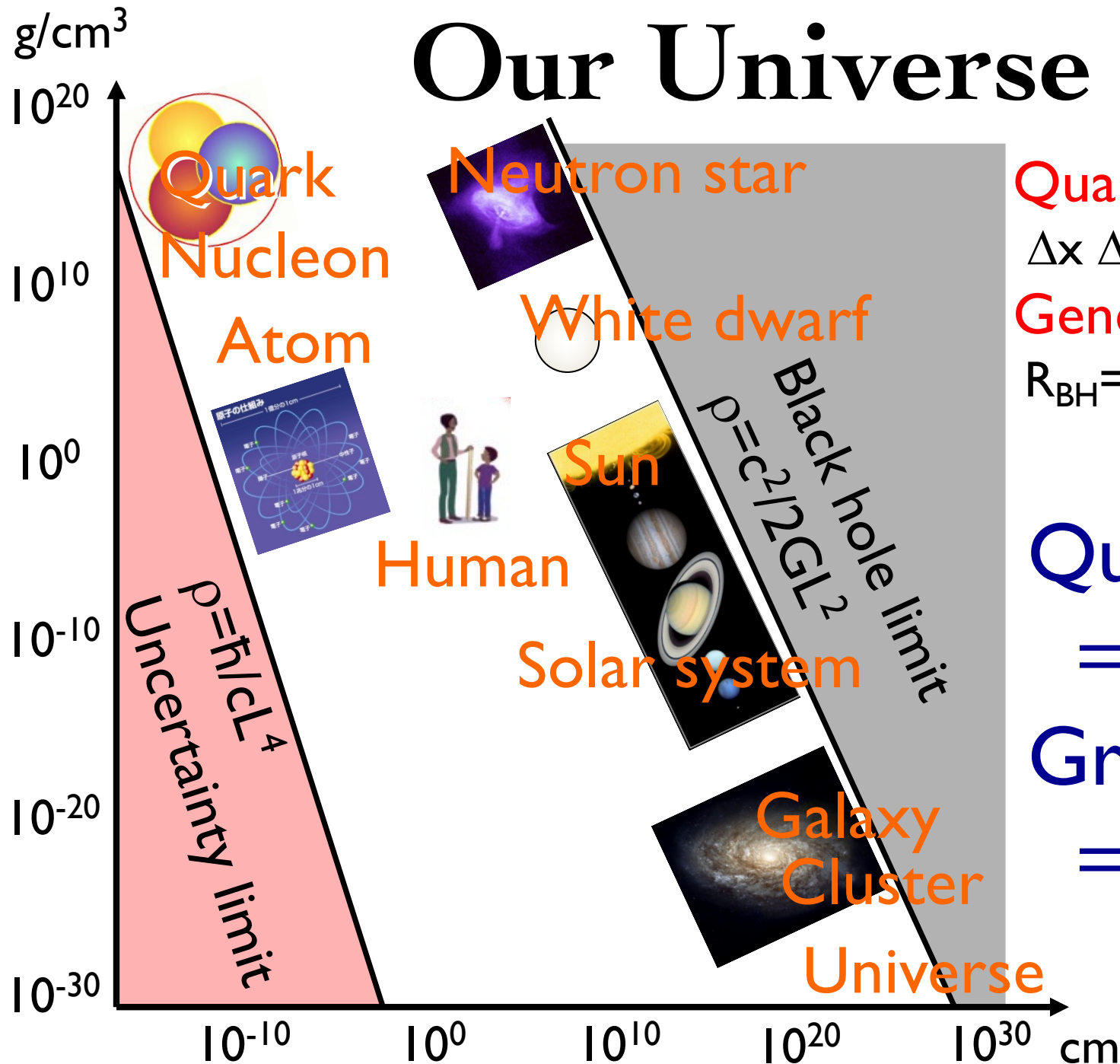
+

Time-domain

+

Numerical simulation

Our Universe



Quantum mechanics

$$\Delta x \Delta p \geq \hbar$$

General relativity

$$R_{\text{BH}} = 2GM/c^2$$

Quantum “ $\hbar$ ”

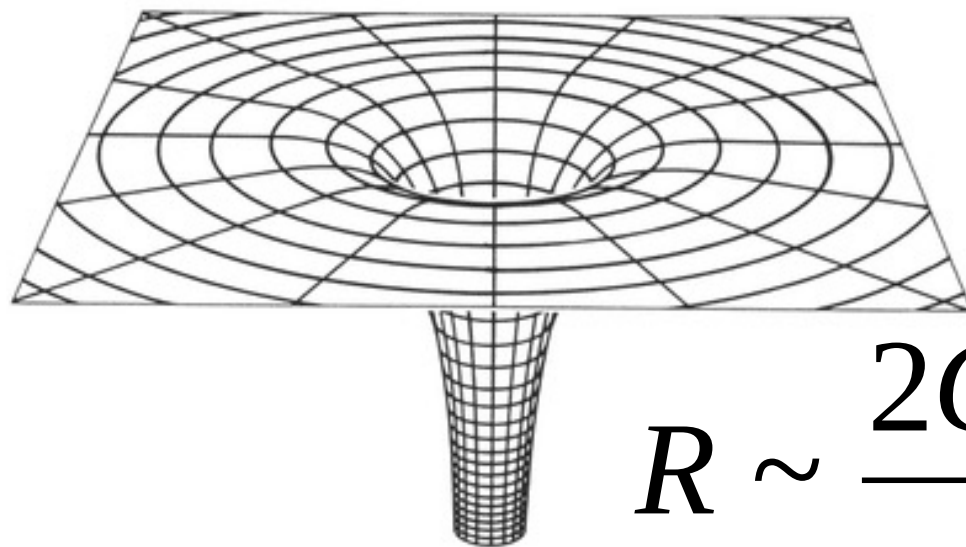
⇒ Particle

Gravity “ G ”

⇒ Universe

Gravity

Black Hole

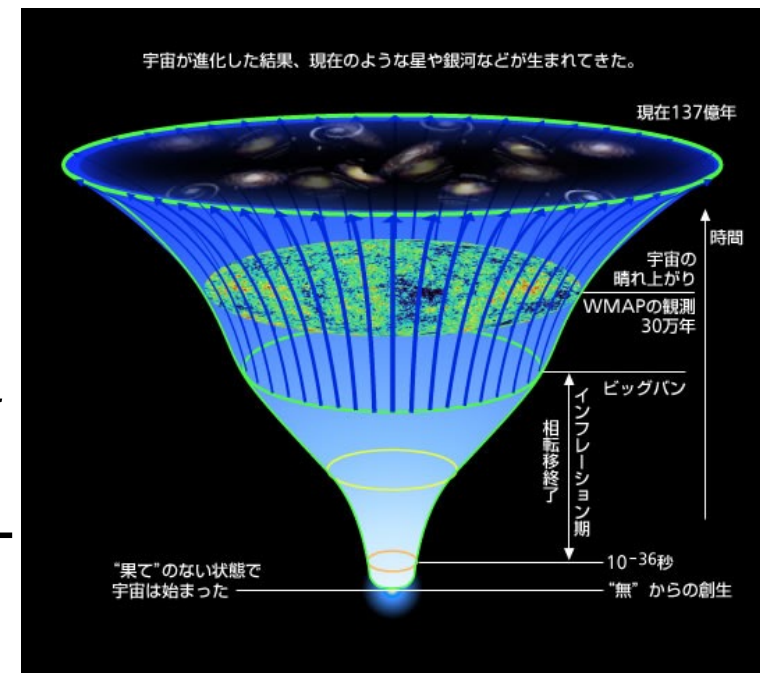


$$R \sim \frac{2GM}{c^2}$$

Final fate of stellar evolution

Astrophysics

Expanding Universe



Big Bang

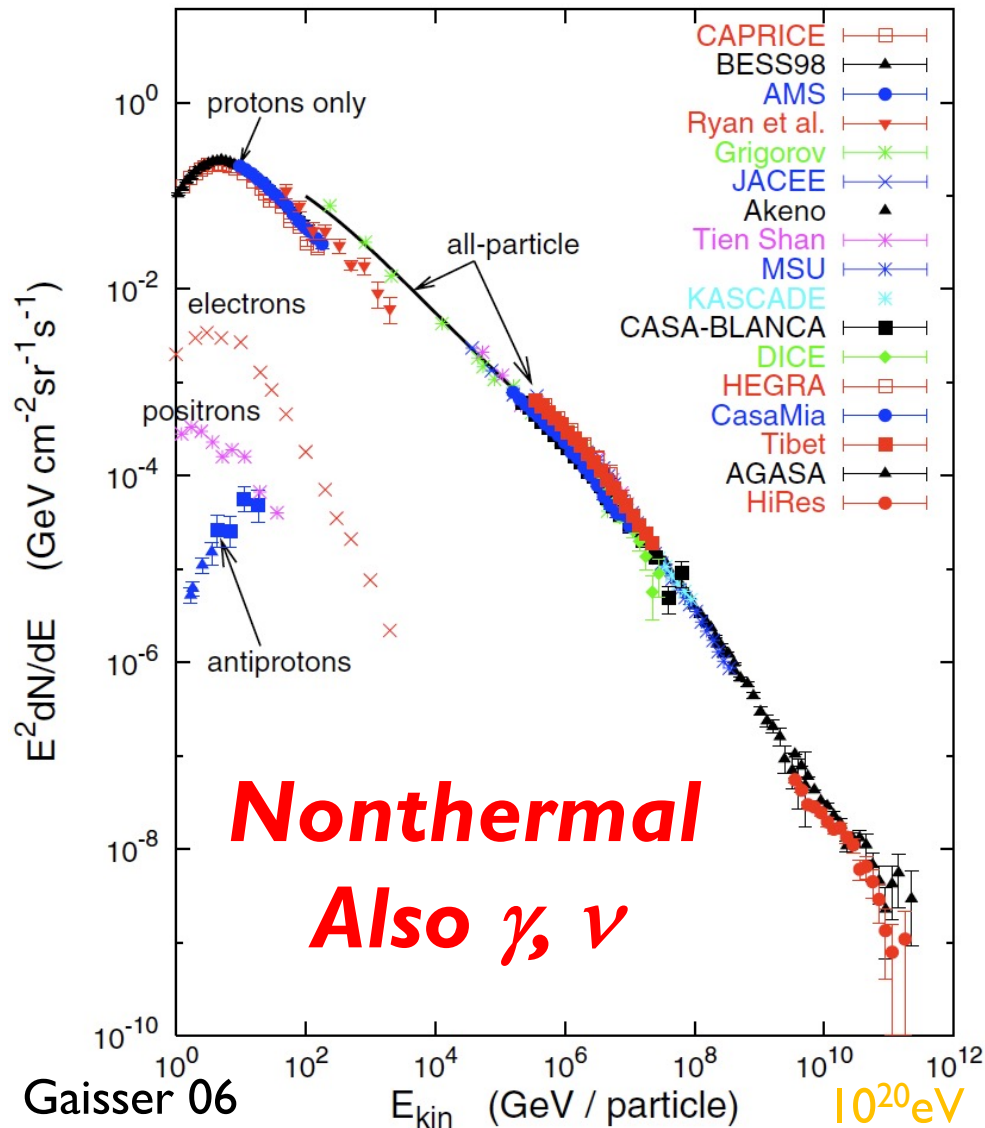
Cosmology

Evolution to Black Holes

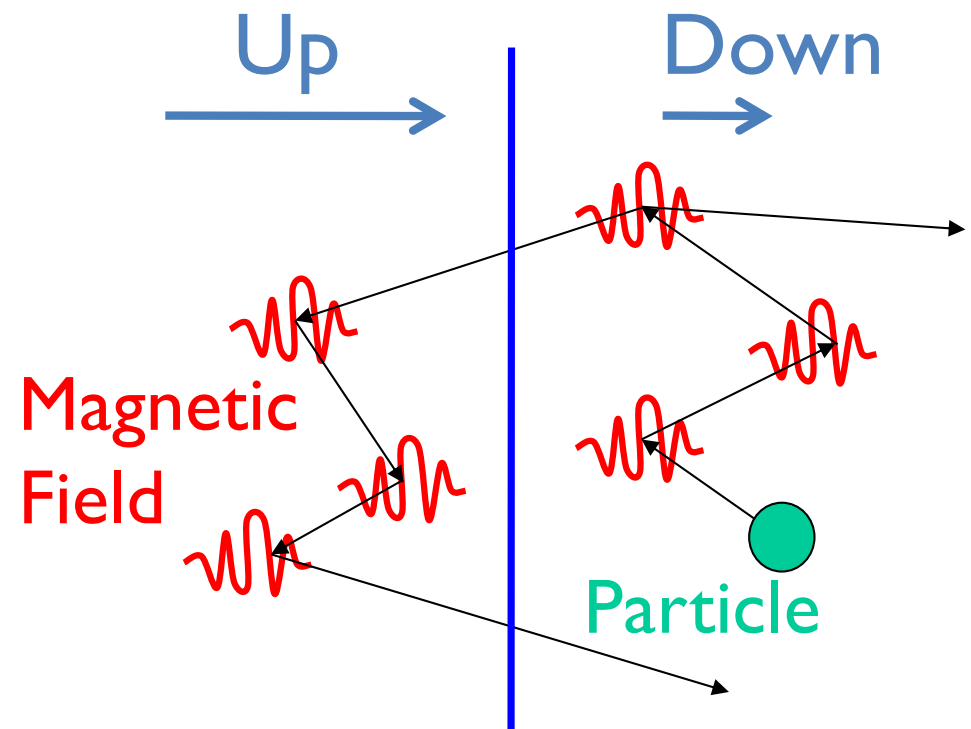


Particle Acceleration

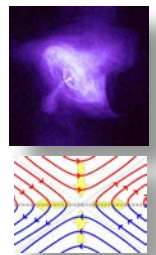
Energies and rates of the cosmic-ray particles



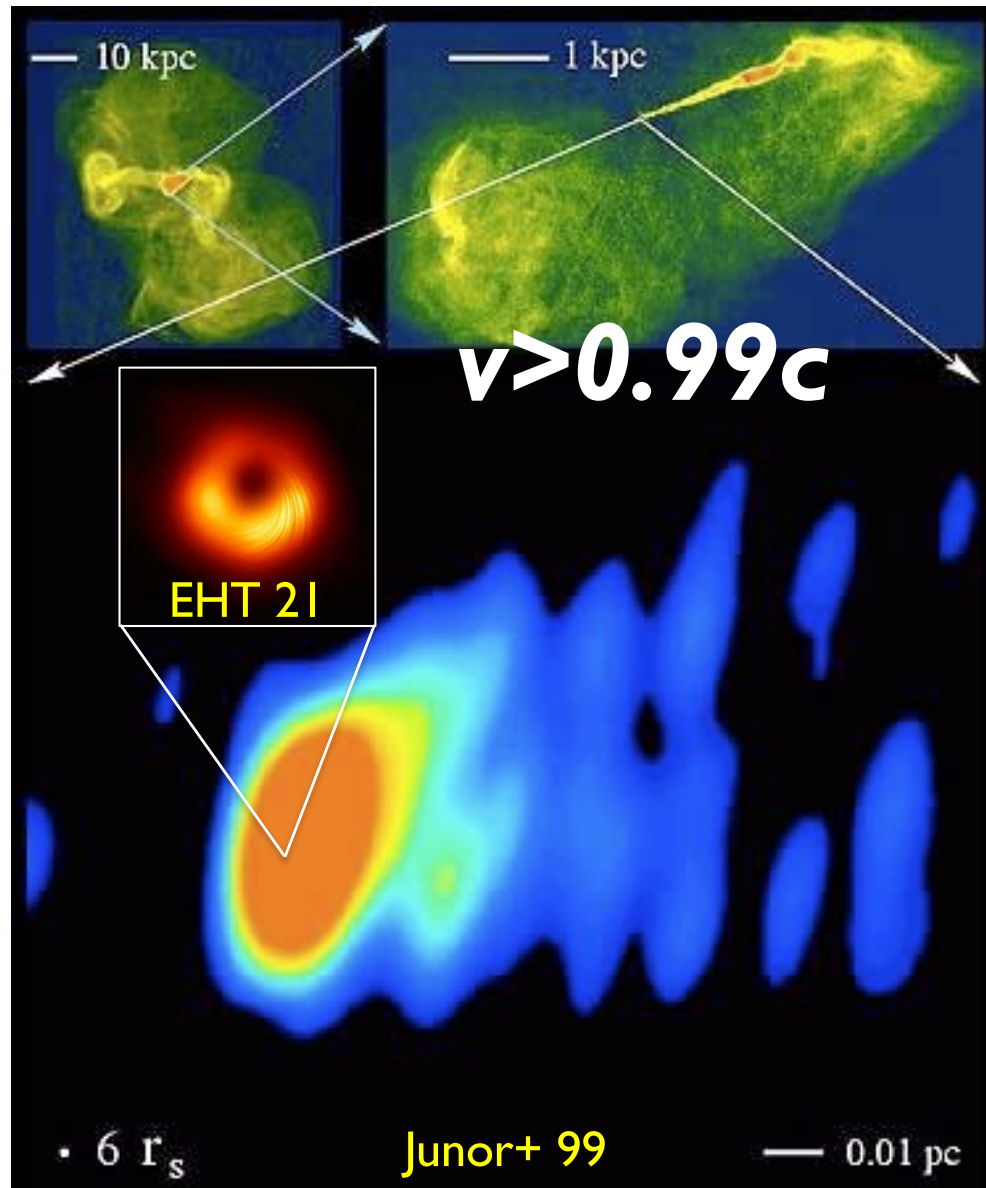
Fermi acceleration



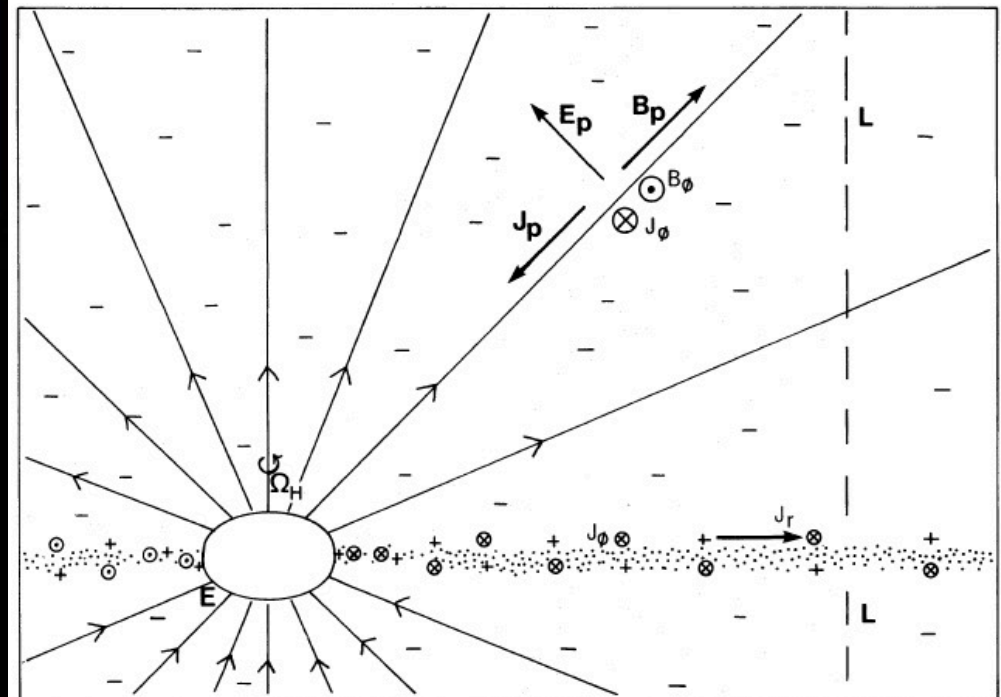
Unipolar induction
Reconnection, ...



Jet



Blandford-Znajek 77

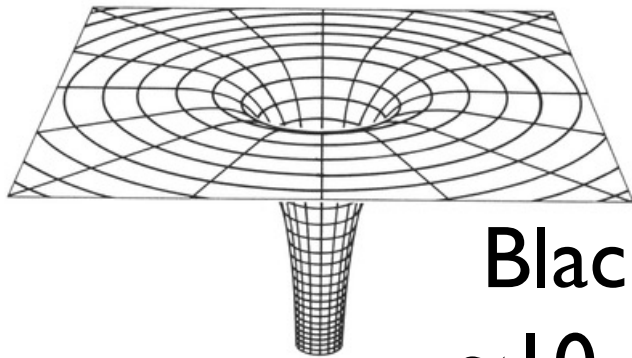


Outflow (ordered/turbulent B)
 σ -problem, Feedback, ...

multi-scale problems

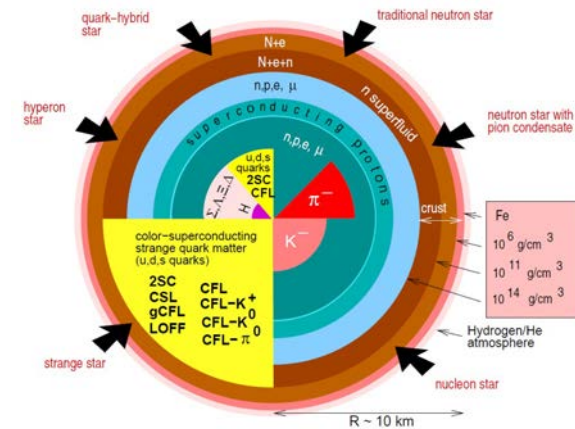
Extreme Universe

Strong Gravity



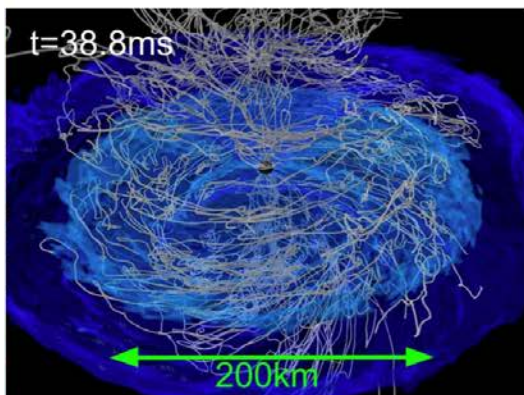
Black Hole
 $\sim 10-10^{10} M_{\odot}$

High Density



$\rho_{NS} \sim 10^{15} \text{ g/cc}$
 $> \rho_{\text{nuclear}}$

Strong B Field



Kiuchi+ 14

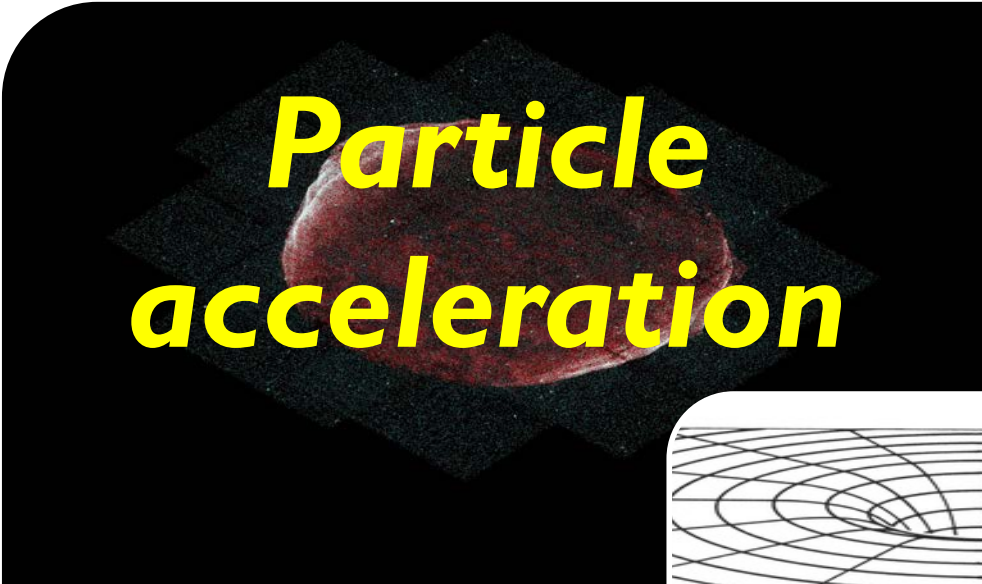
Magnetar
 Neutron
 star merger
 $B \sim 10^{14-17} \text{ G}$

High Luminosity



$L \sim 10^{51} \text{ erg/s}$
 $\sim \text{J-PARC}$
 $\times 10^{38}$

Science Goal



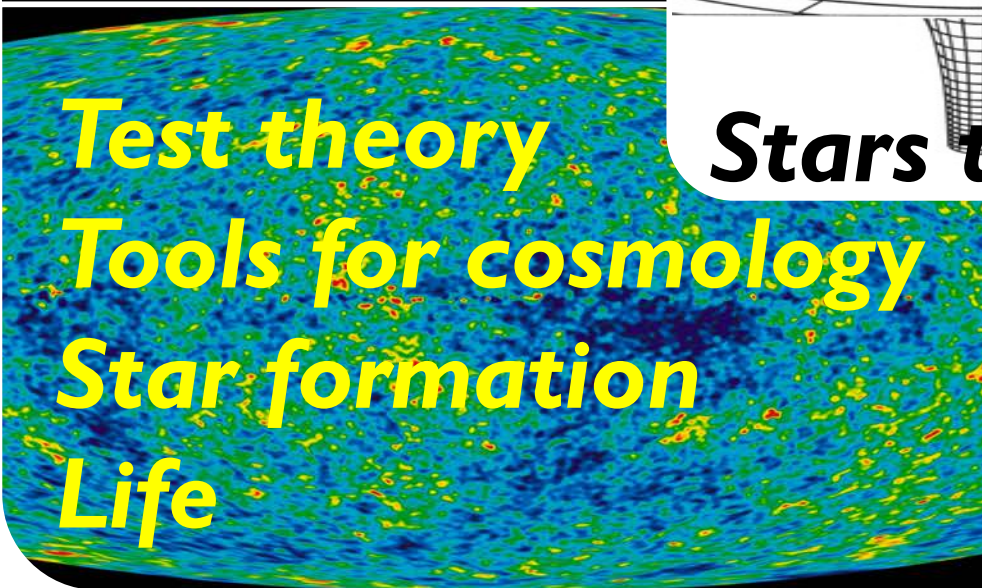
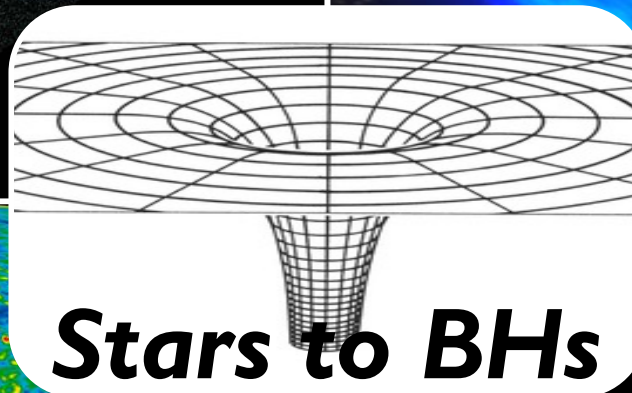
**Particle
acceleration**

A red, textured sphere, possibly representing a particle or a celestial body, is shown against a dark background with a faint, glowing, diamond-shaped pattern.



**Jet
Outflow**

A bright, blue, swirling disk of gas or dust is shown, with a bright, glowing jet of light emanating from one side, set against a dark, starry background.



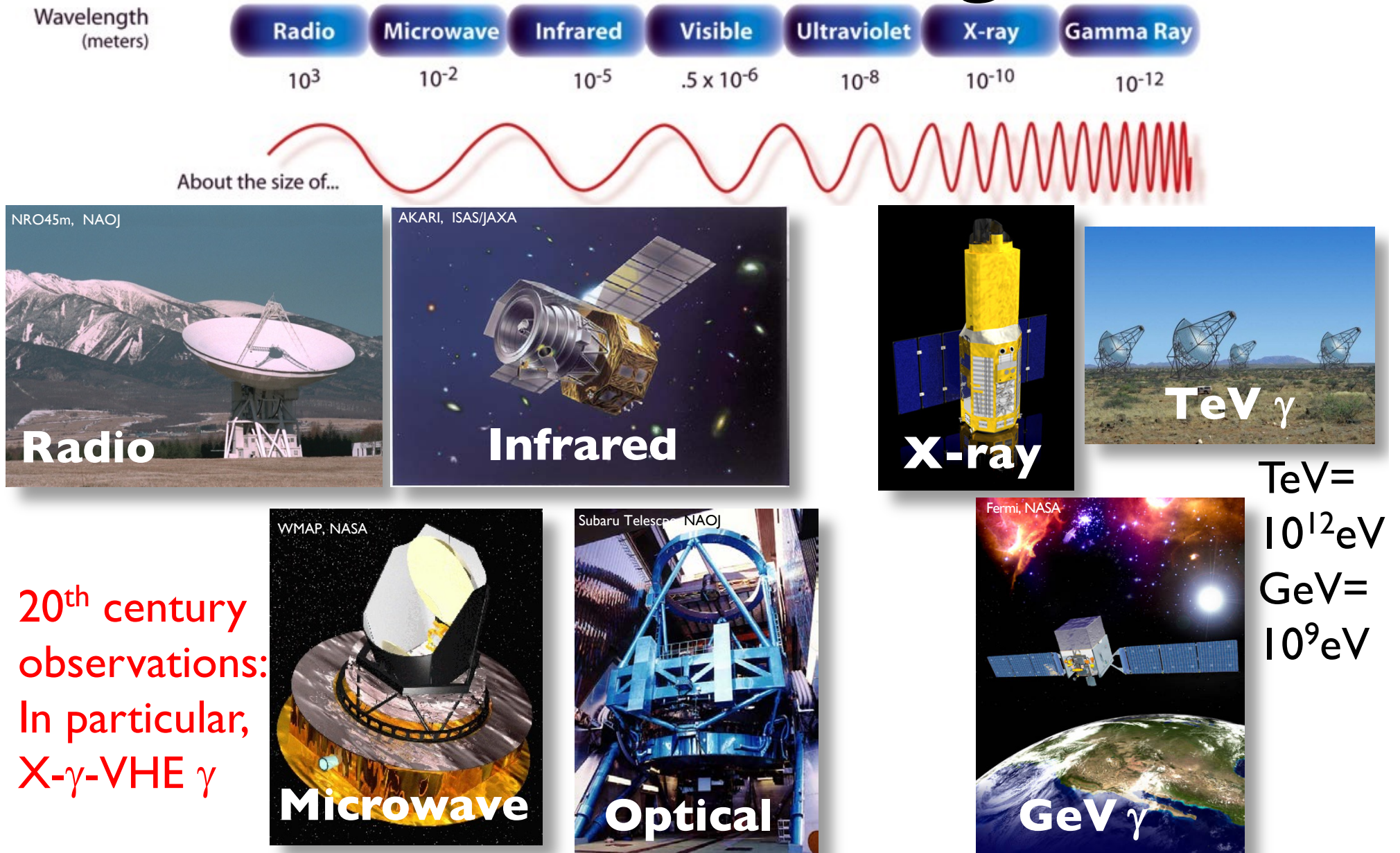
**Test theory
Tools for cosmology
Star formation
Life**

A colorful, textured background representing the cosmic microwave background or a similar cosmological phenomenon, with various shades of blue, green, and yellow.

**Unknown
unknown**

making new problems

Multi-Wavelength



PeVatron

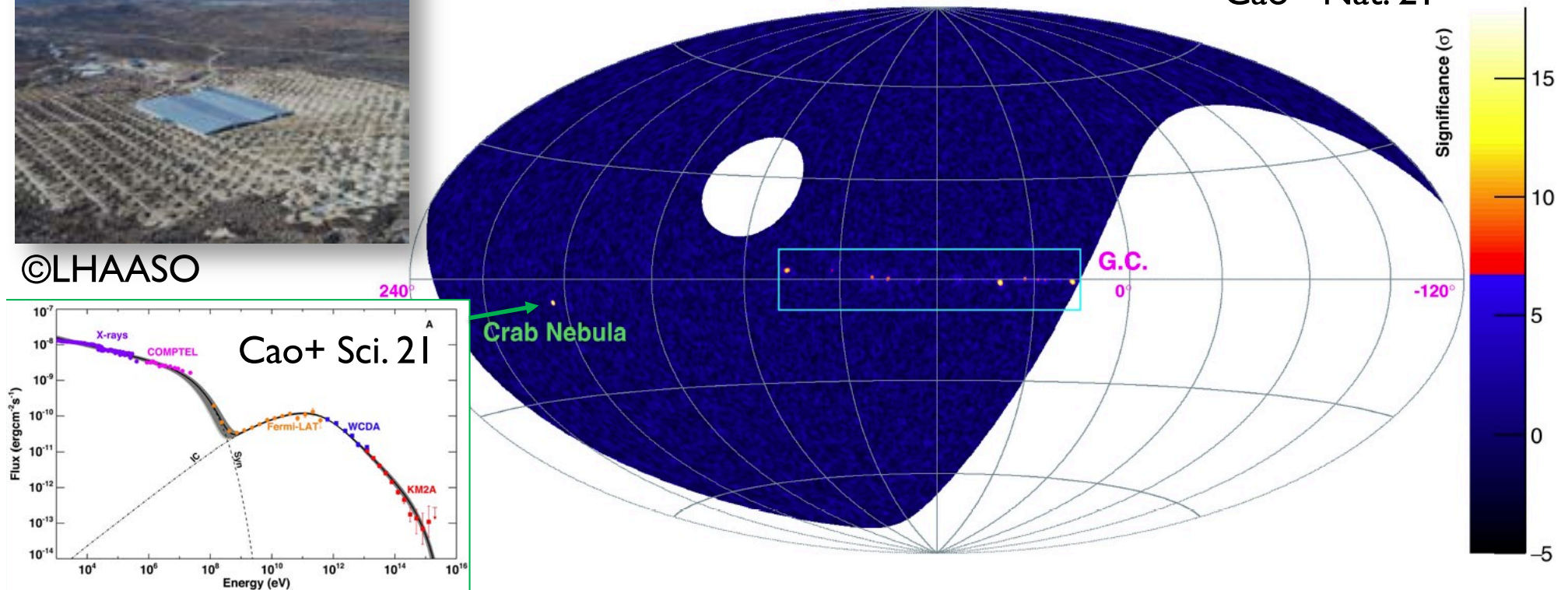
PeV = 10^{15} eV



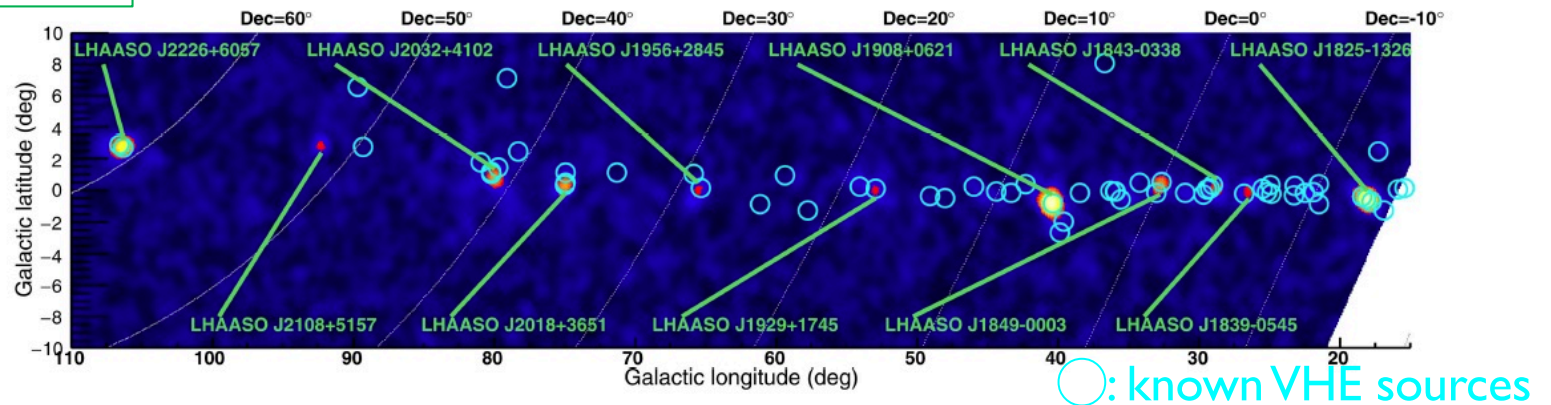
©LHAASO

LHAASO Sky @ >100 TeV

Cao+ Nat. 21



J2032+4102:
 $E_{\text{max}} = 1.42$ PeV
 Cygnus OB2?



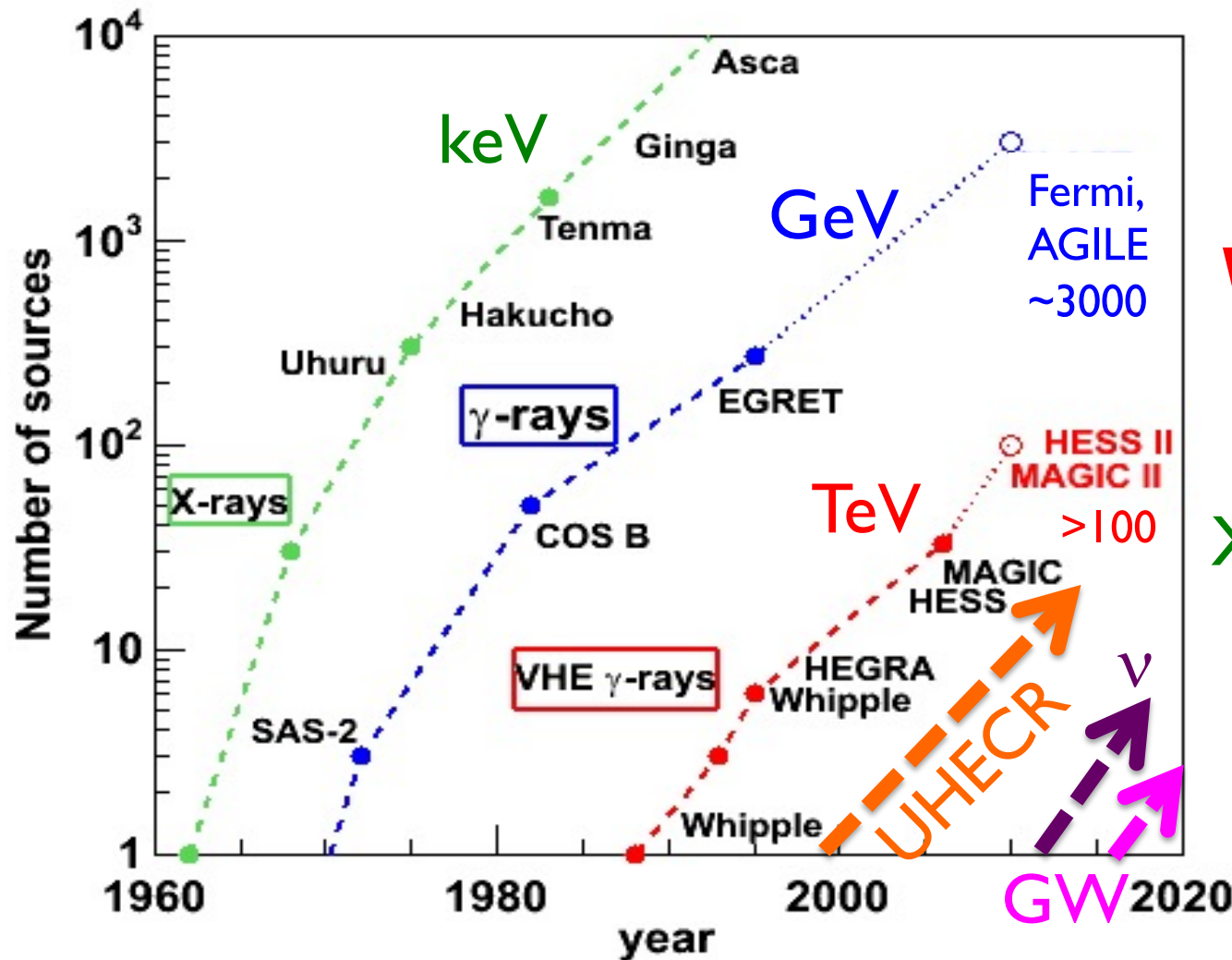
Multi-Messenger Era



21st Century: Multi-Messenger Era

Multi-Messengers

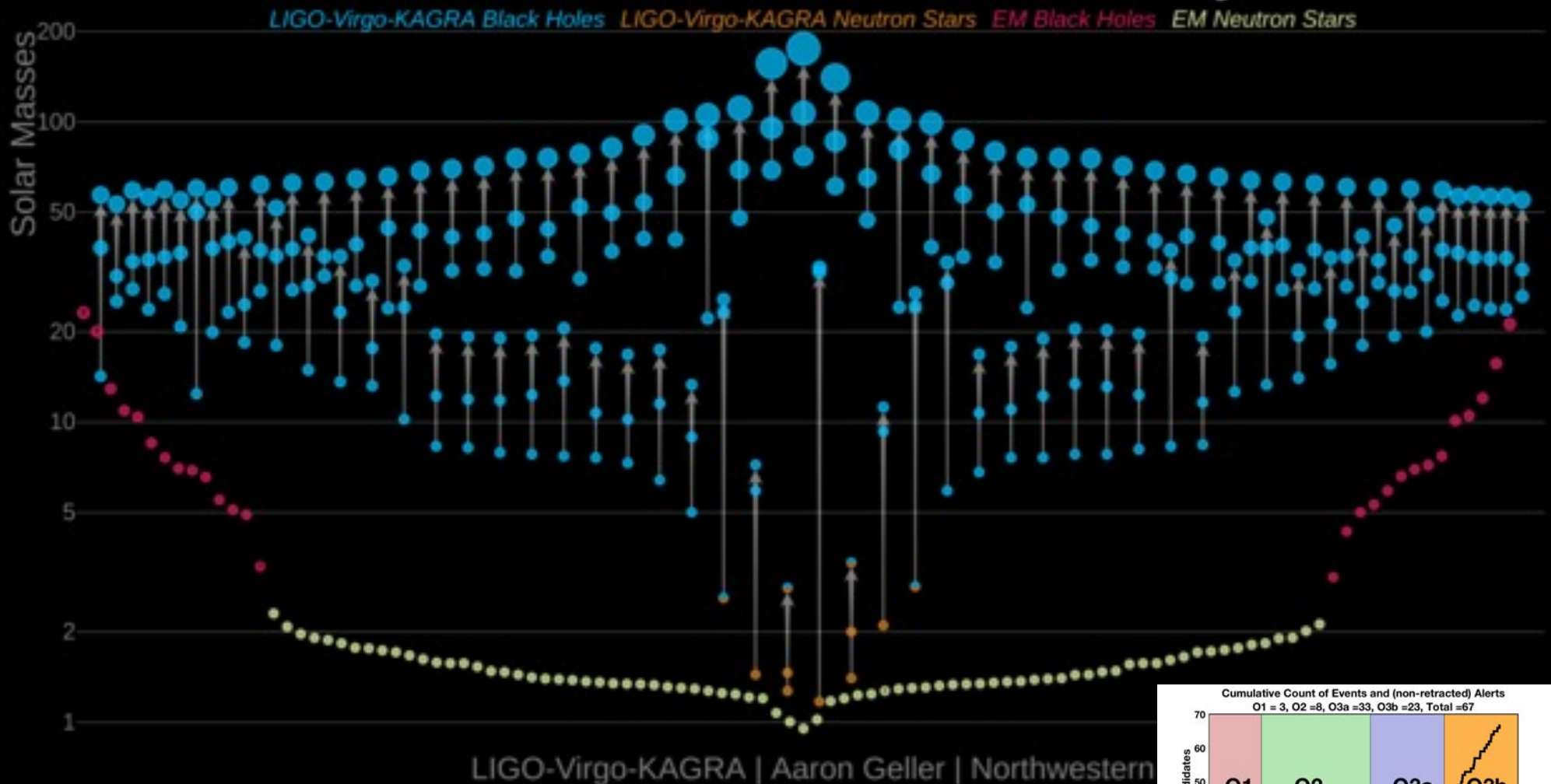
Kifune Plot



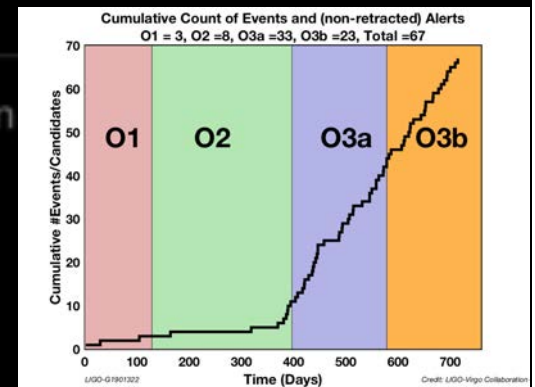
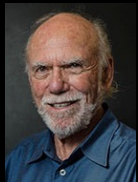
+
Multi-wavelength
 μeV radio-μwave-
 Infrared-Optical-
 X-GeV γ-TeV γ-rays

of sources
 are increasing
 exponentially

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

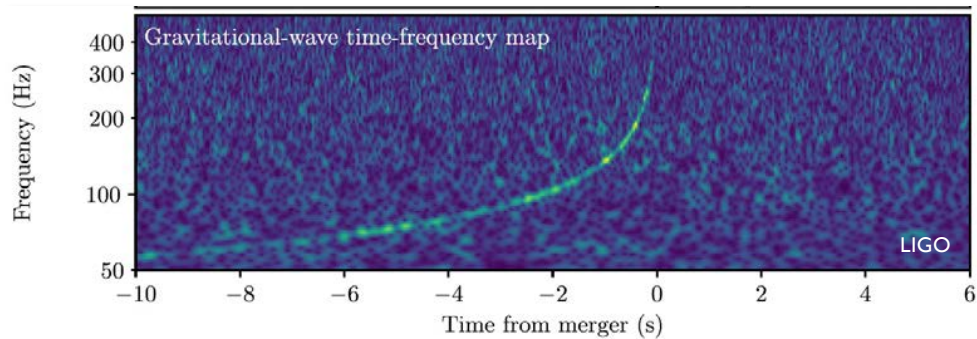


Weiss, Barish, Thorne
2017 Nobel prize



GW170817

1st GW from NS²

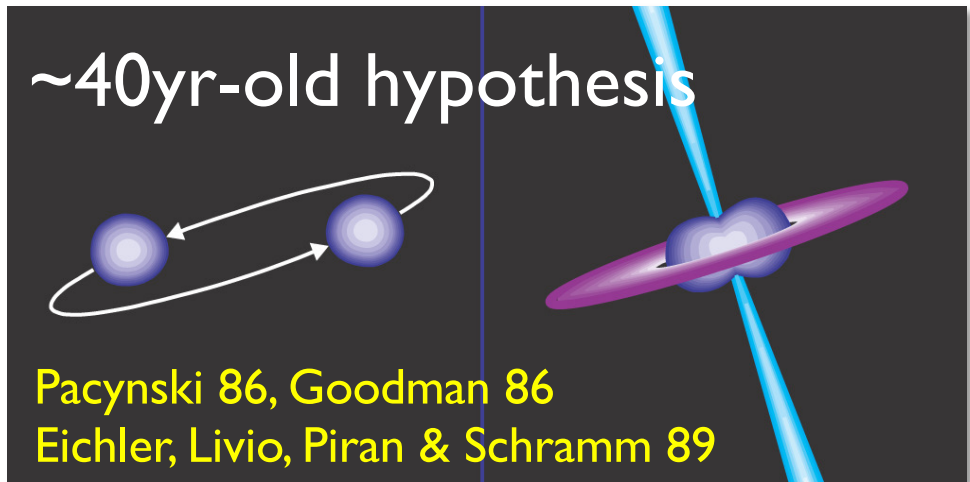


~100 sec chirp $\Rightarrow$ NS-NS

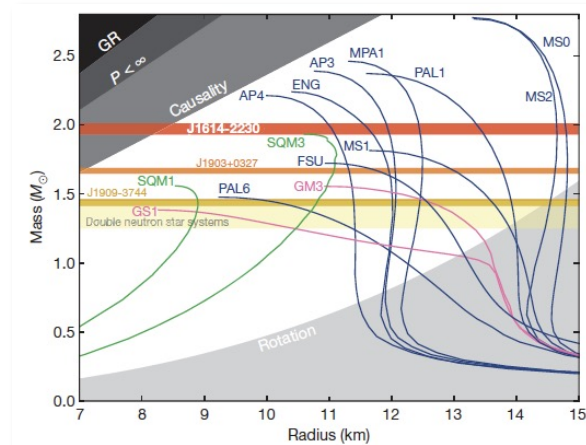
R-process elements



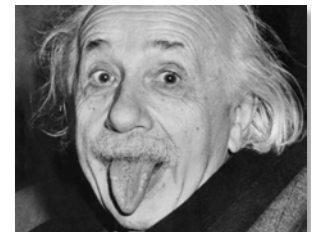
NS² = Short GRB?



Equation of state

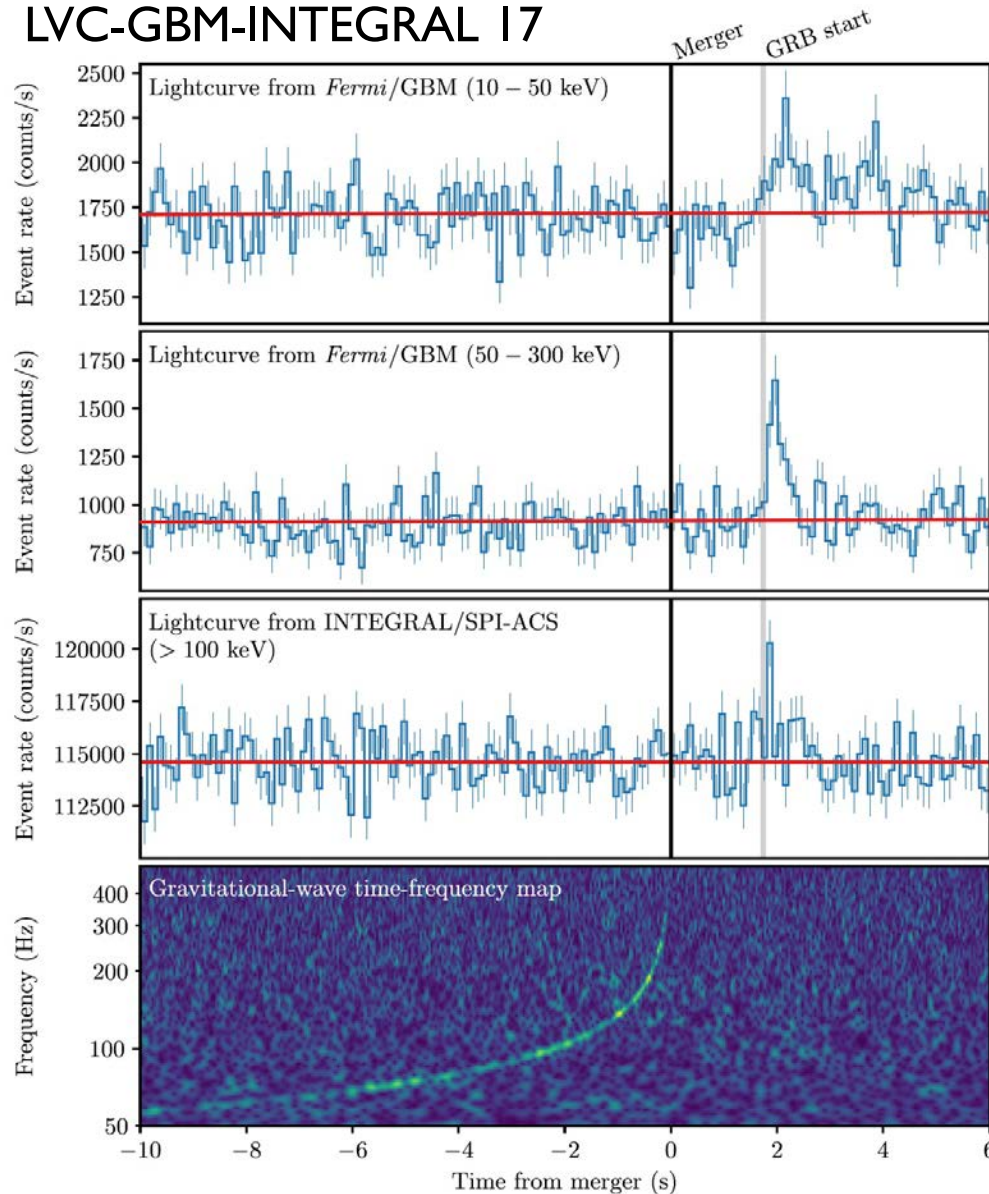


Relativity,
Cosmology,
...



GW170817 & GRB 170817A

LVC-GBM-INTEGRAL 17

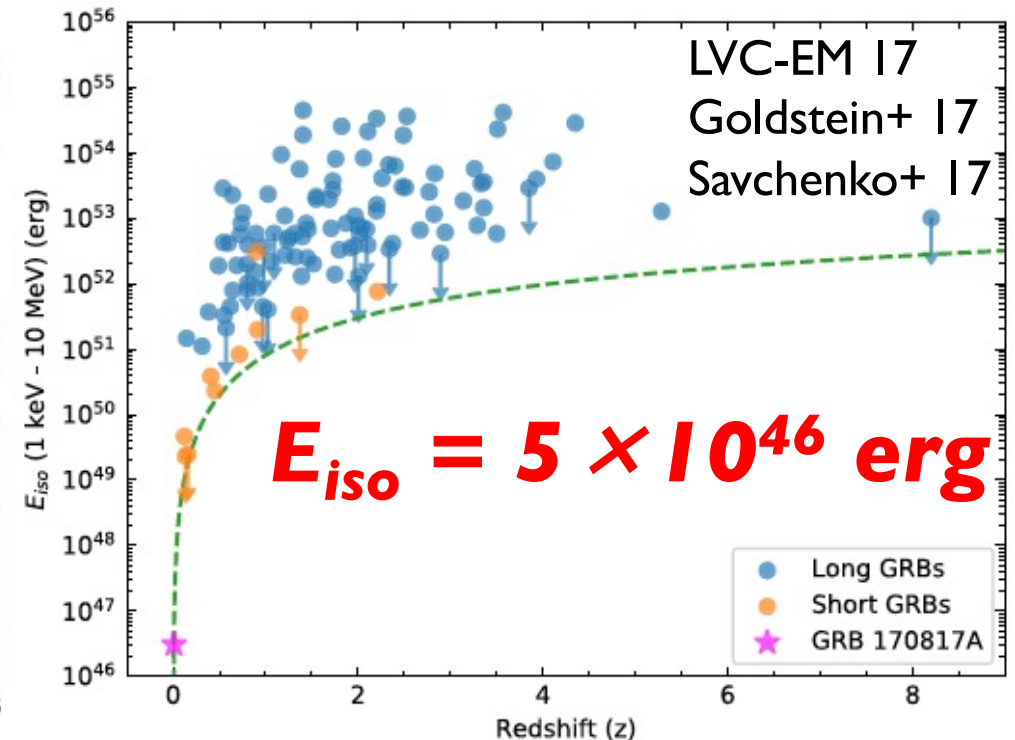


3 (of 12) GBM NaI detectors

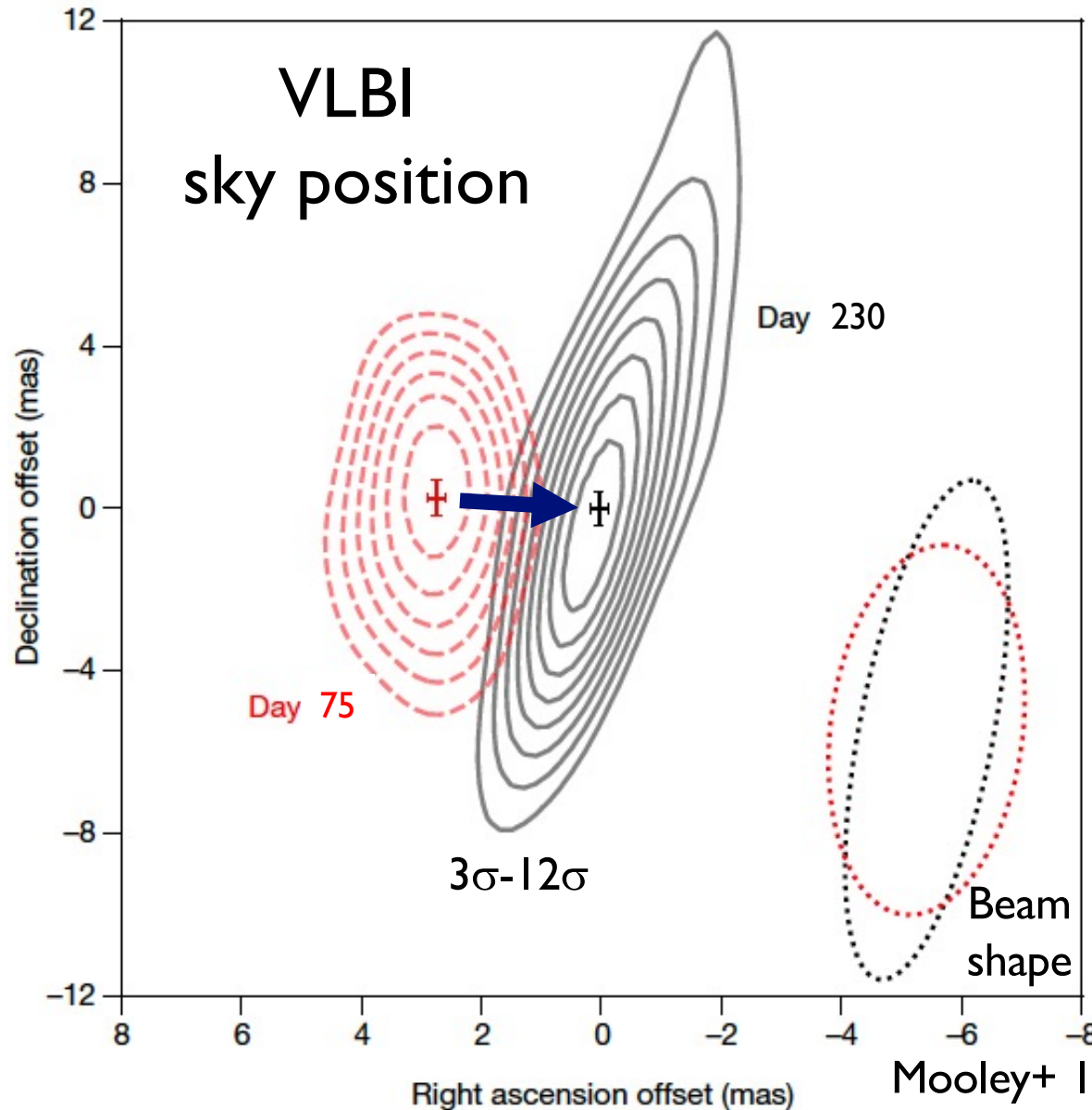
$T_0 = 1.74 \pm 0.05$ sec (68%)

$T_{90} = 2.0 \pm 0.5$ sec

Detected but Weak



Superluminal Motion



$$v_{app} \sim 4.1 \pm 0.5 c!$$

Unresolved

$$R_{\parallel} < 0.2 \text{ pc (1 mas)},$$

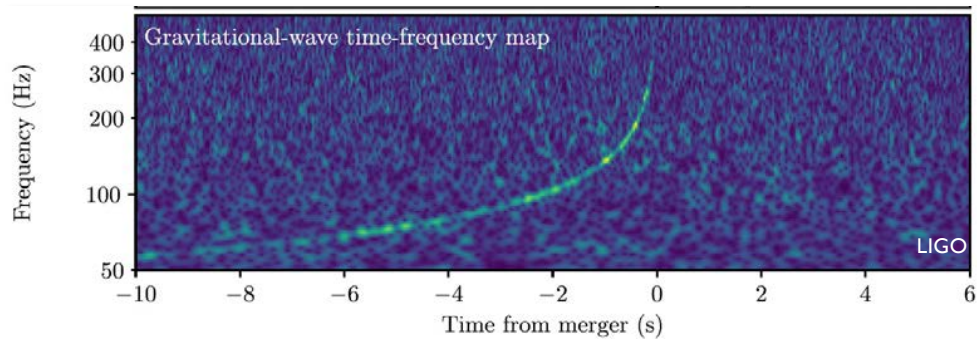
$$R_{\perp} < 2 \text{ pc (10 mas)}$$

Not consistent
with a spherical
source

$$\Gamma \sim 4 \text{ at } t \sim t_{\text{peak}}$$

GW170817

1st GW from NS²

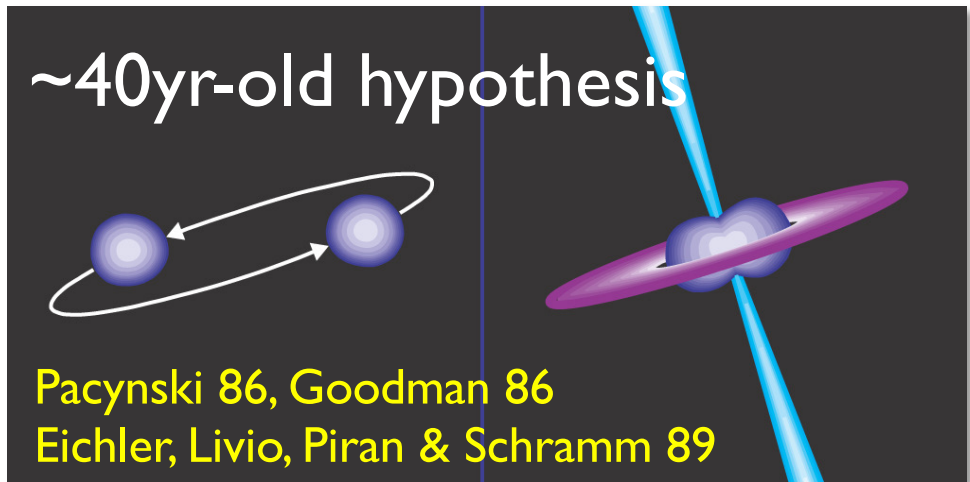


~100 sec chirp $\Rightarrow$ NS-NS

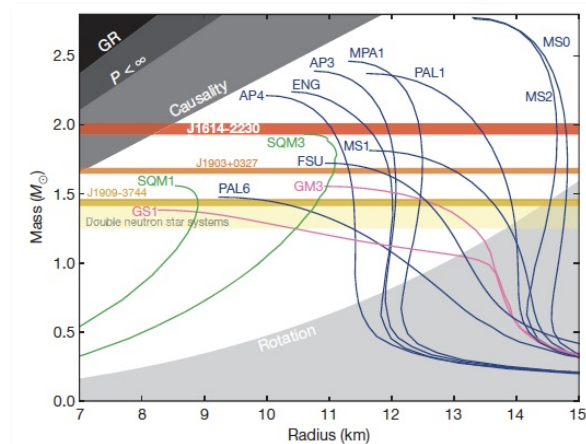
R-process elements



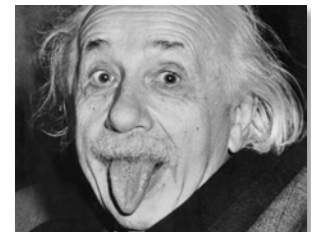
NS² = Short GRB?



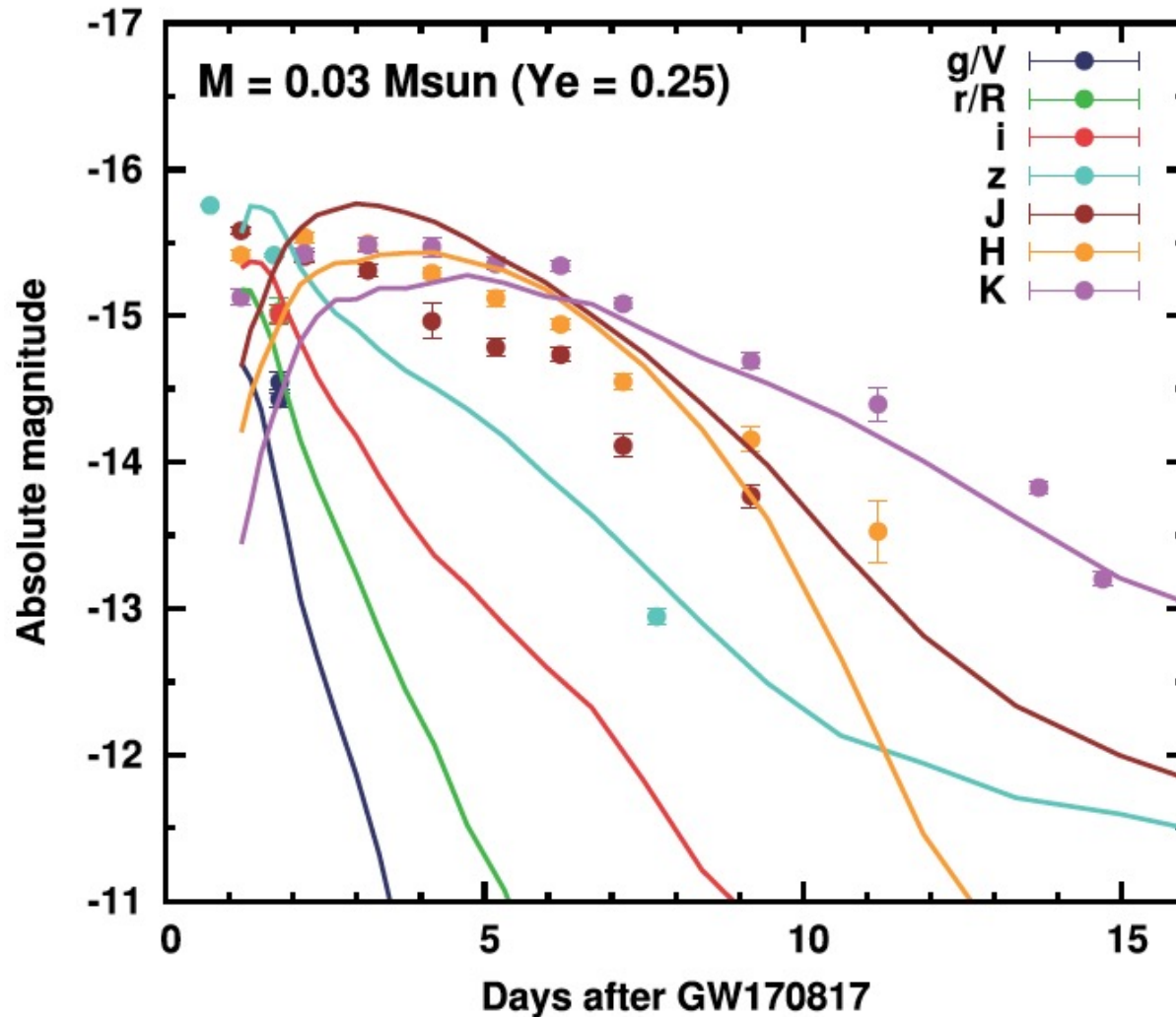
Equation of state



Relativity,
Cosmology,
...



Macronova/Kilonova



Blue macronova

$v \sim 0.3c$

$M \sim 0.02 M_{\odot}$

$\kappa \sim 0.3 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$
 $(X_{\text{Lan}} \sim 10^{-4})$

Red macronova

$v \sim 0.1-0.2c$

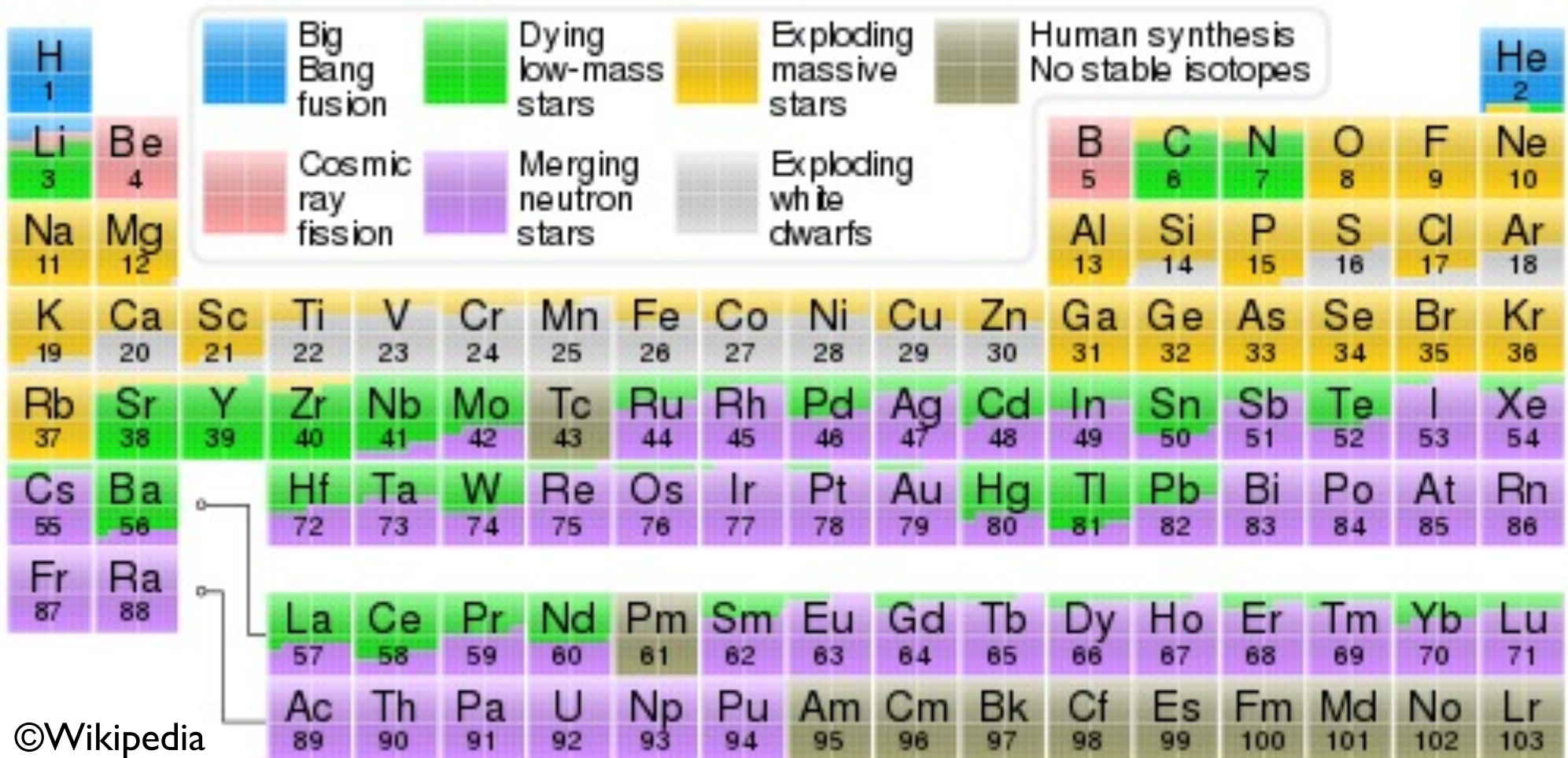
$M \sim 0.03 M_{\odot}$

$\kappa \sim 3 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$
 $(X_{\text{Lan}} \sim 10^{-2})$

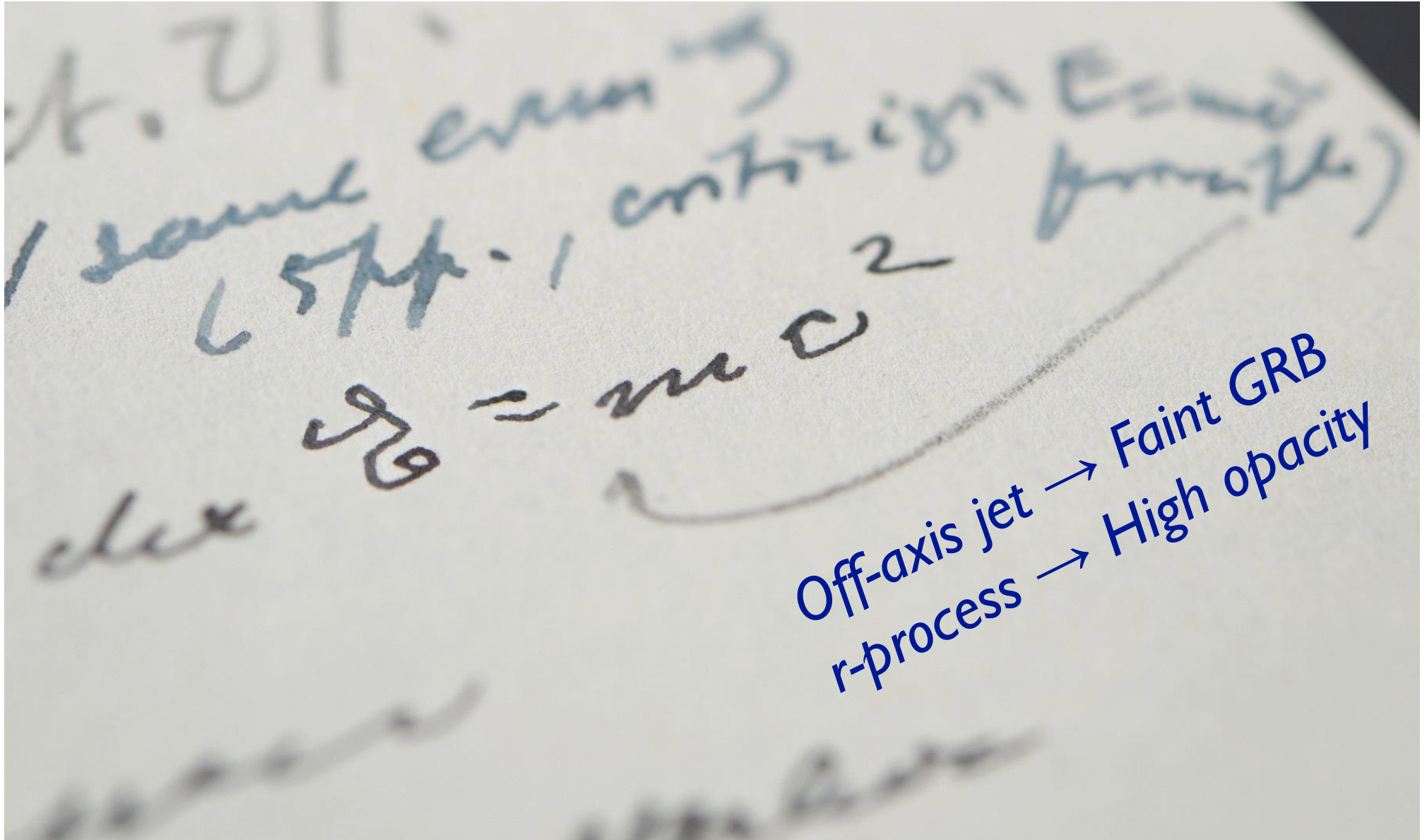
J-GEM 17, Tanaka+ 17, Utsumi+ 17, Tominaga+ 17, Arcavi+ 17, Drout+ 17, Cowperthwaite+ 17, Villar+ 17, Kasliwal+ 17, Kasen+ 17, Smartt+ 17, Kilpatrick+ 17, Pian+ 17, Chornock+ 17, Coulter+ 17, Evans+ 17, ...

Origin of Elements

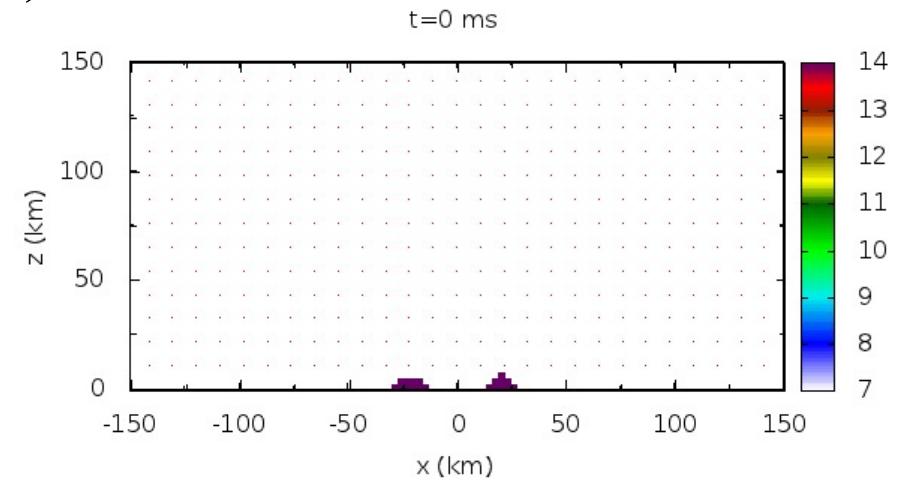
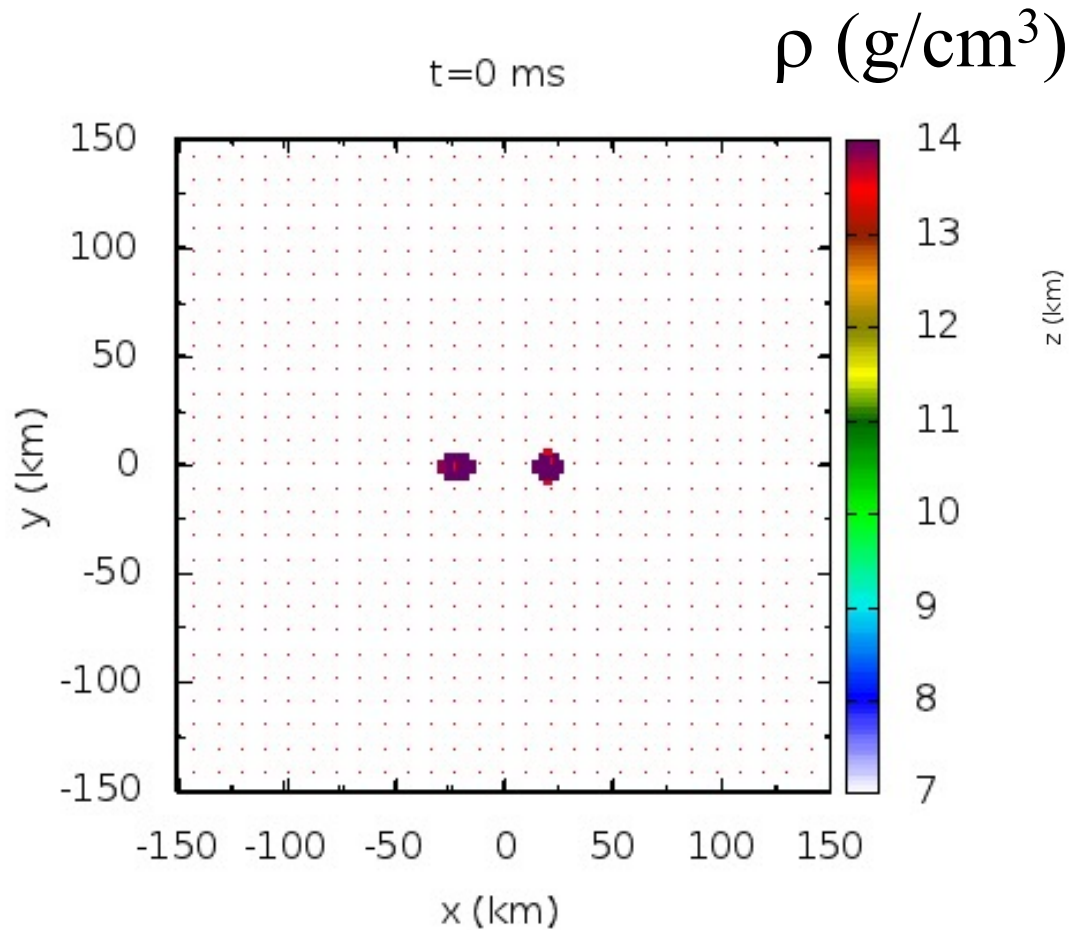
R-process: Neutron-capture >> β -decay



Theory



Merger of $1.3\text{-}1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$ NS: EOS=APR4; stiff but relatively soft



Relatively wider view

Orbital plane

X-Z plane

Approach

- **Observation**

- Multi-wavelength: radio to PeV γ -ray
- Multi-messenger: γ , CR, ν , GW

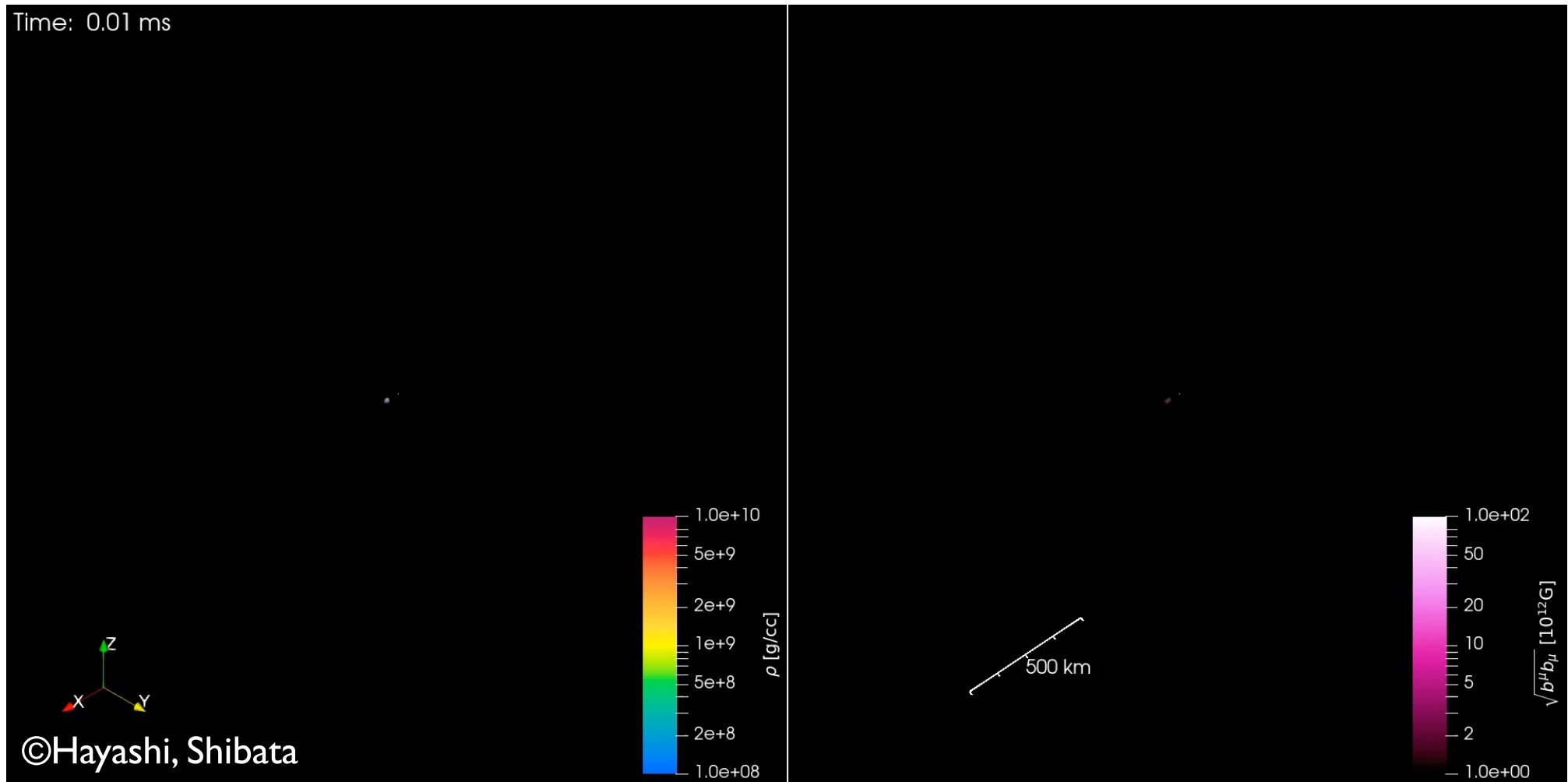
- **Theory**

- Analytic
- Numerical

* NAOJ / JAXA / ICRR
vertically segmented?

Best example: GW170817

Numerical Development



B connected to horizon

Hayashi+ 21

GR+B+ ν & Long-term
(ATERUI II is not enough)

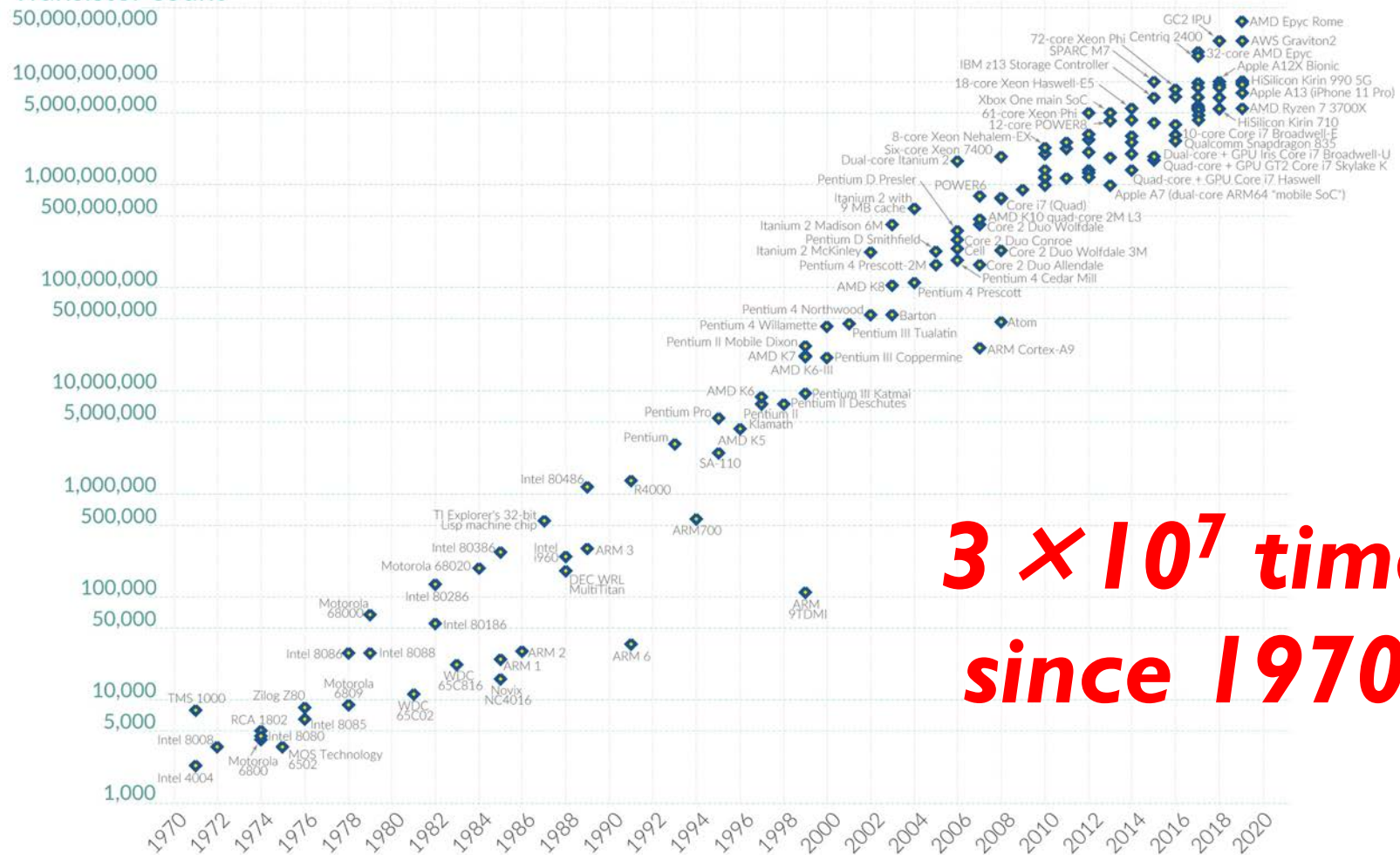
Moore's Law

Moore's Law: The number of transistors on microchips doubles every two years

Our World
in Data

Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important for other aspects of technological progress in computing – such as processing speed or the price of computers.

Transistor count



**3×10^7 times
since 1970 !!**

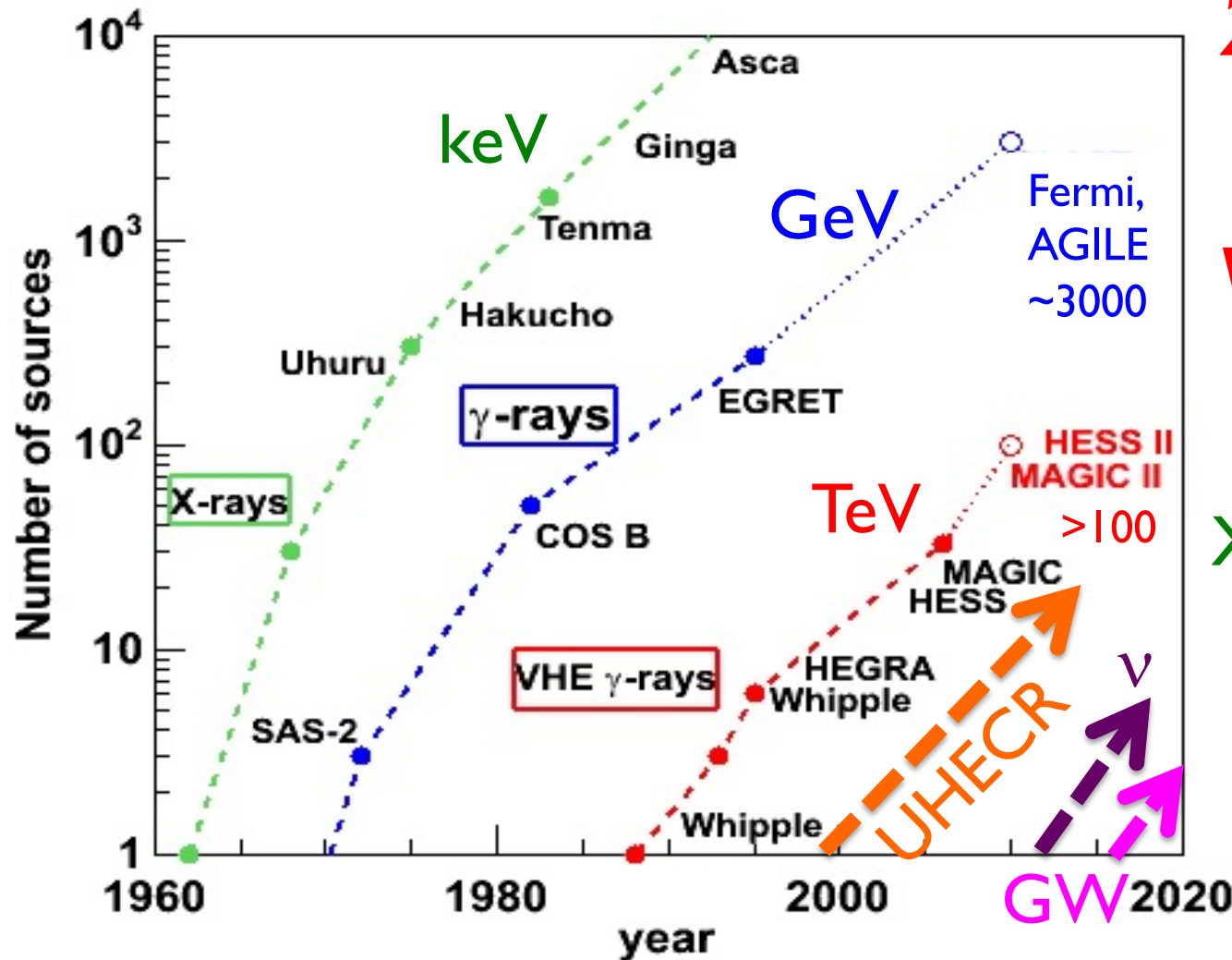
Data source: Wikipedia (wikipedia.org/wiki/Transistor_count)

OurWorldinData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems.

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Multi-Messenger Era

Kifune Plot



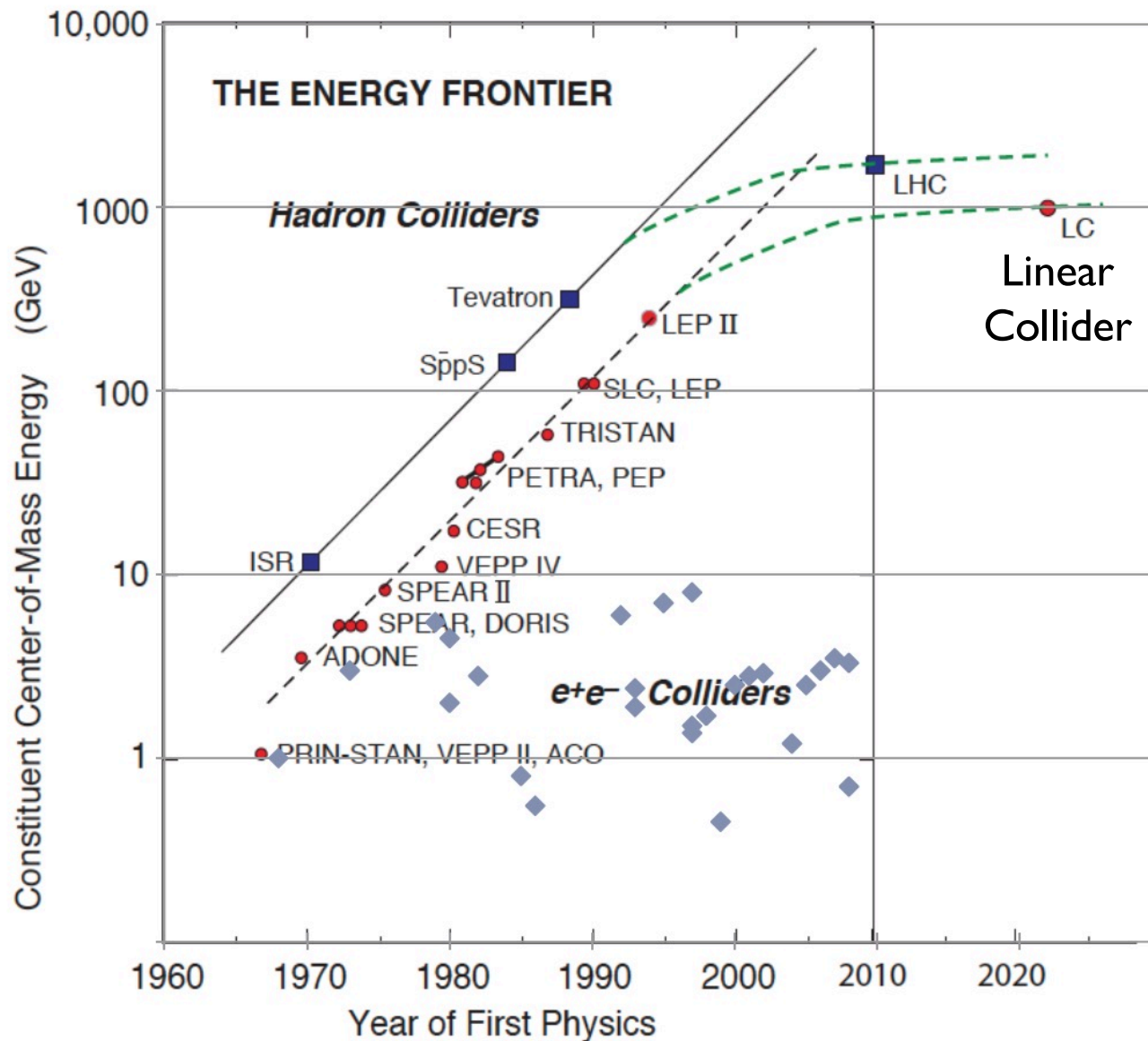
20th century:
Multi-

wavelength

μ eV radio- μ wave-
Infrared-Optical-
X-GeV γ -TeV γ -rays

of sources
are increasing
exponentially

Livingston Plot



**Accelerators
are saturating
probably
due to budget**

~\$7 billion ~1兆円 for LC

cf. ~\$9.7 billion for JWST

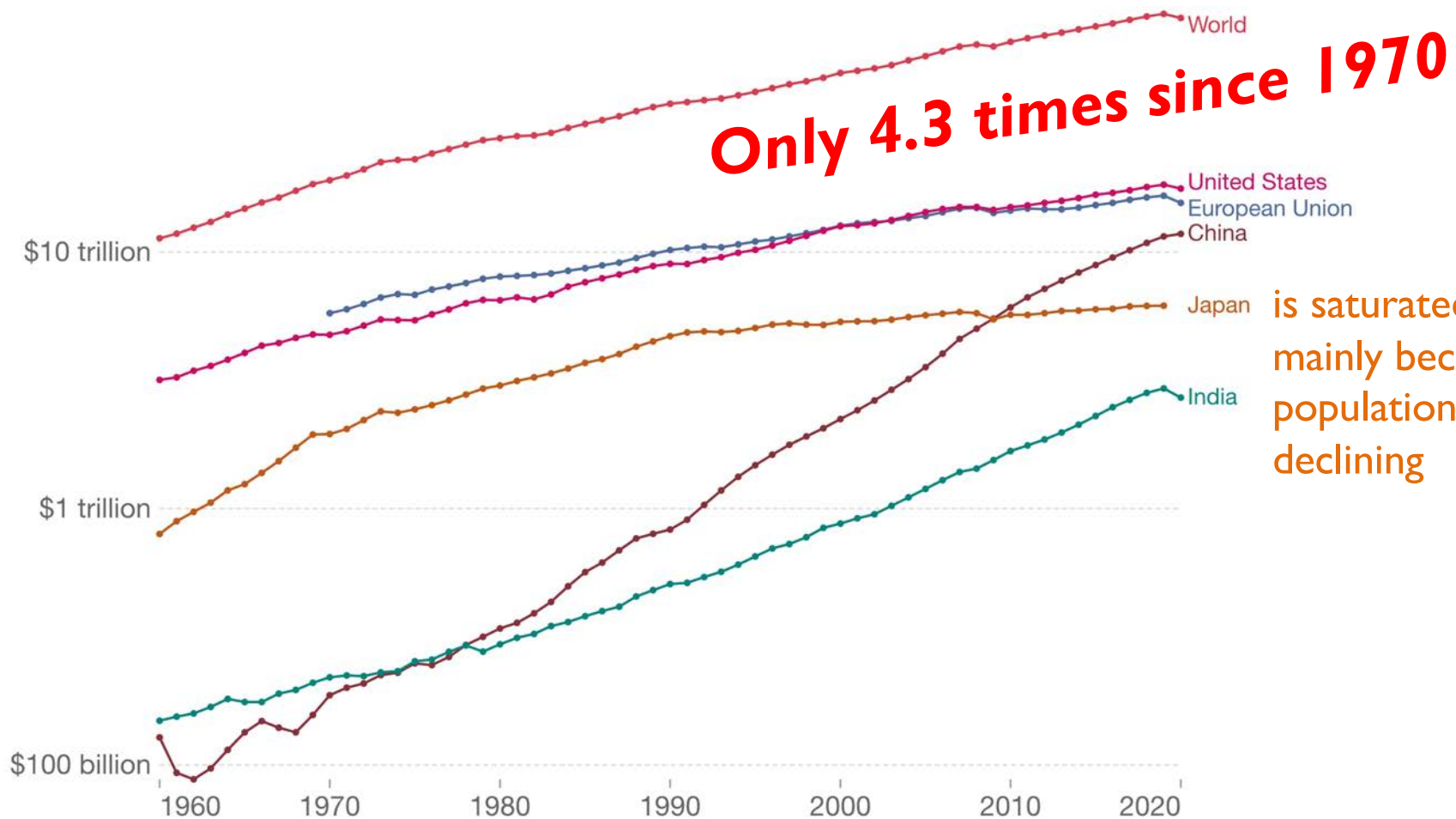
© Jordan Nash,
Imperial College London

Budget Limit

Gross Domestic Product, 1960 to 2020

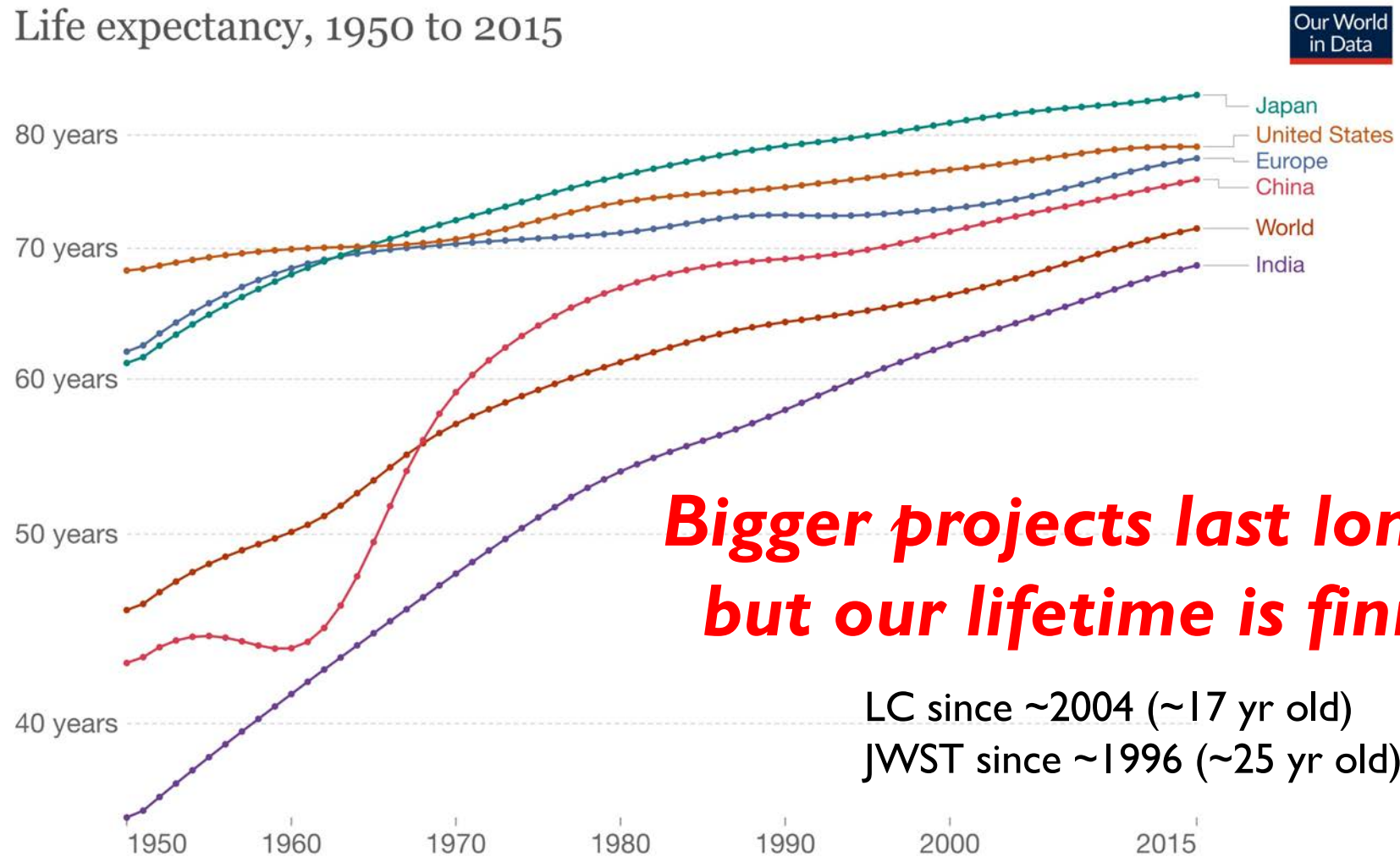
Gross domestic product adjusted for price changes over time (inflation) and expressed in US-Dollars.

Our World
in Data



Age Limit

Life expectancy, 1950 to 2015

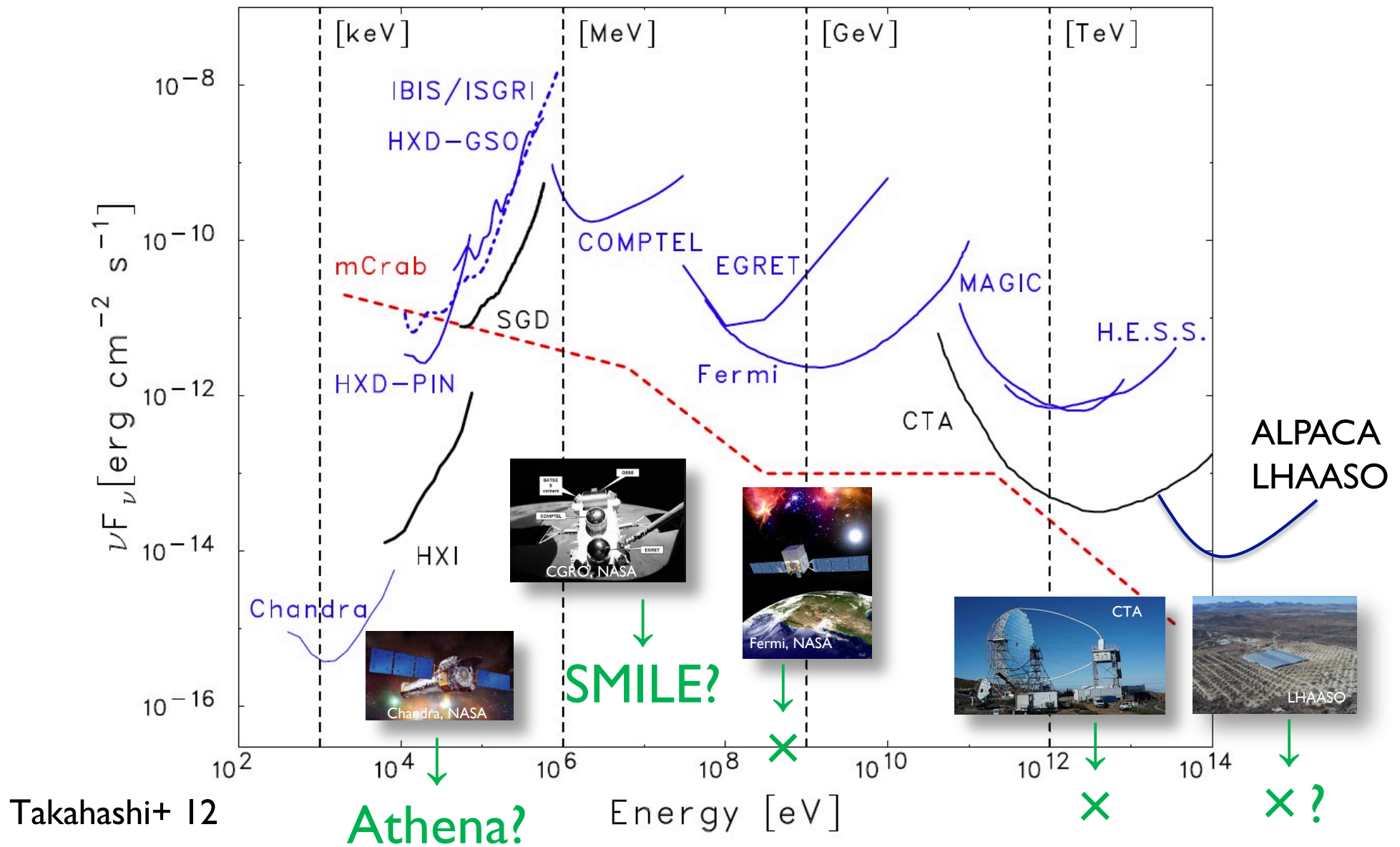


Source: Riley (2005), Clio Infra (2015), and UN Population Division (2019)

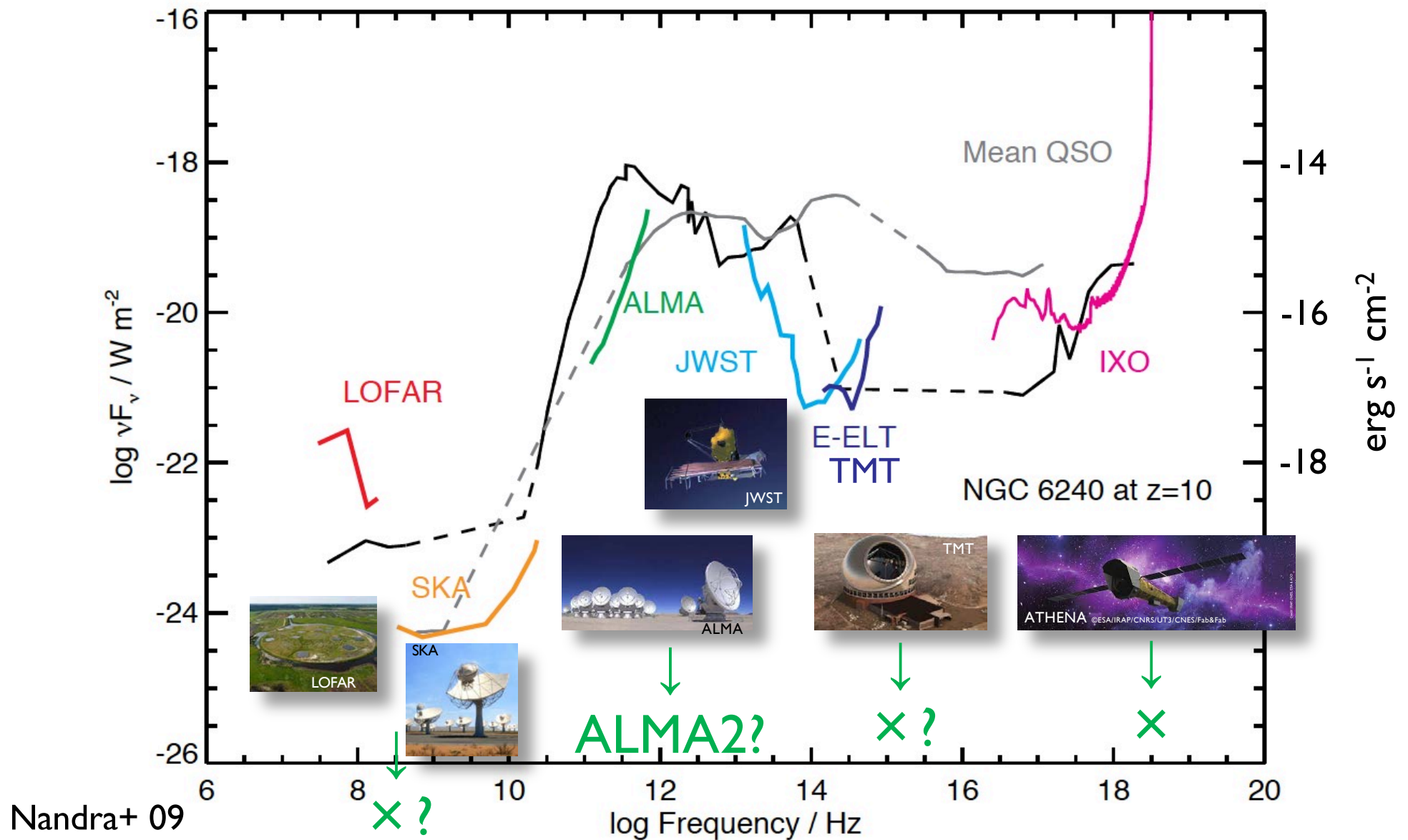
Note: Shown is period life expectancy at birth, the average number of years a newborn would live if the pattern of mortality in the given year were to stay the same throughout its life.

OurWorldInData.org/life-expectancy • CC BY

Saturation? keV-PeV



Saturation? GHz-keV



Saturation? CR, ν , GW

- **Cosmic ray**

- EeV-ZeV: Auger, TA, TALE, EUSO?
- GeV-TeV: AMS-02, CALET, DAMPE

**Sensitivity is
saturating**

- **Neutrino**

- MeV: Super-Kamiokande, Hyper-Kamiokande
- PeV: IceCube, KM3NeT, Baikal, IceCube-Gen2

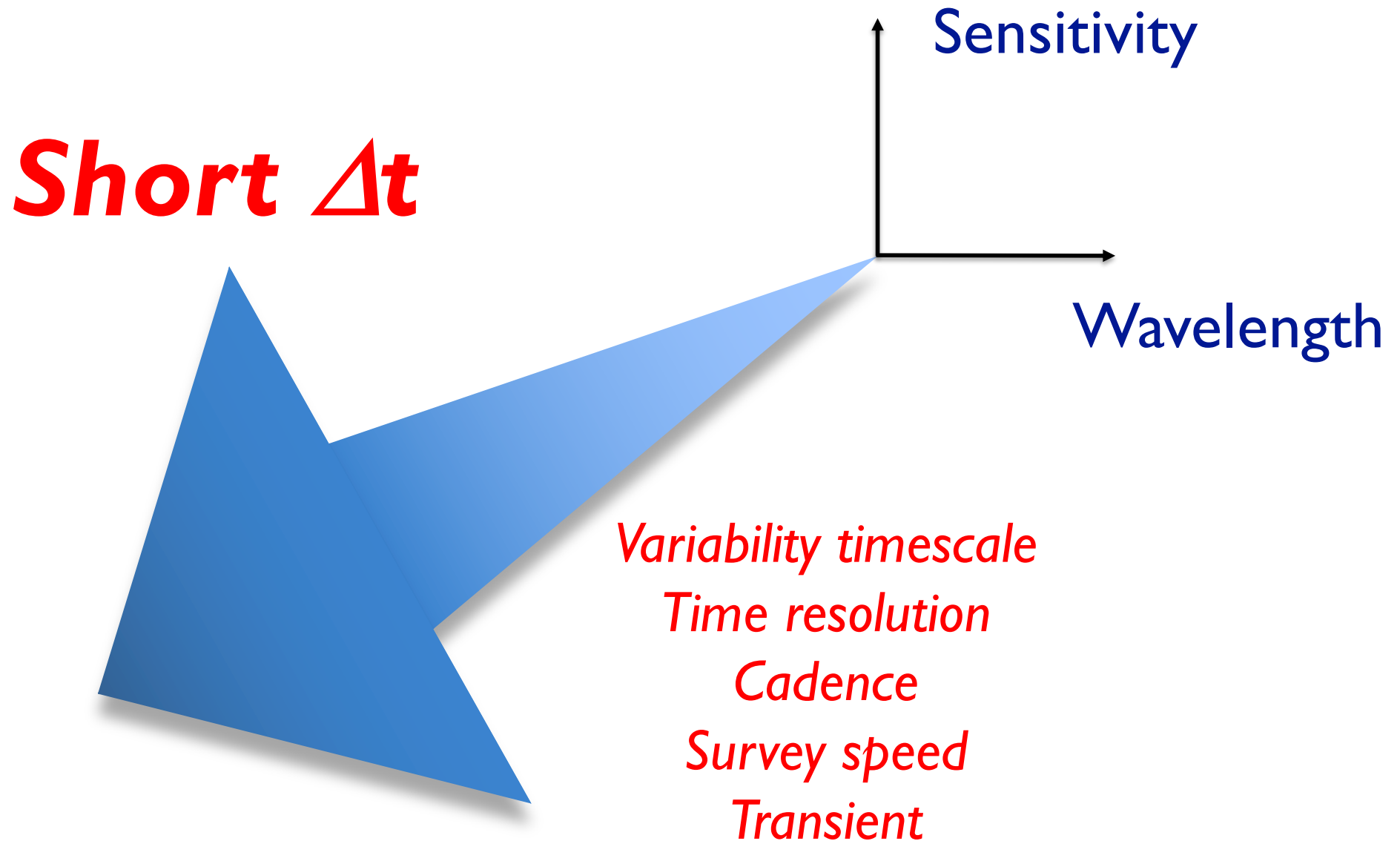
- **Gravitational wave**

- LIGO, Virgo, KAGRA, Einstein telescope?, Cosmic explorer?
- LISA, Taiji + TianQin, DECIGO?

**ν & GW still have
space to grow**

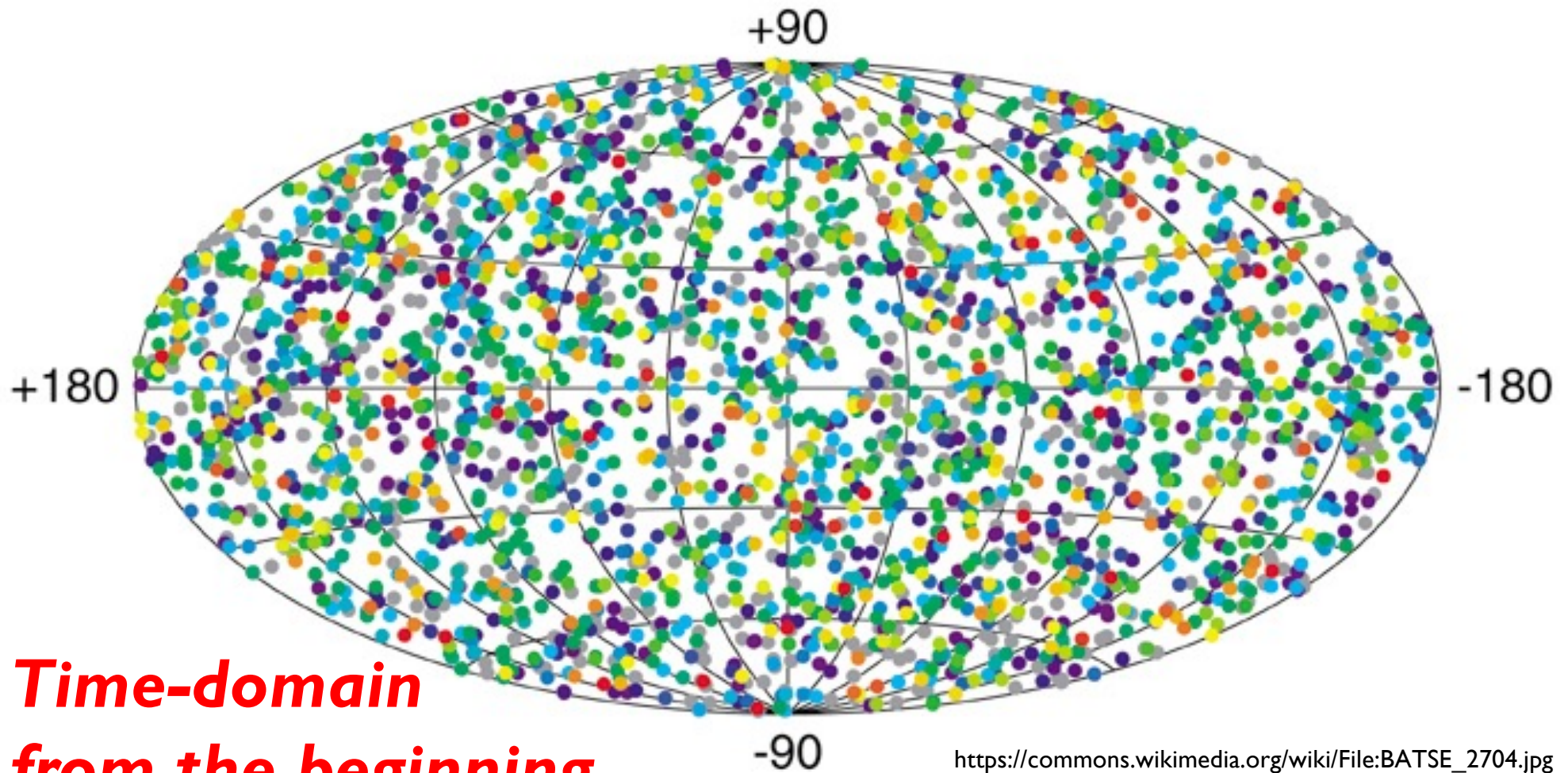
* A similar project will not be approved (Sustaining problem)

Time-Domain



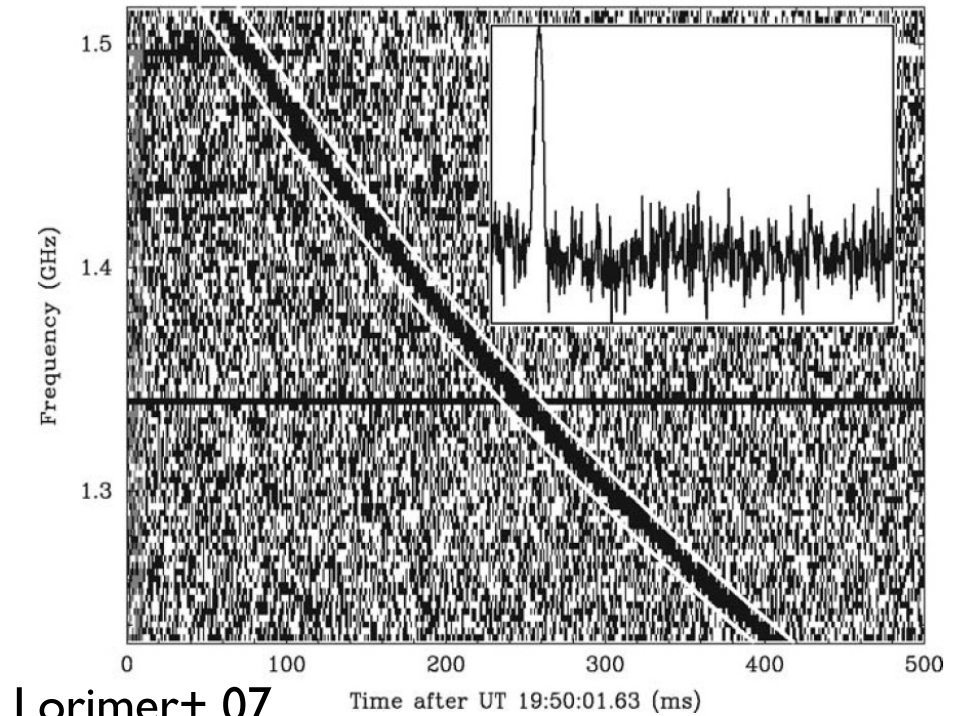
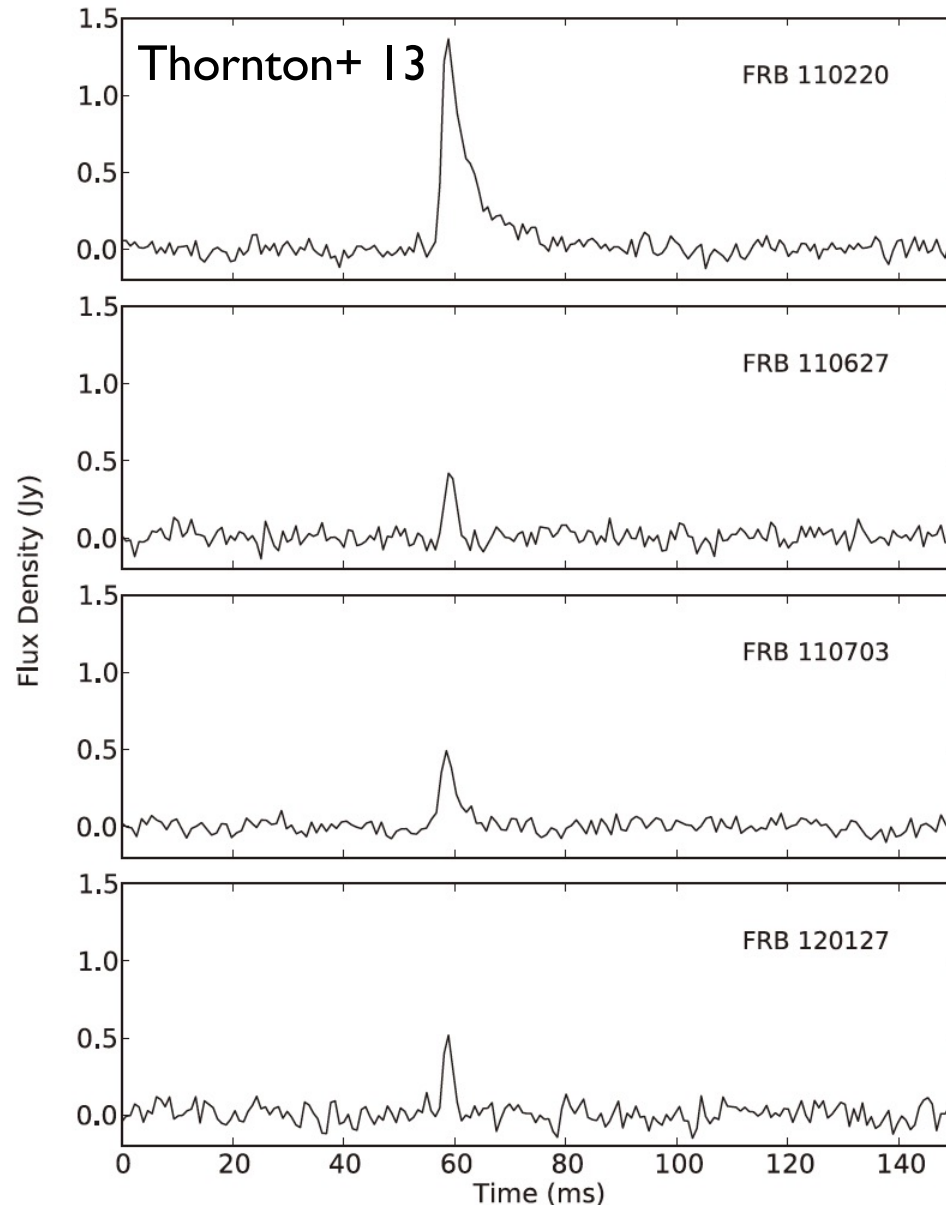
γ -Ray Transients

2704 BATSE Gamma-Ray Bursts



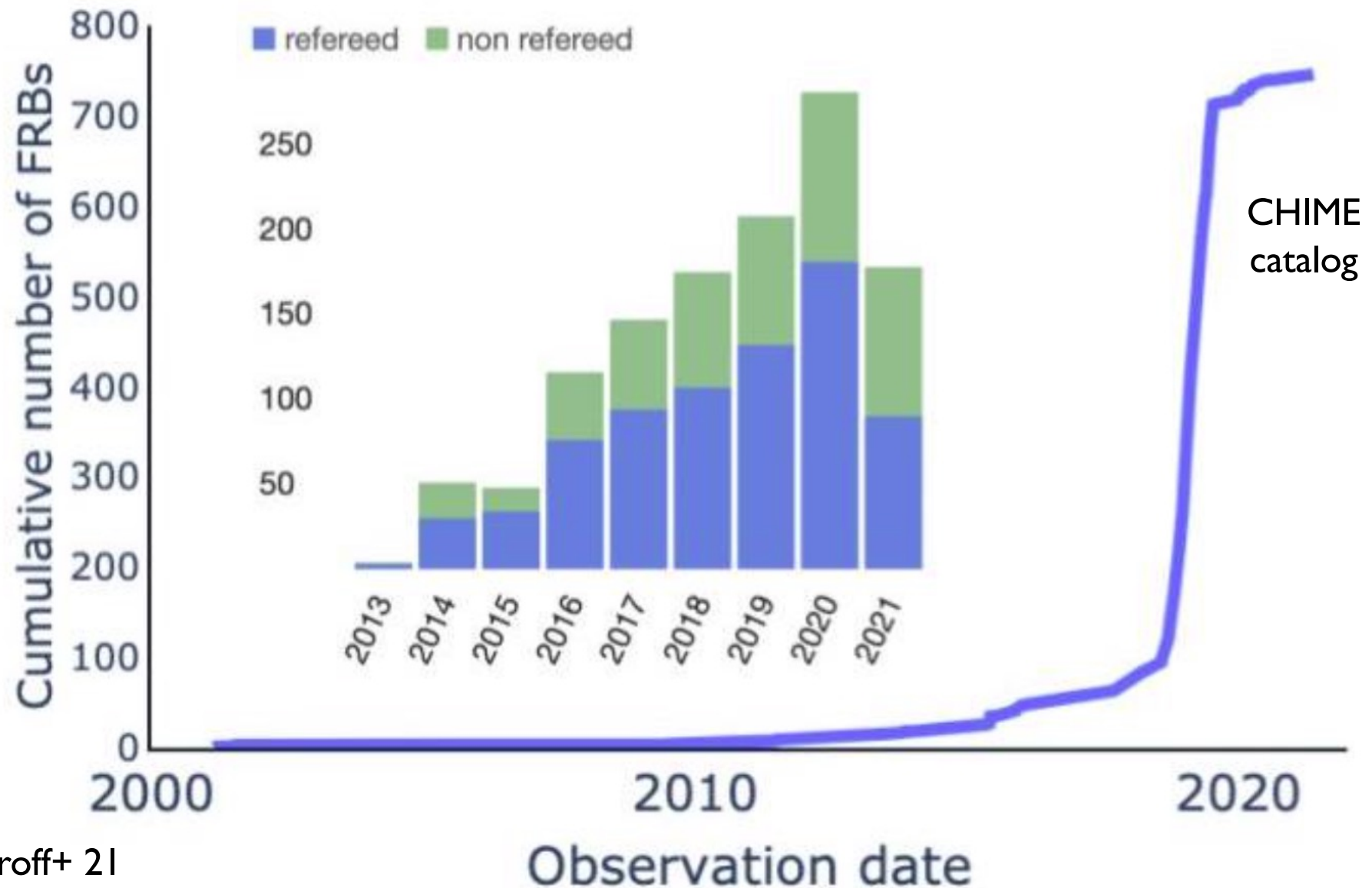
*Time-domain
from the beginning*

Fast Radio Bursts (FRB)



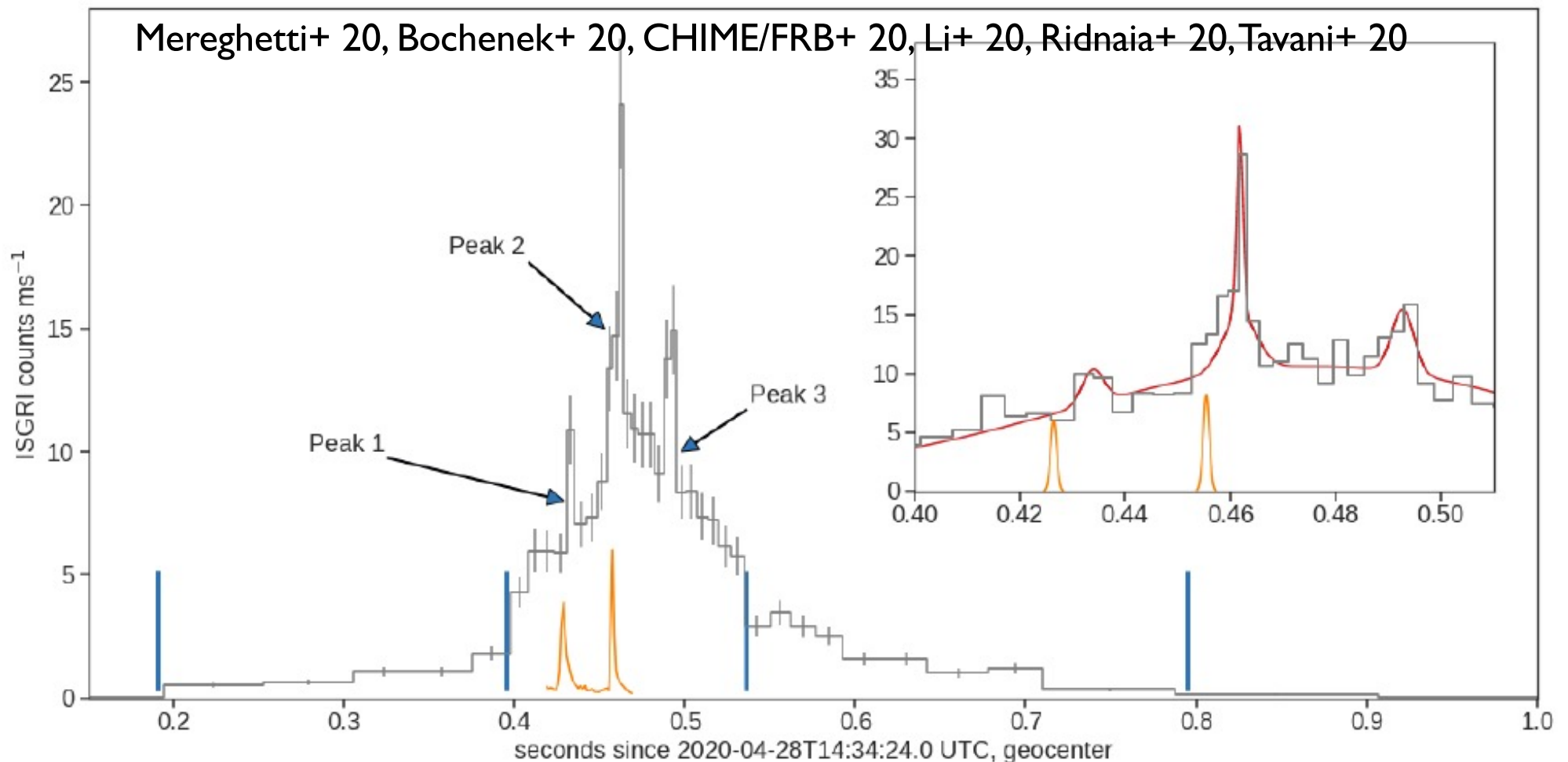
**Most luminous
radio transients
discovered in 2007**

FRB Events are Growing



Galactic FRB from Magnetar Bursts

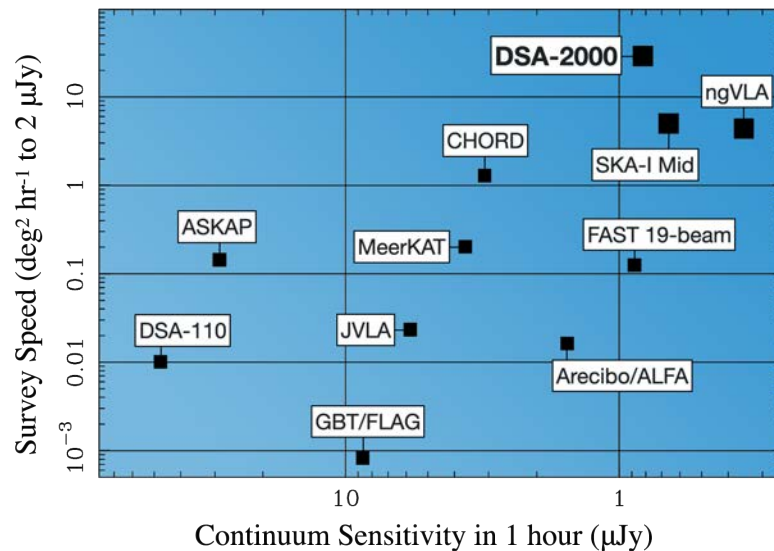
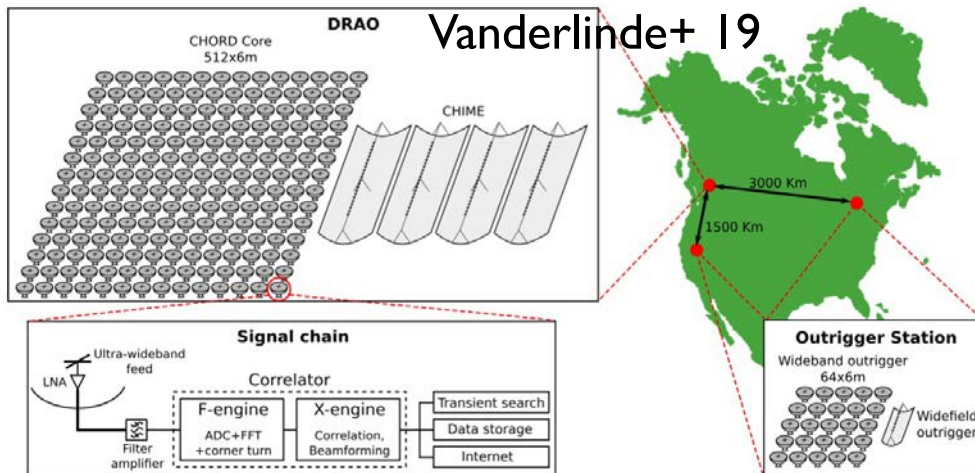
A smoking gun! Magnetar: One of the origins



FRB Science will Grow

CHORD (CHIME upgrade)

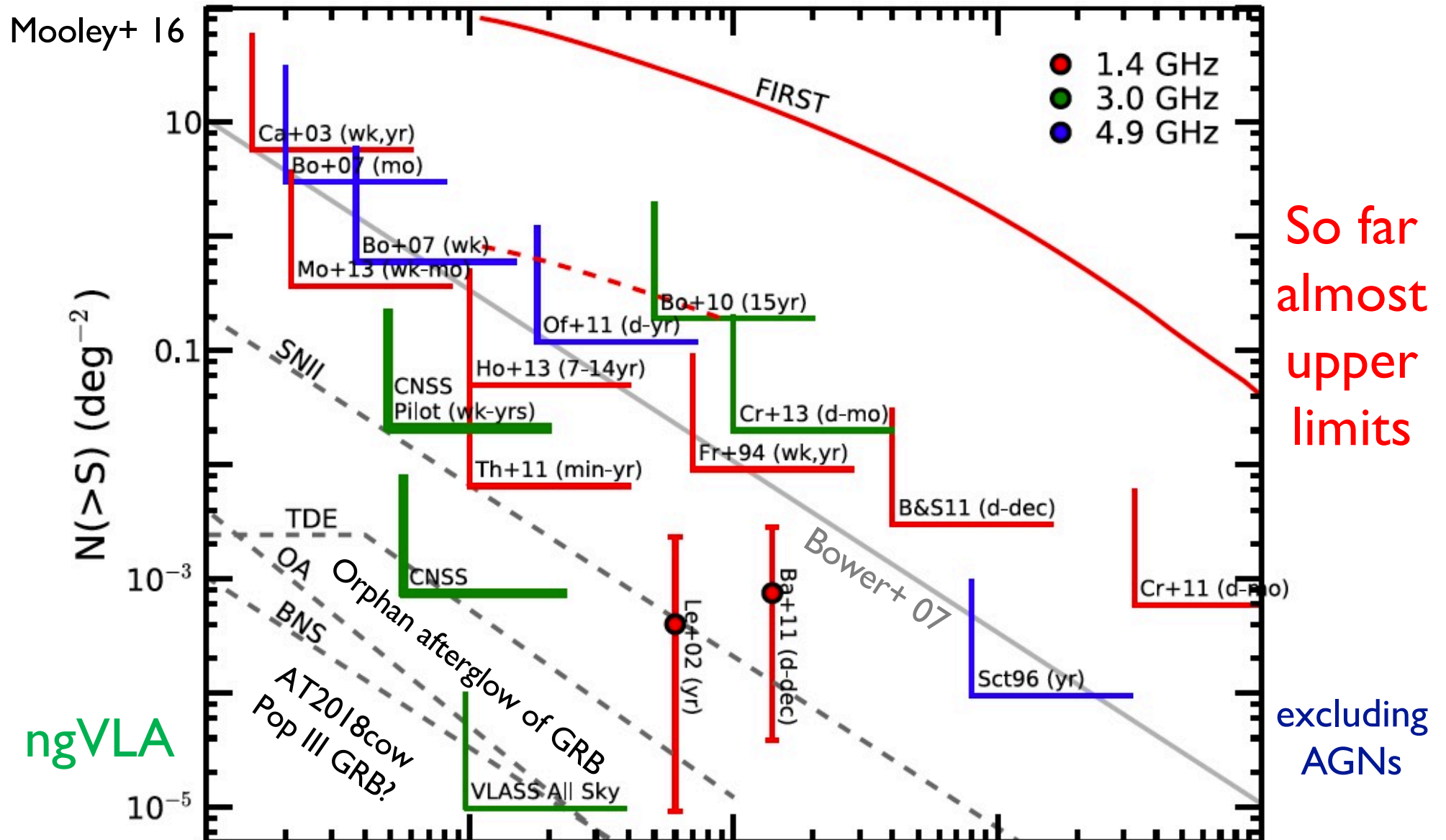
DSA-2000



1000s FRBs/yr
 $\Delta\theta \sim 3.5$ arcsec
→ FRB cosmology

* NAOJ: concentration & diversity

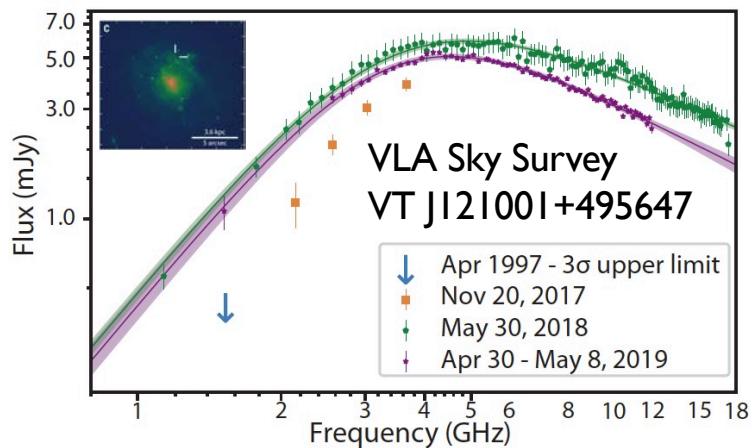
Radio Transients (>days)



Tip of Radio Transients

Dawn of radio transient science

Merger-triggered
CC supernova?



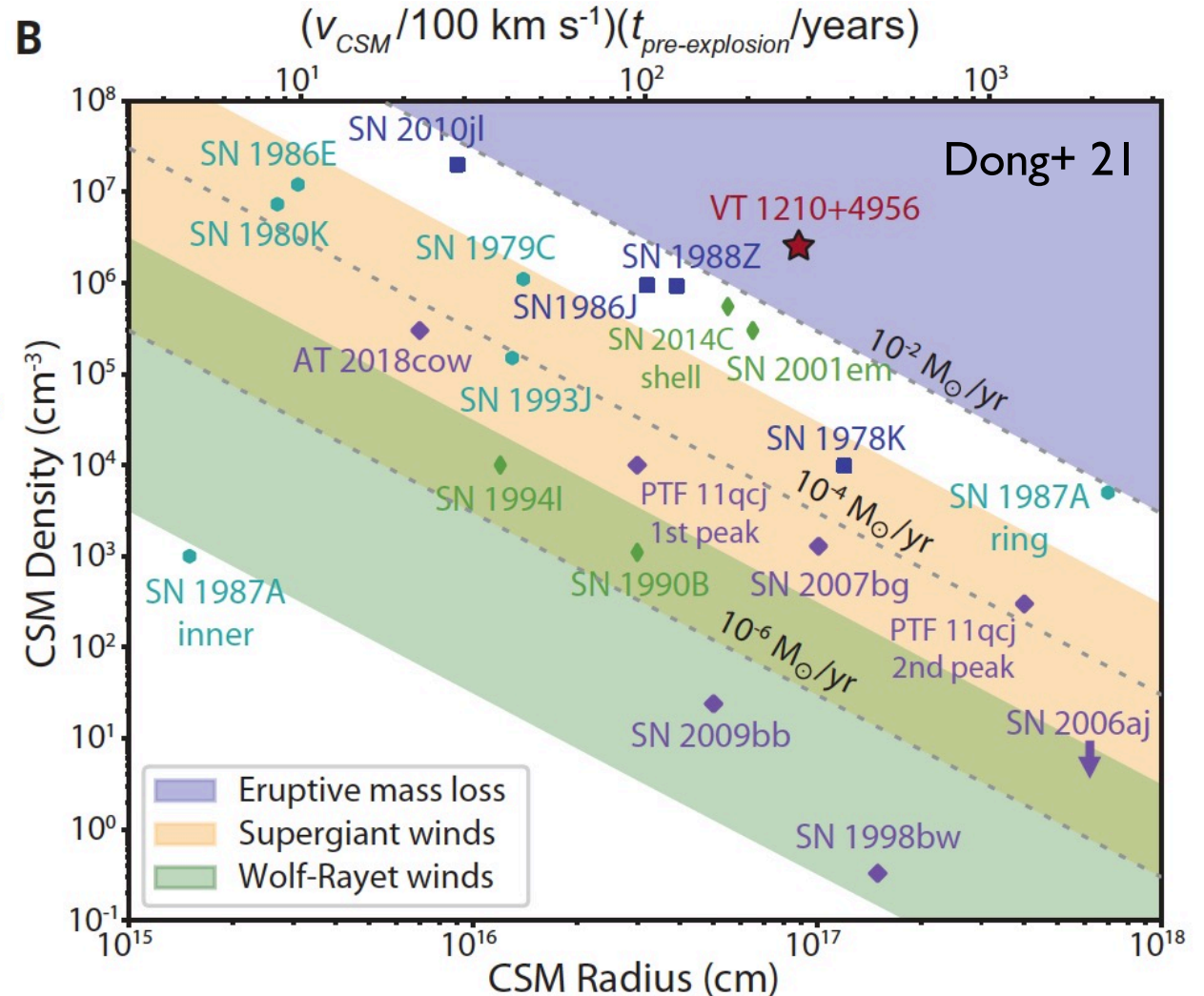
$$E_{\text{radio}} \sim 7e49 \text{ erg},$$

$$v \sim 6e-3 c \quad (\epsilon_e = \epsilon_B = 0.1)$$

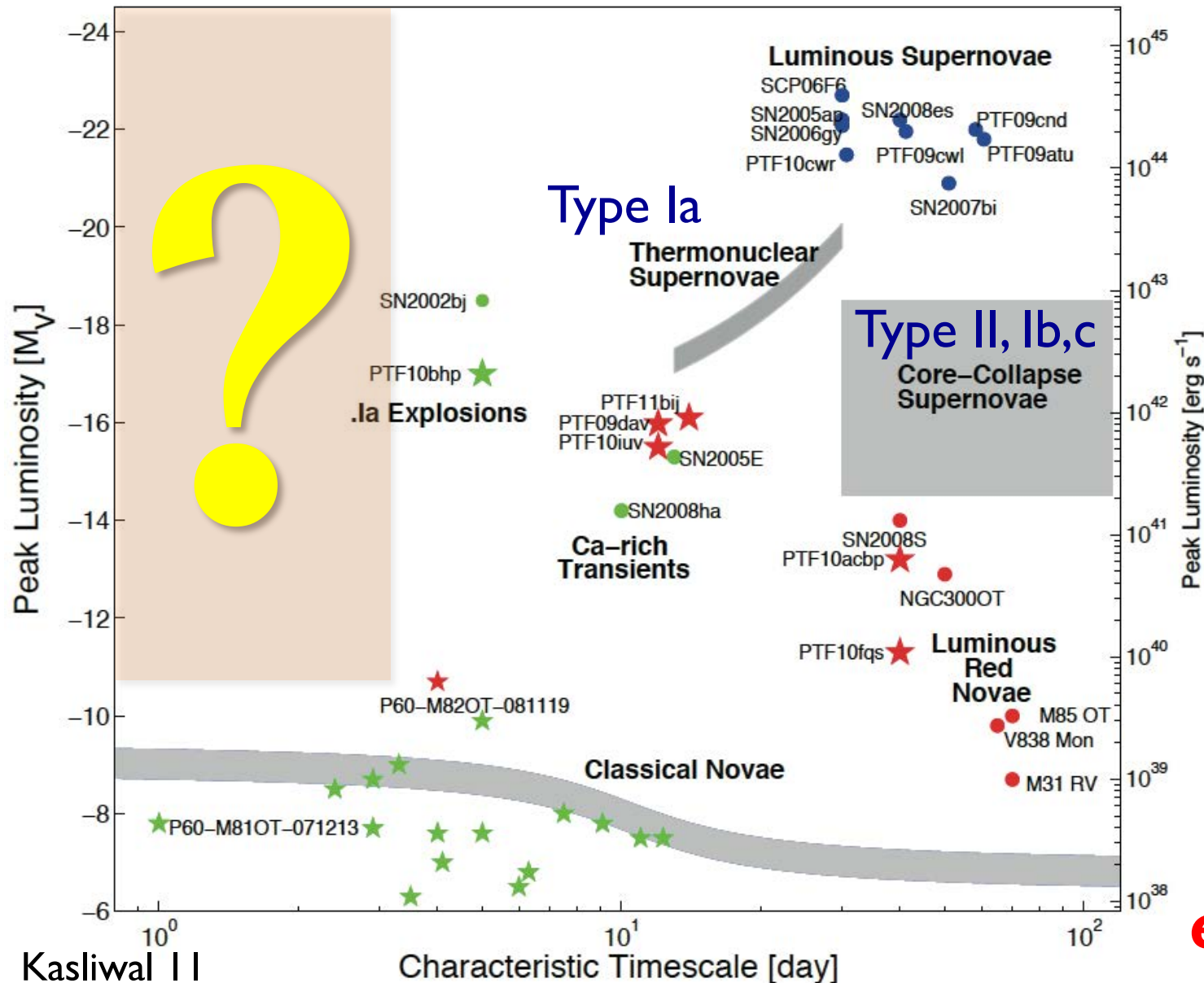
$$L_X \sim 4e46 \text{ erg/s}, \sim 20 \text{ s}$$

$$\sim 10-80 \text{ Gpc}^{-3} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$\sim 10^{-4} R_{\text{Supernova}}$$



IR-Optical Transients

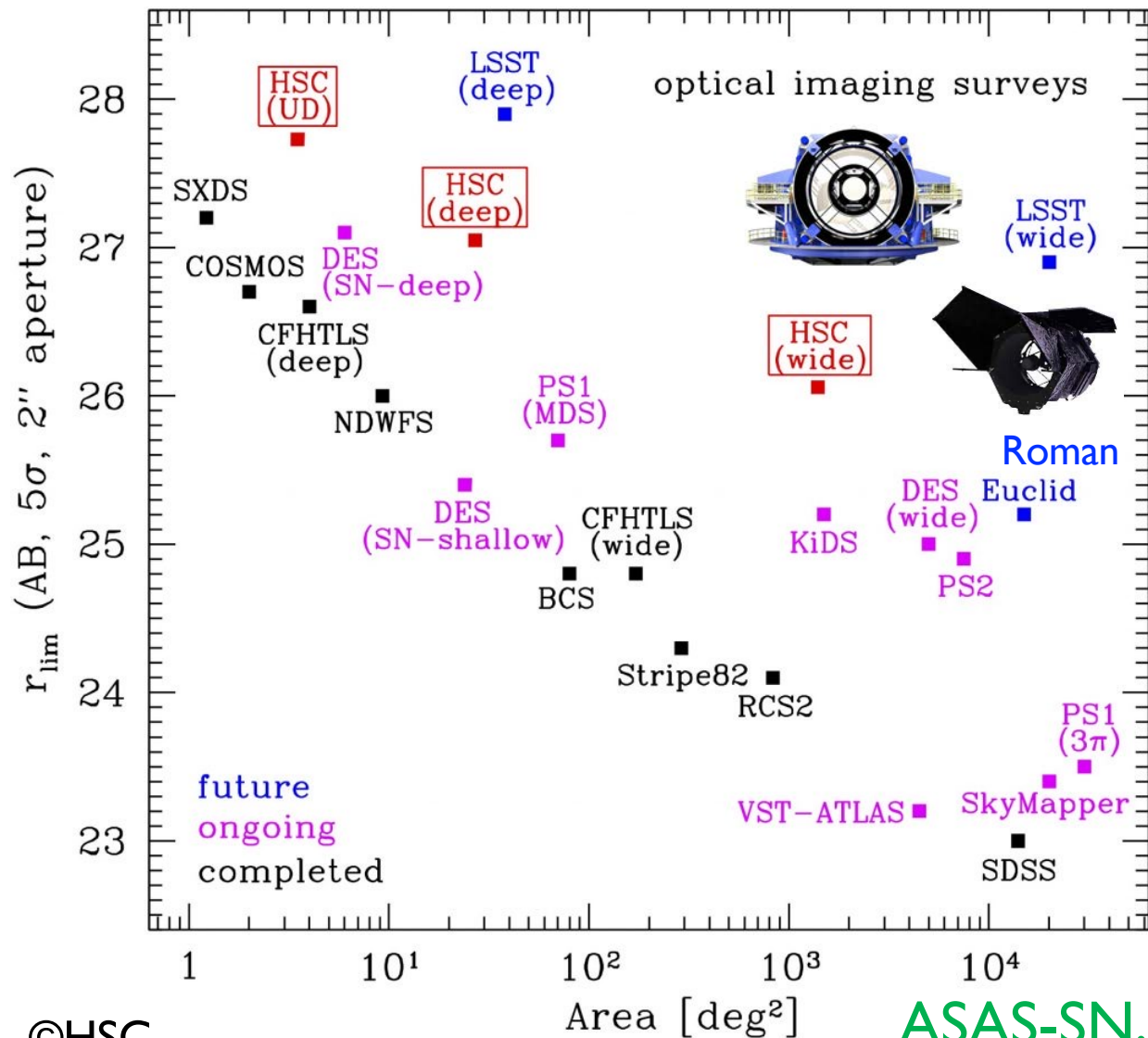


Supernova
Hypernova
SLSN
Stripped-env.
TDE
kilonova
Ca-rich
LRN
AT2018cow

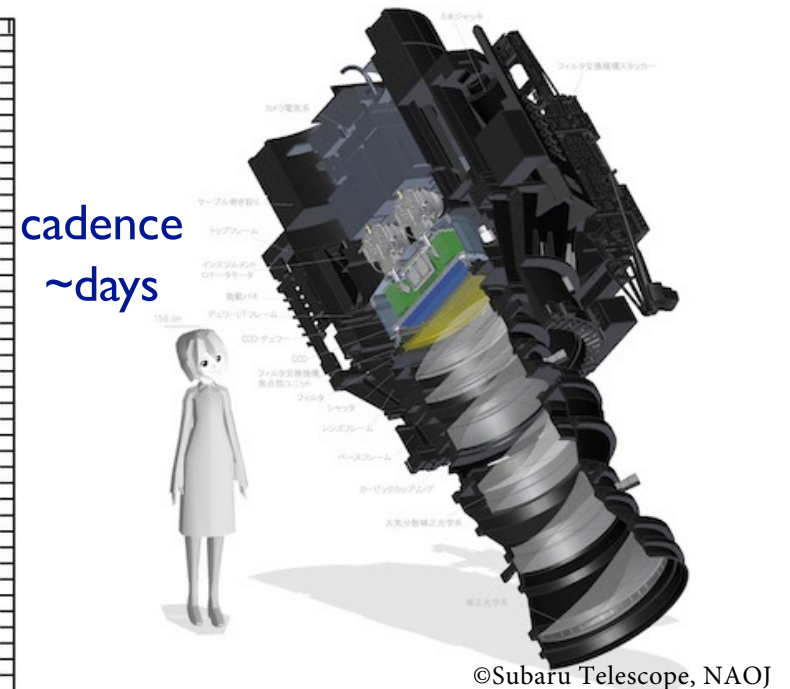
...

**Some are
engine-driven**

Deep-Wide-Fast Survey

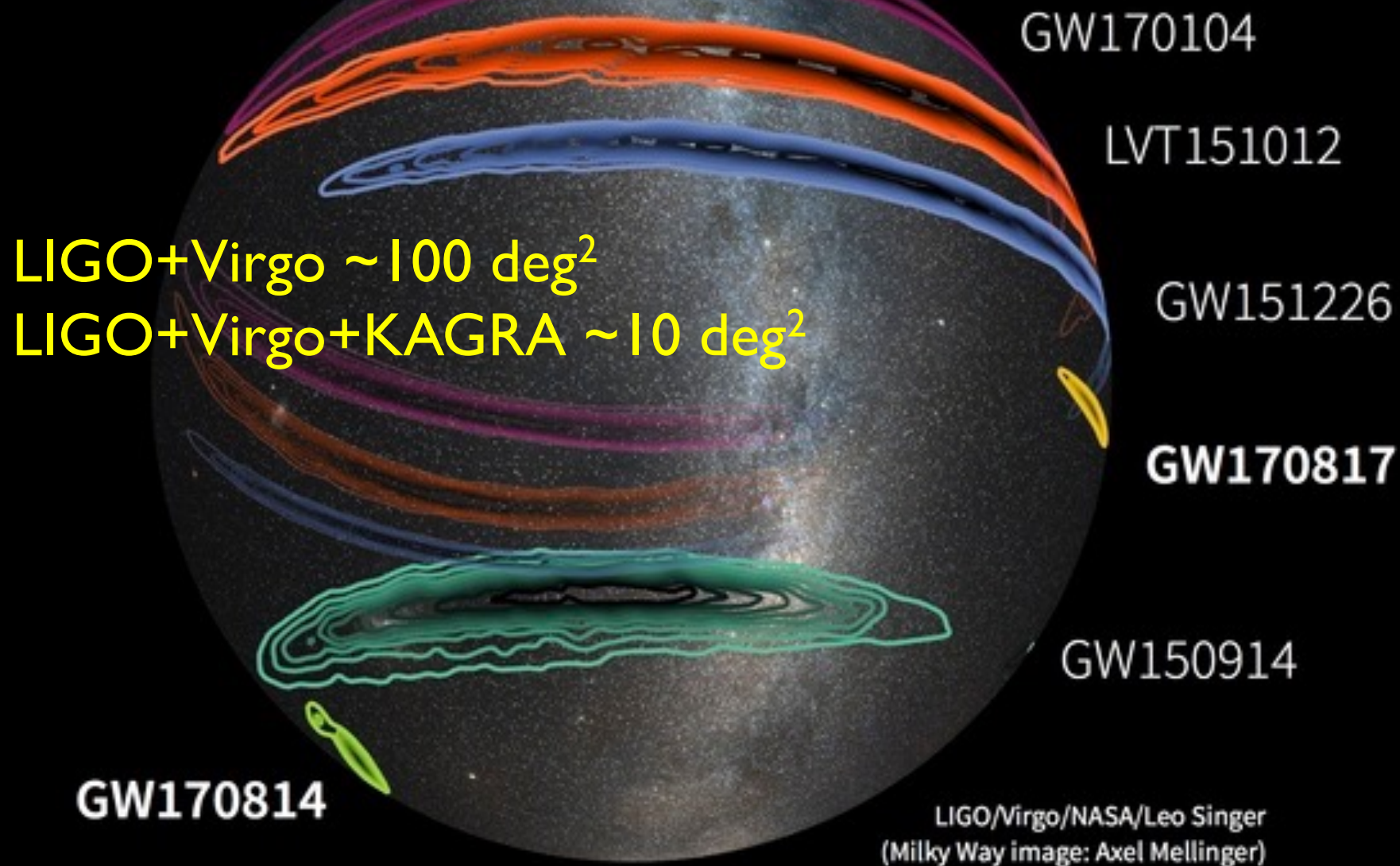


©HSC

ASAS-SN, Tomo-e, Seimei, ZTF ($r \sim 21$)

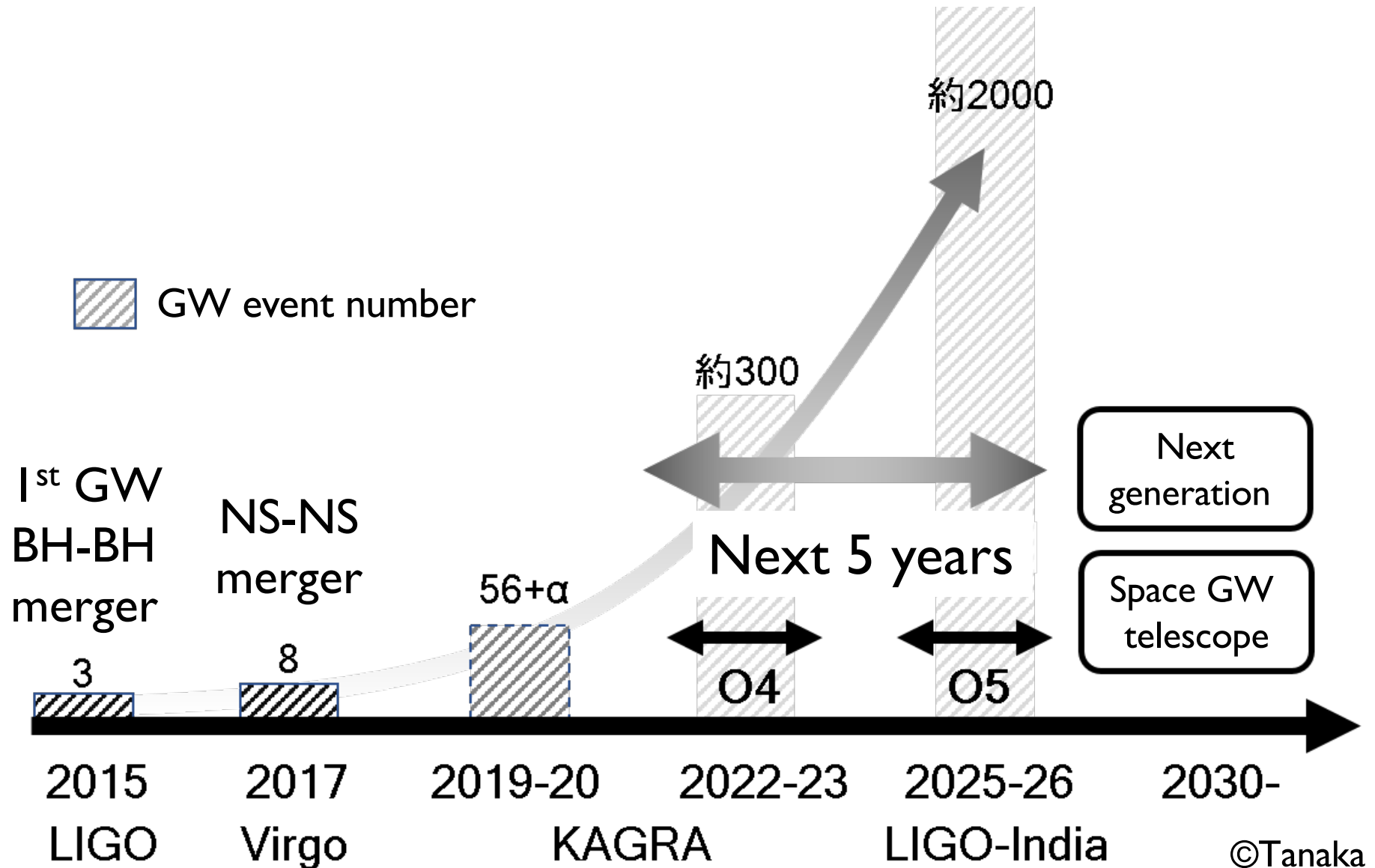
Dark-energy-driven
supernova survey:
Transient factory

GW Localization is Bad



Multi-messenger + Time-Domain

GW Event Inflation

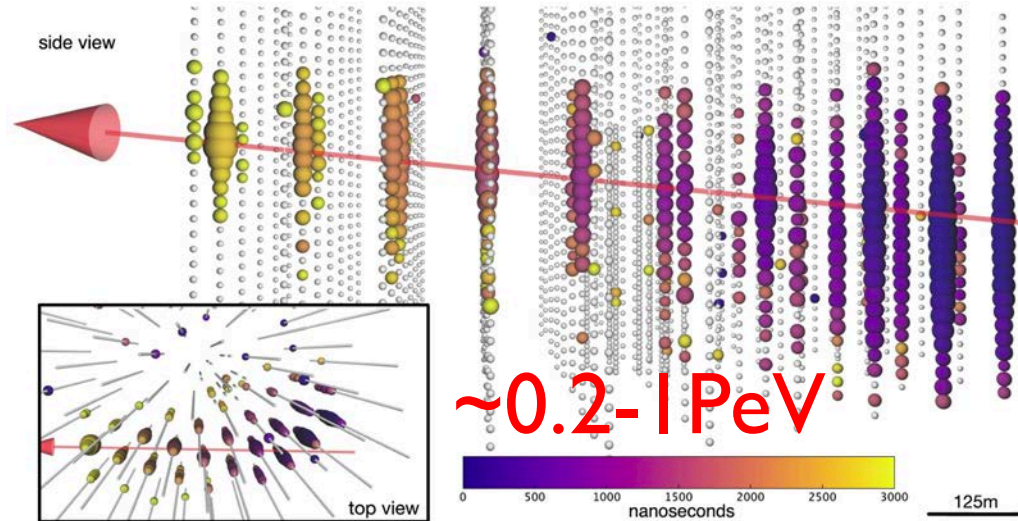


IceCube-170922A

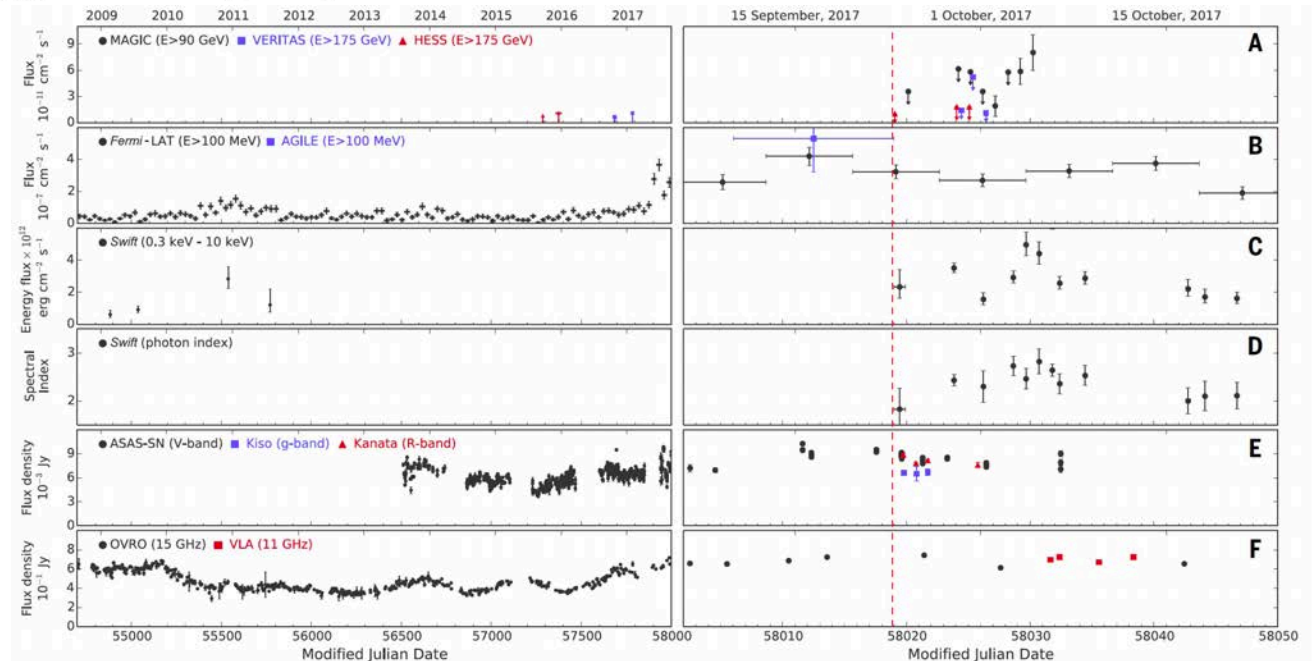
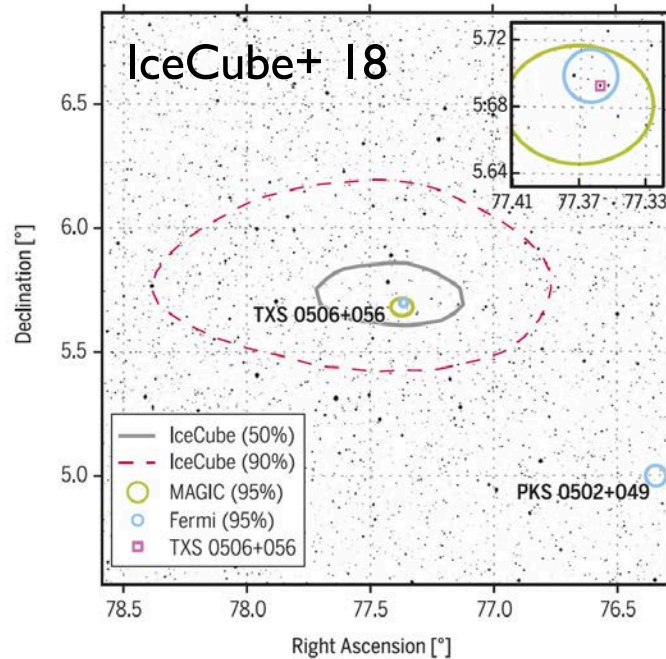
Multi-messenger source
Blazar TXS 0506+056

$\sim 3\sigma$ coincidence

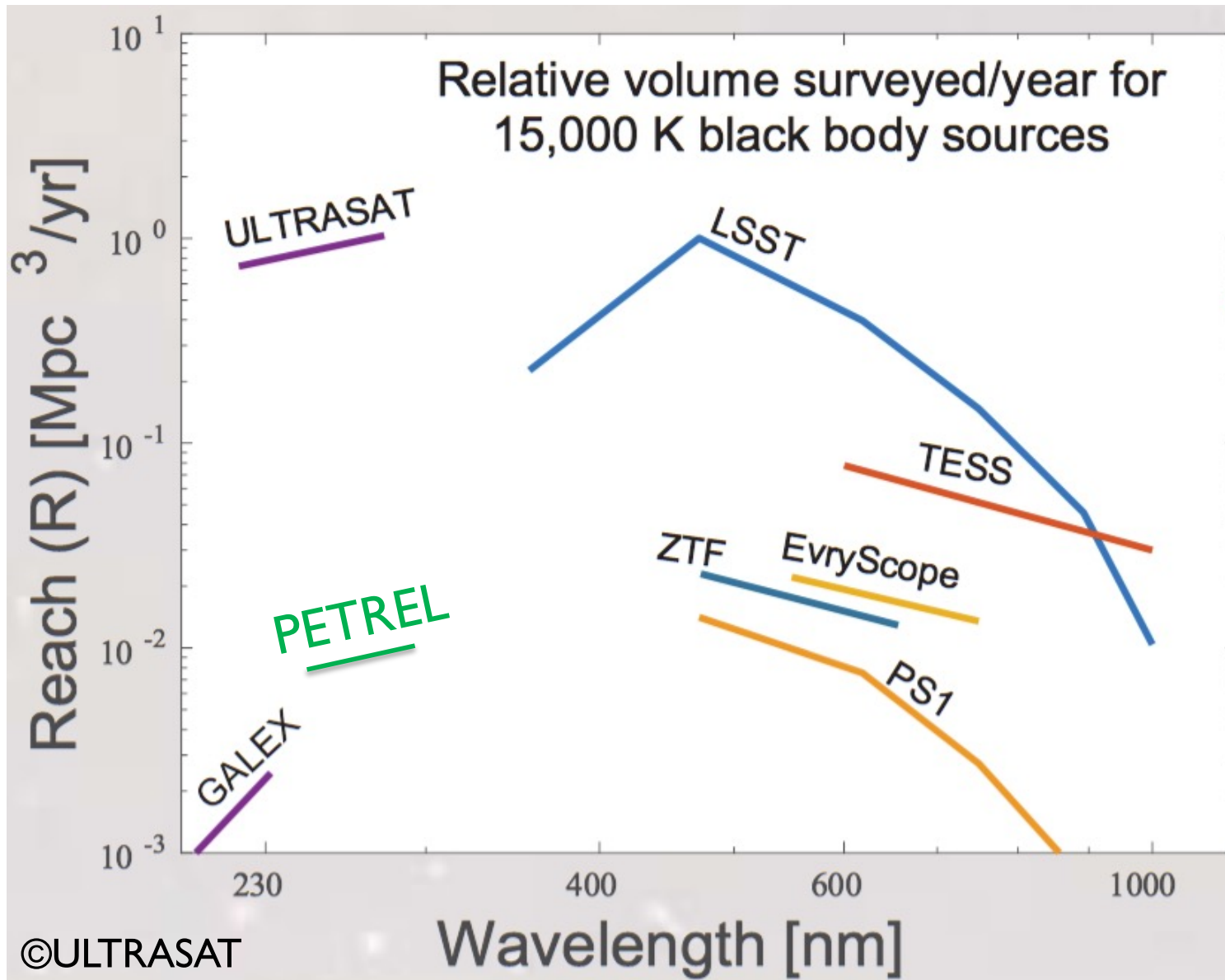
More data are needed



~ 0.2 -1 PeV

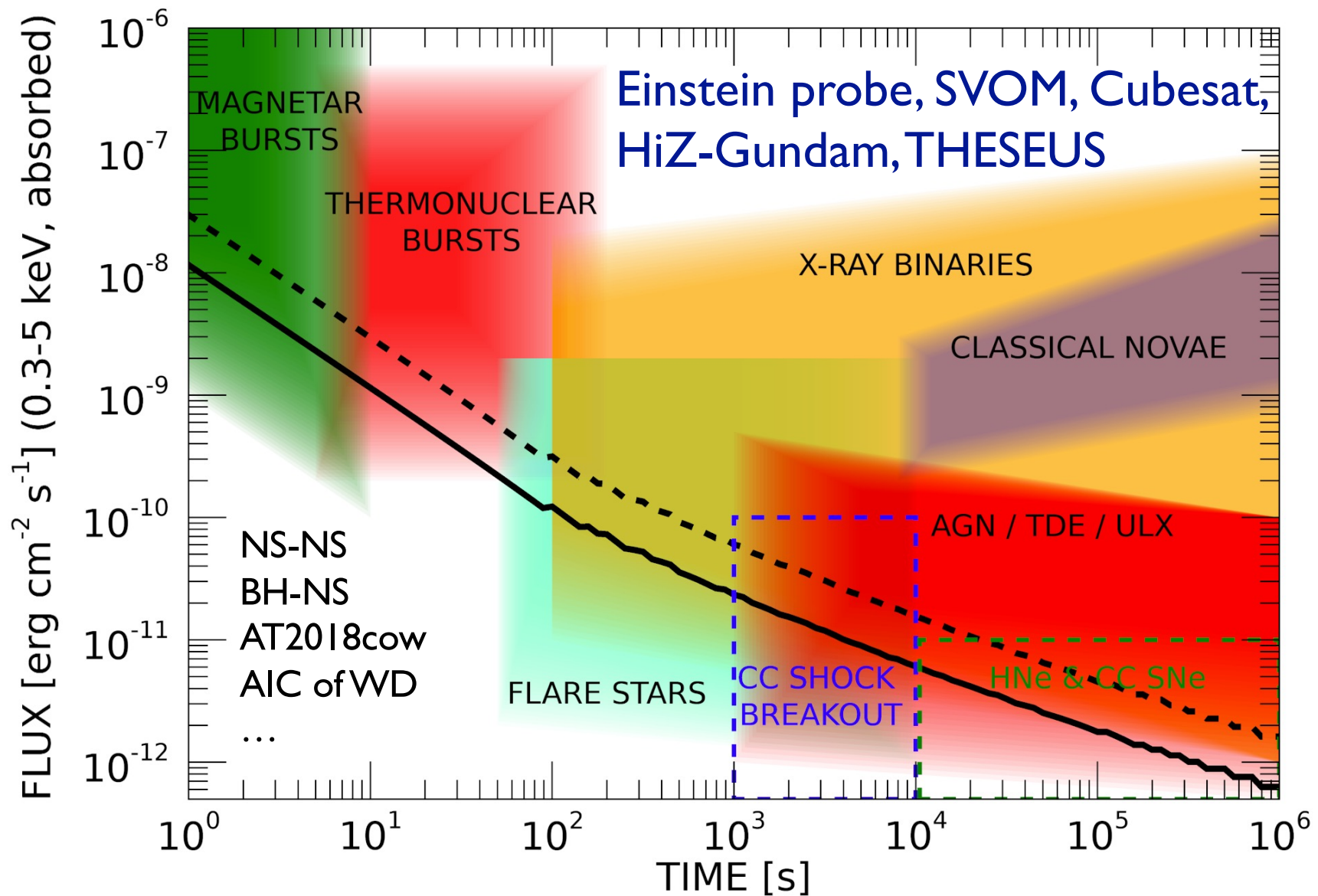


UV Transients



NS-NS
 BH-NS
 Supernova
 (shock breakout)
 TDE
 Stellar flare
 AT2018cow?
 AIC of WD?
 (accretion induced collapse)
 ...

X-ray Transients



Millimeter Transients

Expected
event #

ACT (7 yr)	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.9	6.5	0.5	0.0	2.1	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
SPT-3G (5.5 yr)	0.5	0.0	0.0	3.8	10.0	5.4	0.3	0.0	8.5	39.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Simons Observatory (5 yr)	1.3	0.0	0.0	7.6	12.8	12.6	0.8	0.0	13.6	63.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
CMB-S4 (7 yr)	4.5	0.1	0.0	16.9	40.9	43.7	2.4	0.1	35.2	162.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5
CMB-HD (7.5 yr)	23.5	0.7	0.0	53.1	197.8	182.4	15.0	0.5	71.2	412.6	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.1	2.0
SPT-3G (5.5 yr)	1.9	0.1	0.0				18.9	1.3	0.1		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Simons Observatory (5 yr)	1.8	0.1	0.0				34.3	3.0	0.1		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6
CMB-S4 (7 yr)	12.4	0.5	0.0				114.3	10.4	0.4		0.5	0.0	0.3	0.1	2.1
CMB-HD (7.5 yr)	63.1	2.6	0.1				515.5	55.7	2.2		2.7	0.2	1.9	0.3	11.5
ACT (7 yr)	0.2	0.0	0.0				1.3	0.7	0.1		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
SPT-3G (5.5 yr)	2.0	0.1	0.0				28.9	3.2	0.1		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.7
Simons Observatory (5 yr)	1.9	0.3	0.0				16.6	5.9	0.3		0.3	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.9
CMB-S4 (7 yr)	6.3	0.9	0.0				57.7	20.5	1.2		0.9	0.1	1.0	0.2	3.4
CMB-HD (7.5 yr)	33.3	4.8	0.2				282.6	117.2	6.5		5.1	0.6	5.6	0.8	18.2
LGRB On-axis															
LGRB $\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0.4$															
LGRB $\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0.8$															
LGRB RS, $\Gamma = 200$															
LGRB RS, $\Gamma = 50$															
LGRB high-energy, On-axis															
LGRB high-energy, $\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0.4$															
LGRB high-energy, $\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0.8$															
LGRB high energy RS, $\Gamma = 200$															
LGRB high energy RS, $\Gamma = 50$															
SGRB On-axis															
SGRB $\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0.4$															
TDE On-axis															
TDE Off-axis															
NSM: stable remnant															
FBOT															

CMB

+

Transient

Big project



HE astro

Cosmology

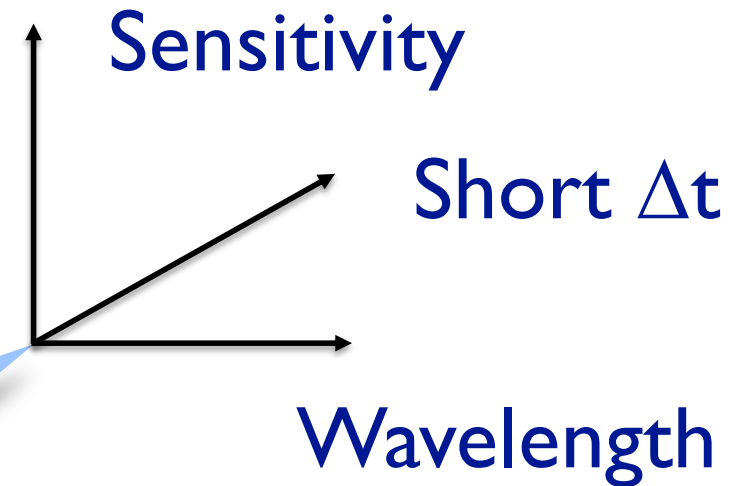
LiteBIRD

NAOJ/ JAXA/ ICRR
vertically segmented?

Eftekhari+ 21

The Other Domains

Spectral resolution
Angular resolution
Polarization
Coronagraph
...



X-ray: XRISM, FORCE, IXPE, XL-Calibur
IR-Opt: JASMINE, HabEx, LUVOIR
Radio: VERA, LST

Astro2020

Details: Maniac? ↔



M87 Black Hole

$M \sim 6 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$ @ 16 Mpc

Future: Satellite?

Galactic BHs

$\sim 10^7$ BHs

$\sim 30 \text{ Gpc}^{-3} \text{ yr}^{-1} \div 0.01 \text{ galaxy Mpc}^{-3} \times 10^{10} \text{ yr}$

~ 30000 Merged BHs/galaxy

Galactic BHs

$\sim 10^7$ BHs

$\sim 30 \text{ Gpc}^{-3} \text{ yr}^{-1} \div 0.01 \text{ galaxy Mpc}^{-3} \times 10^{10} \text{ yr}$

$\sim 30000 \text{ Merged BHs/galaxy}$

High-Energy Astrophysics

- ***Gravity: Stars to black holes***

- particle acceleration, jet, unknown², ...

- ***Multi-Wavelength & Multi-Messenger***

- EM sensitivity is saturating

NAOJ / JAXA / ICRR
vertically segmented?

- ***Numerical simulations & Theory***

- Upgrade super-computers & human resource

- ***Time-domain*** (radio, IR-opt, UV?, X?, CMB?)

- Gravitational wave, Fast radio burst, ν , ...

Vast frontiers

Concentration & Diversity
Maniac & General

Table 1 | UHE γ -ray sources

Source name	RA (°)	dec. (°)	Significance above 100 TeV ($\times\sigma$)	$E_{\max}$ (PeV)	Flux at 100 TeV (CU)
LHAASO J0534+2202	83.55	22.05	17.8	0.88 ± 0.11	1.00(0.14)
LHAASO J1825-1326	276.45	-13.45	16.4	0.42 ± 0.16	3.57(0.52)
LHAASO J1839-0545	279.95	-5.75	7.7	0.21 ± 0.05	0.70(0.18)
LHAASO J1843-0338	280.75	-3.65	8.5	$0.26 - 0.10^{+0.16}$	0.73(0.17)
LHAASO J1849-0003	282.35	-0.05	10.4	0.35 ± 0.07	0.74(0.15)
LHAASO J1908+0621	287.05	6.35	17.2	0.44 ± 0.05	1.36(0.18)
LHAASO J1929+1745	292.25	17.75	7.4	$0.71 - 0.07^{+0.16}$	0.38(0.09)
LHAASO J1956+2845	299.05	28.75	7.4	0.42 ± 0.03	0.41(0.09)
LHAASO J2018+3651	304.75	36.85	10.4	0.27 ± 0.02	0.50(0.10)
LHAASO J2032+4102	308.05	41.05	10.5	1.42 ± 0.13	0.54(0.10)
LHAASO J2108+5157	317.15	51.95	8.3	0.43 ± 0.05	0.38(0.09)
LHAASO J2226+6057	336.75	60.95	13.6	0.57 ± 0.19	1.05(0.16)

Celestial coordinates (RA, dec.); statistical significance of detection above 100 TeV (calculated using a point-like template for the Crab Nebula and LHAASO J2108+5157 and 0.3° extension templates for the other sources); the corresponding differential photon fluxes at 100 TeV; and detected highest photon energies. Errors are estimated as the boundary values of the area that contains $\pm 34.14\%$ of events with respect to the most probable value of the event distribution. In most cases, the distribution is a Gaussian and the error is 1σ .

Extended Data Table 2 | List of energetic astrophysical objects possibly associated with each LHAASO source

LHAASO Source	Possible Origin	Type	Distance (kpc)	Age (kyr) ^a	L_s (erg/s) ^b	Potential TeV Counterpart ^c
LHAASO J0534+2202	PSR J0534+2200	PSR	2.0	1.26	4.5×10^{38}	Crab, Crab Nebula
LHAASO J1825-1326	PSR J1826-1334	PSR	3.1 ± 0.2^d	21.4	2.8×10^{36}	HESS J1825-137, HESS J1826-130,
	PSR J1826-1256	PSR	1.6	14.4	3.6×10^{36}	2HWC J1825-134
LHAASO J1839-0545	PSR J1837-0604	PSR	4.8	33.8	2.0×10^{36}	2HWC J1837-065, HESS J1837-069,
	PSR J1838-0537	PSR	1.3^e	4.9	6.0×10^{36}	HESS J1841-055
LHAASO J1843-0338	SNR G28.6-0.1	SNR	9.6 ± 0.3^f	$< 2^f$	—	HESS J1843-033, HESS J1844-030, 2HWC J1844-032
LHAASO J1849-0003	PSR J1849-0001	PSR	7^g	43.1	9.8×10^{36}	HESS J1849-000, 2HWC J1849+001
	W43	YMC	5.5^h	—	—	—
LHAASO J1908+0621	SNR G40.5-0.5	SNR	3.4^i	$\sim 10 - 20^j$	—	MGRO J1908+06, HESS J1908+063,
	PSR 1907+0602	PSR	2.4	19.5	2.8×10^{36}	ARGO J1907+0627, VER J1907+062,
	PSR 1907+0631	PSR	3.4	11.3	5.3×10^{35}	2HWC 1908+063
LHAASO J1929+1745	PSR J1928+1746	PSR	4.6	82.6	1.6×10^{36}	2HWC J1928+177, 2HWC J1930+188,
	PSR J1930+1852	PSR	6.2	2.9	1.2×10^{37}	HESS J1930+188, VER J1930+188
	SNR G54.1+0.3	SNR	$6.3^{+0.8}_{-0.7}^d$	$1.8 - 3.3^k$	—	—
LHAASO J1956+2845	PSR J1958+2846	PSR	2.0	21.7	3.4×10^{35}	2HWC J1955+285
	SNR G66.0-0.0	SNR	2.3 ± 0.2^d	—	—	—
LHAASO J2018+3651	PSR J2021+3651	PSR	$1.8^{+1.7}_{-1.4}^l$	17.2	3.4×10^{36}	MGRO J2019+37, VER J2019+368,
	Sh 2-104	H II/YMC	$3.3 \pm 0.3^m / 4.0 \pm 0.5^n$	—	—	VER J2016+371
LHAASO J2032+4102	Cygnus OB2	YMC	1.40 ± 0.08^o	—	—	TeV J2032+4130, ARGO J2031+4157,
	PSR 2032+4127	PSR	1.40 ± 0.08^o	201	1.5×10^{35}	MGRO J2031+41, 2HWC J2031+415,
	SNR G79.8+1.2	SNR candidate	—	—	—	VER J2032+414
LHAASO J2108+5157	—	—	—	—	—	—
LHAASO J2226+6057	SNR G106.3+2.7	SNR	0.8^p	$\sim 10^p$	—	VER J2227+608, Boomerang Nebula
	PSR J2229+6114	PSR	0.8^p	$\sim 10^p$	2.2×10^{37}	—

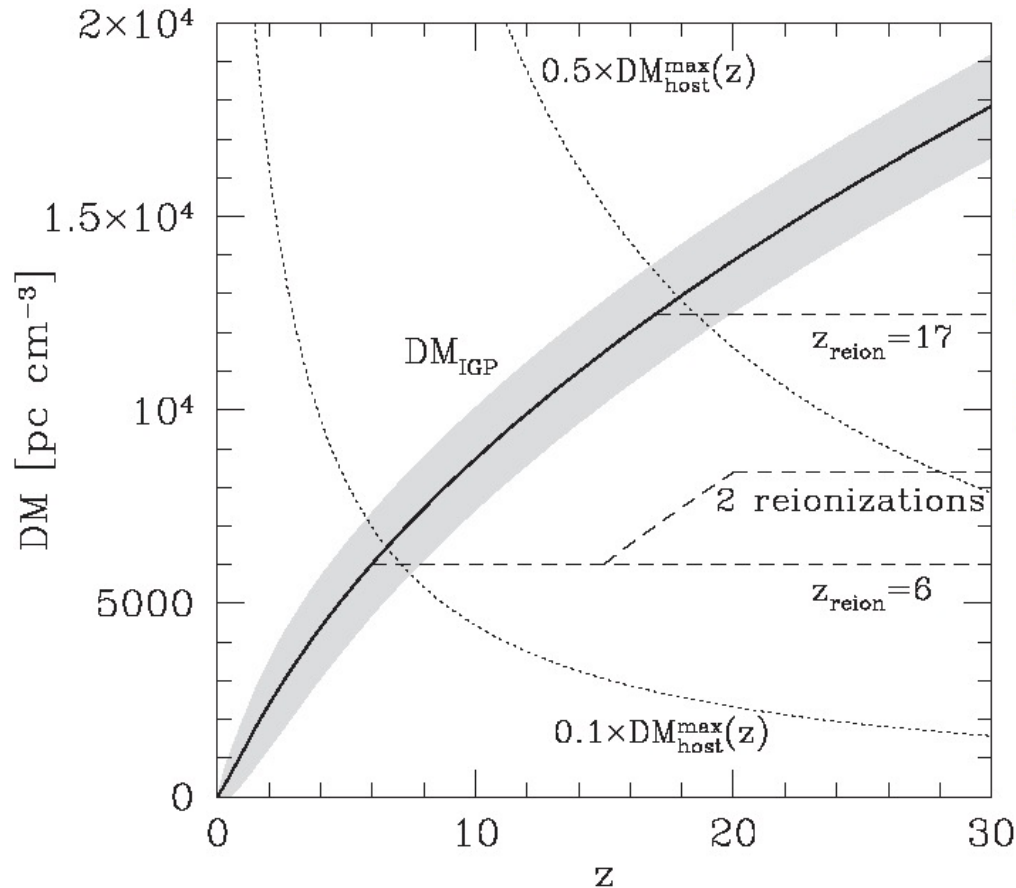
The properties of pulsars are retrieved from the ATNF pulsar catalogue³⁶ or as specified.

^aCharacteristic age of pulsars.

^bPresent spindown luminosity of pulsars.

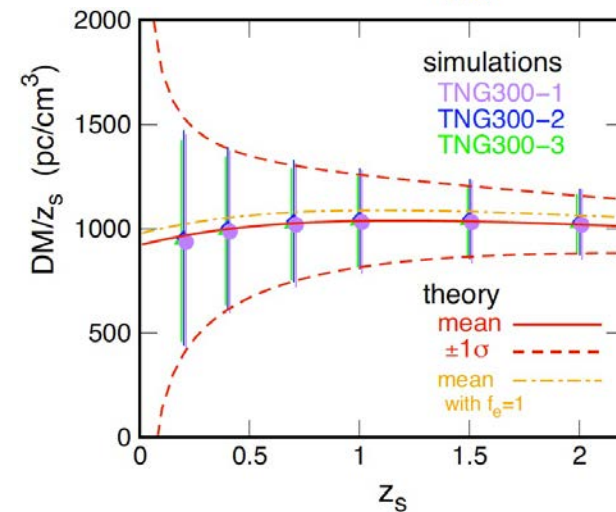
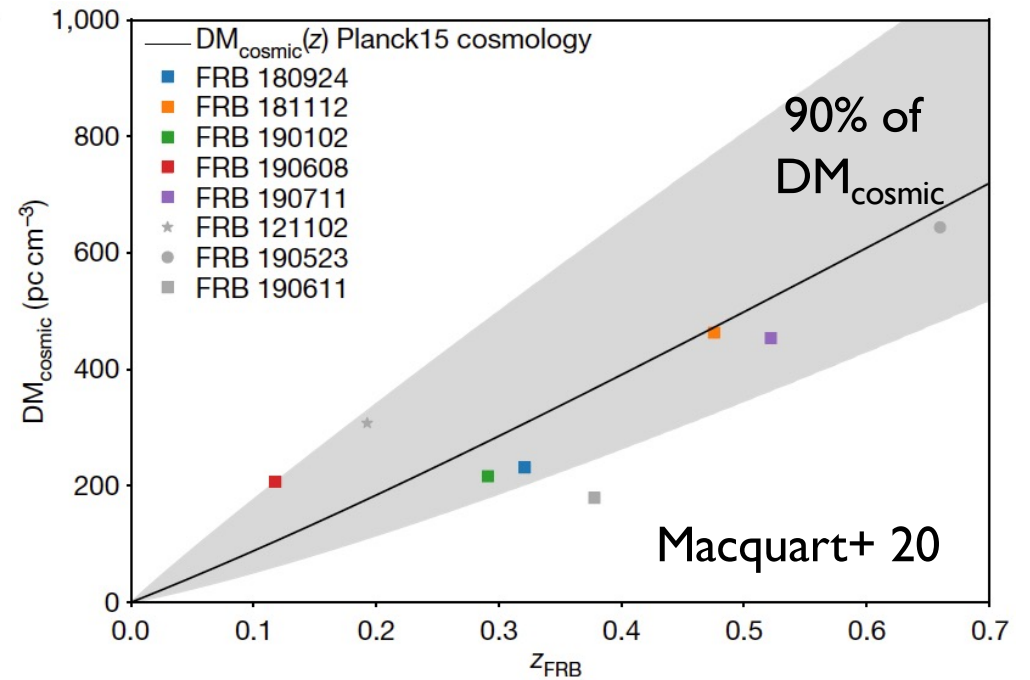
^cNearby teraelectronvolt sources within 1° of the centre of the LHAASO source, according to <http://tevcat.uchicago.edu/> (ref. ³⁶).

FRB Cosmology

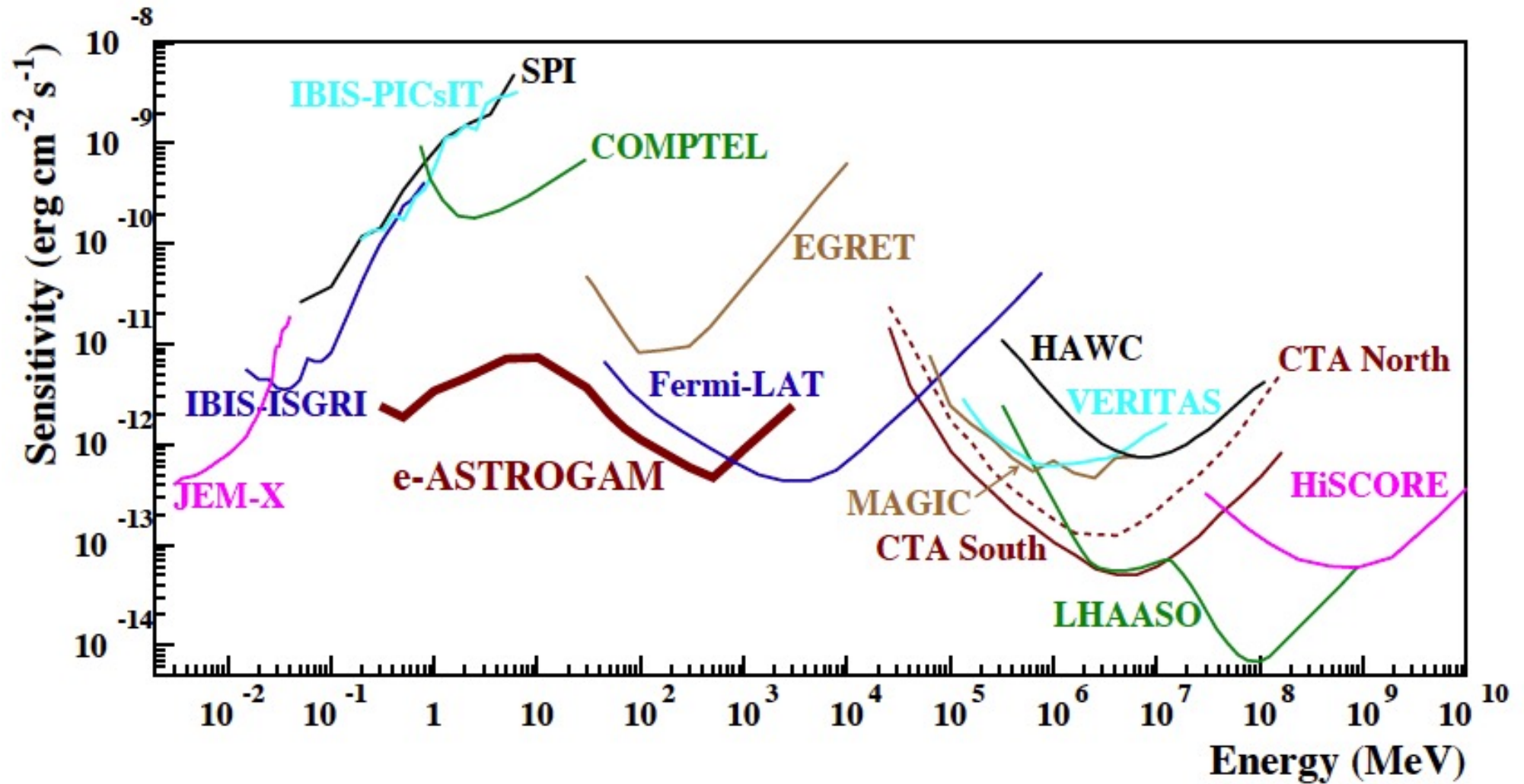


$$DM_{IGP} = \frac{3cH_0\Omega_b}{8\pi Gm_p} \int_0^z \frac{(1+z)dz}{[\Omega_m(1+z)^3 + \Omega_\Lambda]^{1/2}}$$

KI 03, Inoue 04



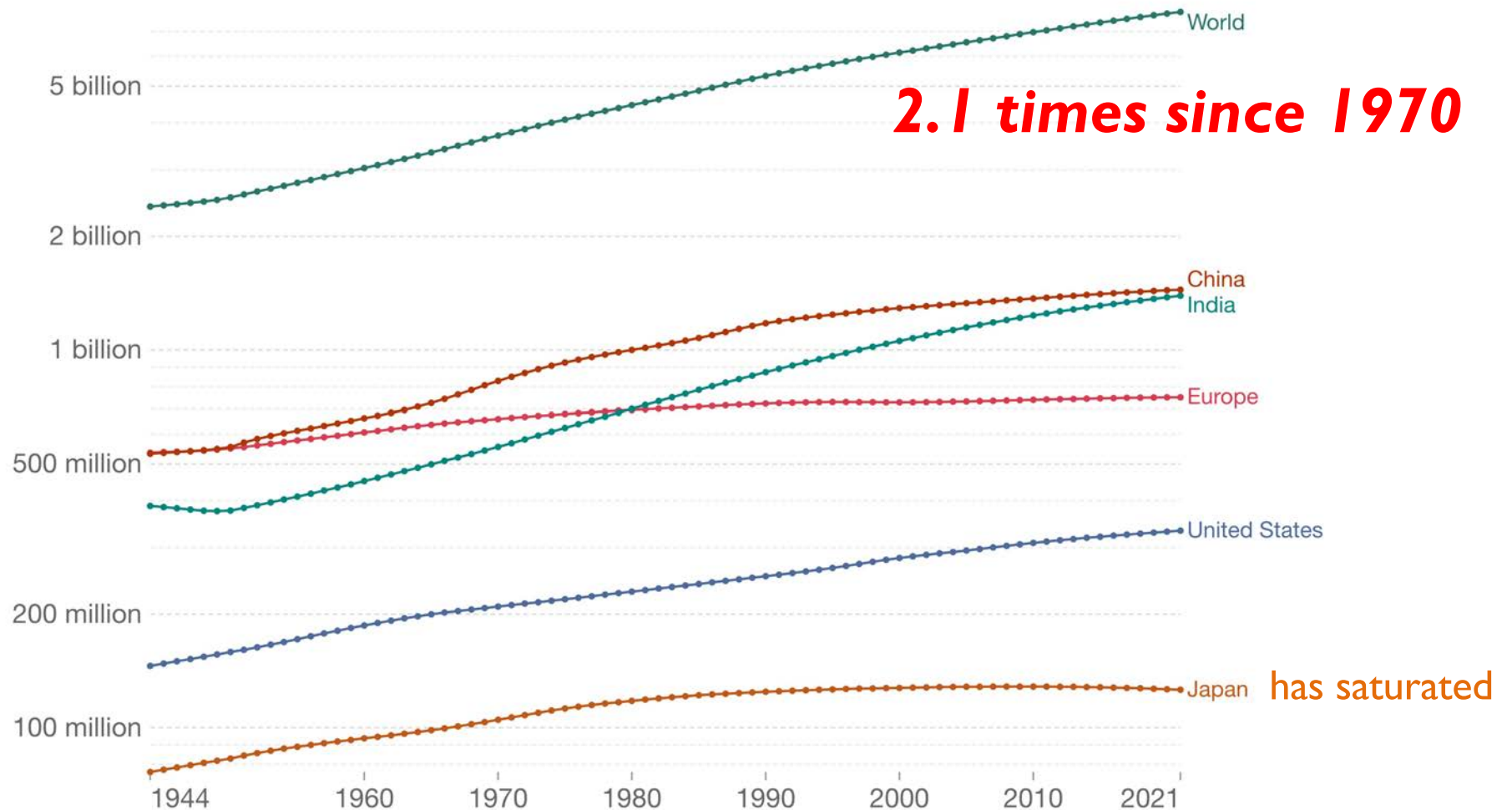
Takahashi,
KI+ 20

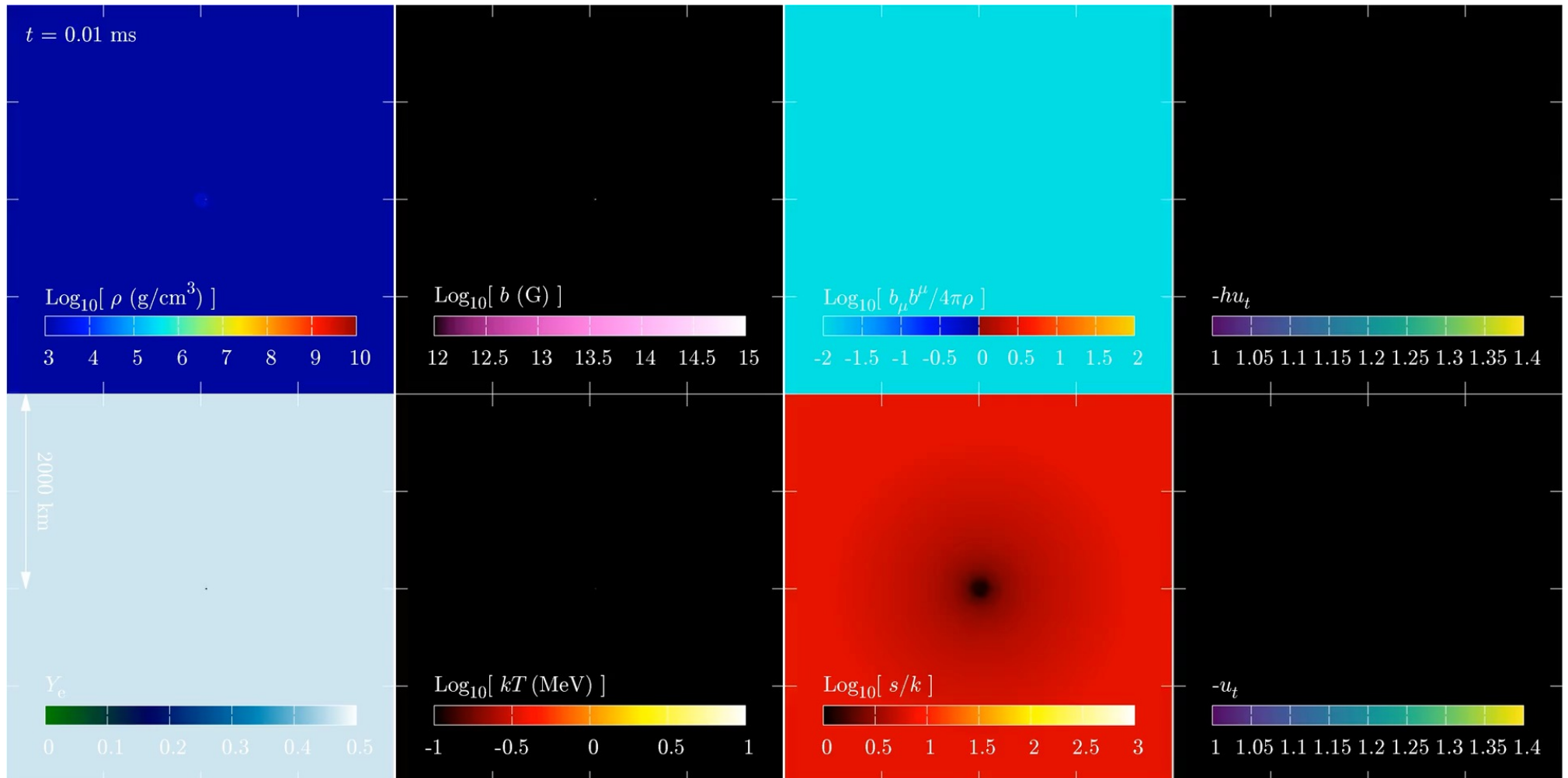


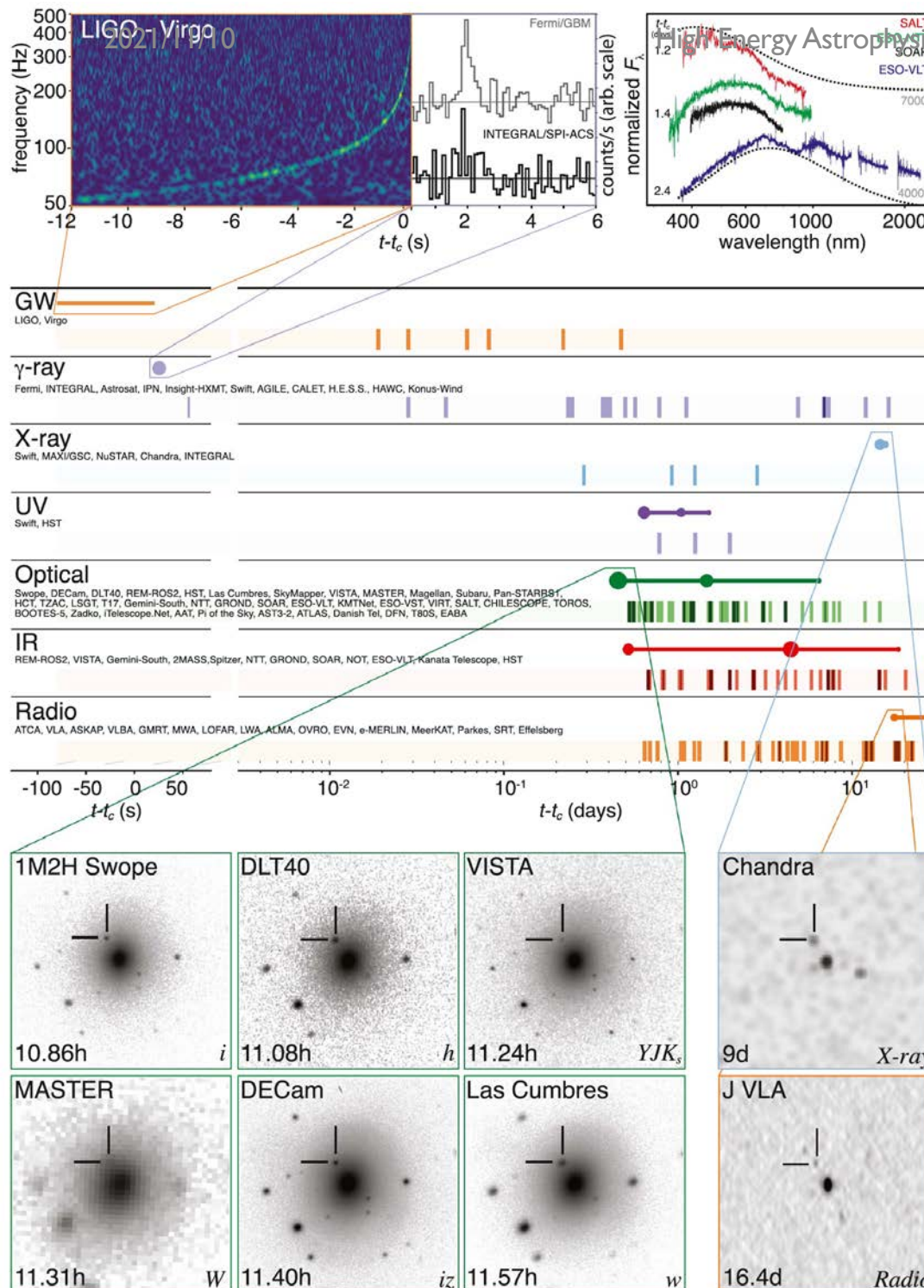
Population

Population, 1944 to 2021

Our World
in Data







New Era of Multi-Messenger

Follow-up observations
>3000 people

γ -ray: $\sim 1.734 \pm 0.054$ sec
 $\Rightarrow$ Short GRB 170817A

UV-Opt-IR: 10.86 hr

$\Rightarrow$ Macronova/Kilonova

X, radio: ~ 10 day

$\Rightarrow$ Afterglow

LVC-EM 17

Band: GCN circ., Circles $\propto$ brightness