



国内外の天文飛翔体計画及び将来計画
(JAXA/NASA/ESA/NAOJ)
Future Space Science Program of
JAXA

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Astrophysics, ISAS. JAXA

On-going Science Programs of ISAS/JAXA



Hayabusa-2
No Astrophysical Satellite Mission
in orbit after the ASTRO-H (Hitomi) mishap



Radiation in Geospace

AKATSUKI Venus Meteorology

HISAKI Extreme UV spectroscope for
Exosphere Dynamics



IKAROS



IKAROS Solar Power Sail Demonstrator



GEOTAIL Earth's Magnetosphere

BepiColombo
Euro-Japan Joint Mission
Mercury Exploration

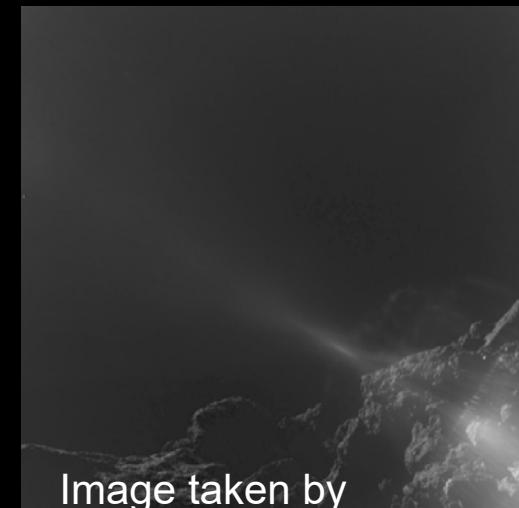
HAYABUSA-2



Asteroid Sample-Return Mission

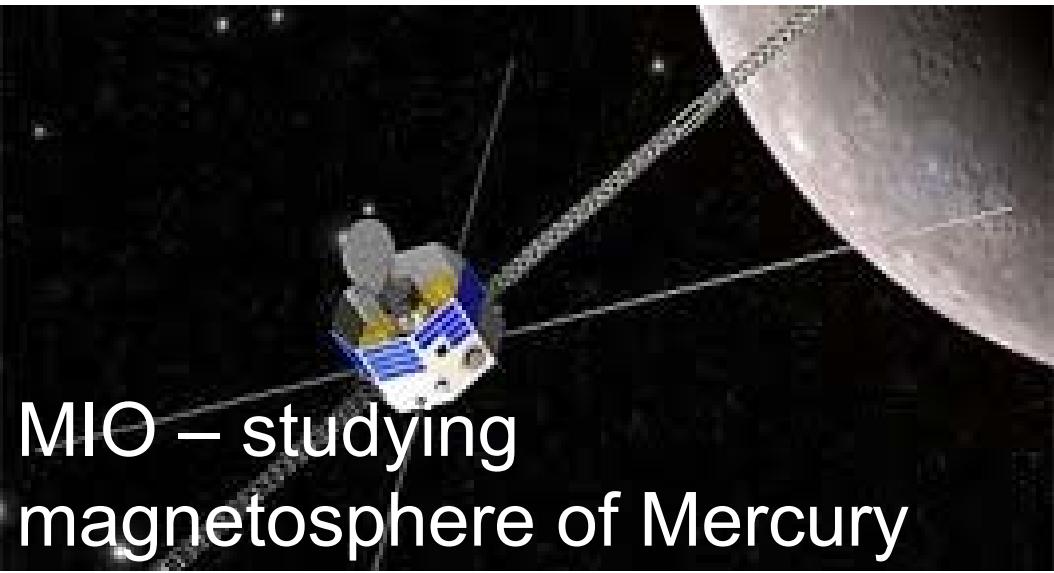
Images of MASCOT
taken from HAYABUSA

Image taken by
MASCOT

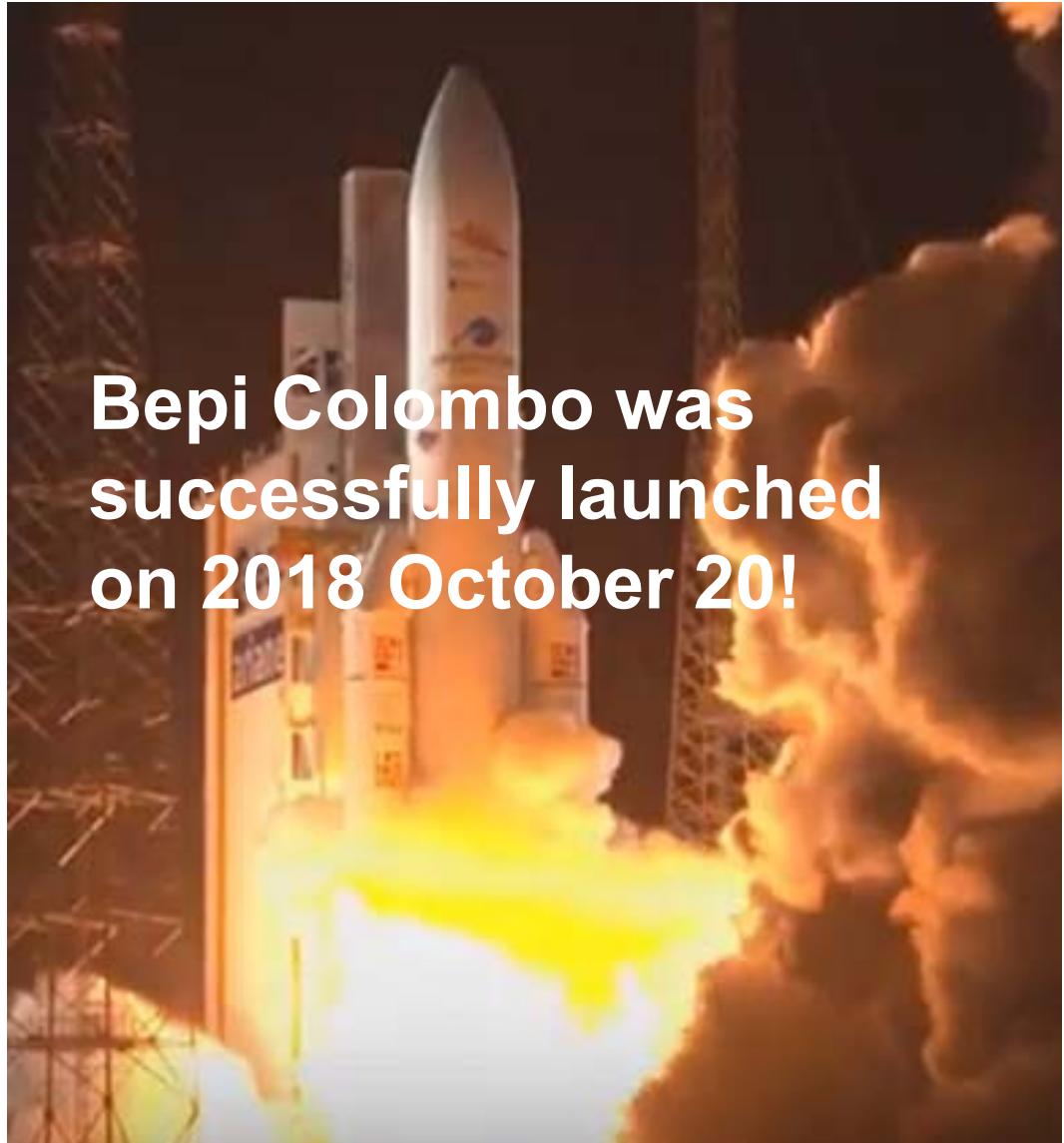
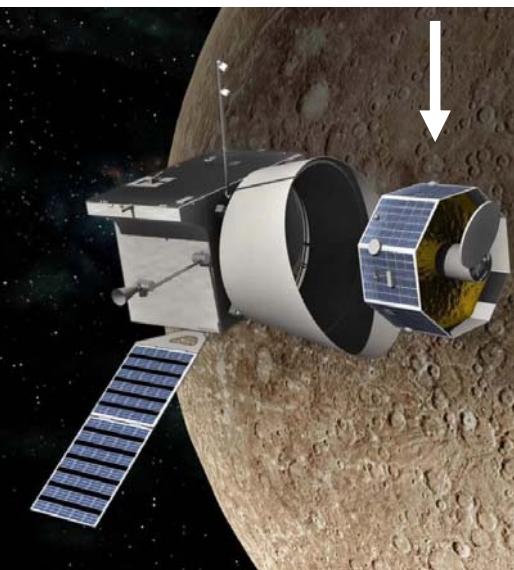


Images taken by MINERVA-I



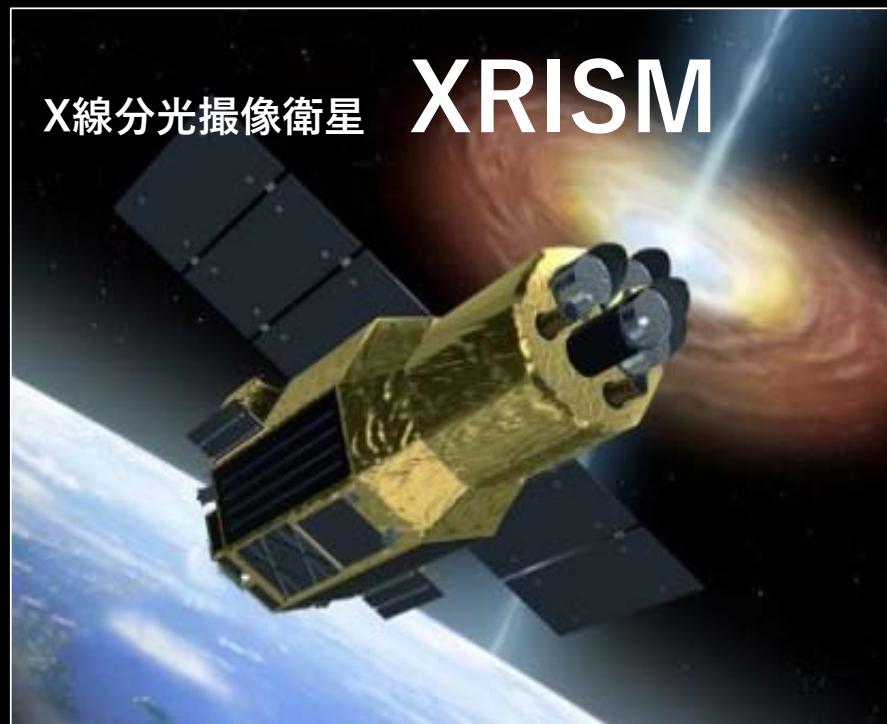


MIO – studying
magnetosphere of Mercury



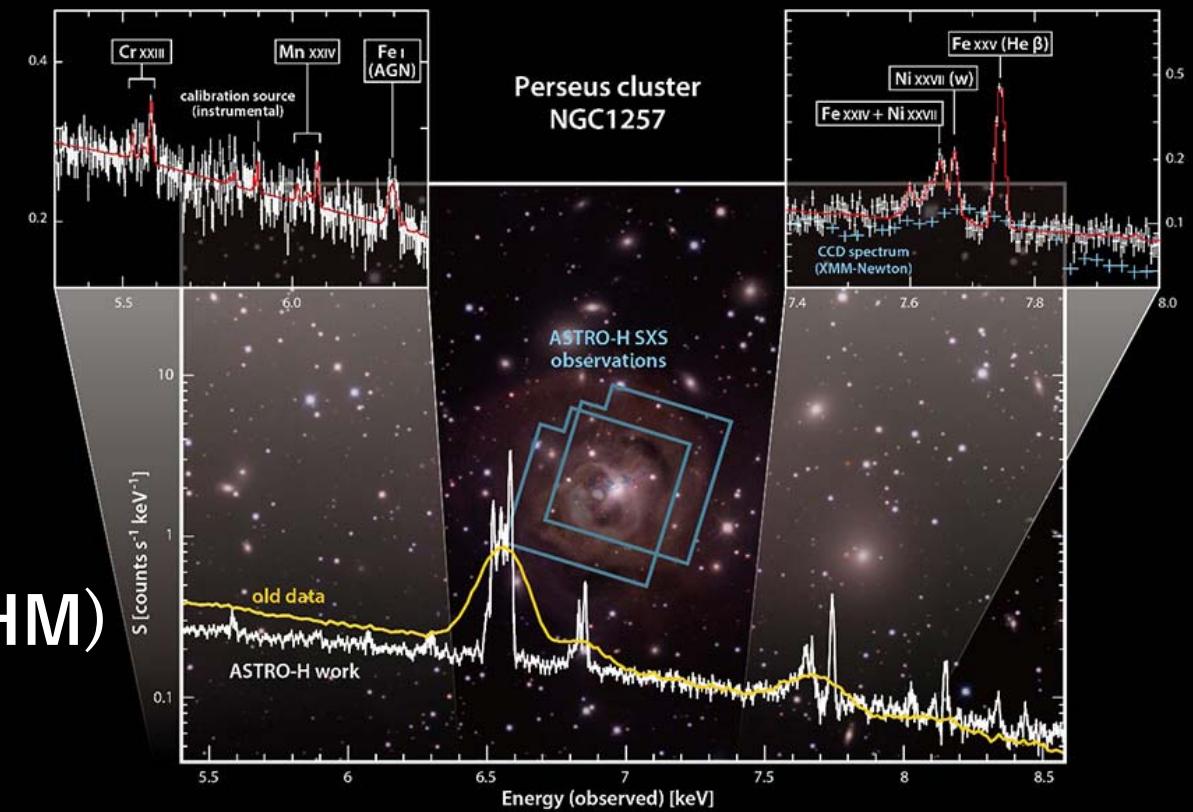
X線分光撮像衛星

XRISM



**Photon energy resolution of
~7eV (goal 5eV) @ 6keV (FWHM)
 $E/\Delta E \sim 1000$**

X-ray Imaging and Spectroscopy Mission



Credit: JAXA / NASA / Ken Crawford (Rancho Del Sol Observatory)

ISAS-NAOJ Collaboration in Space Science

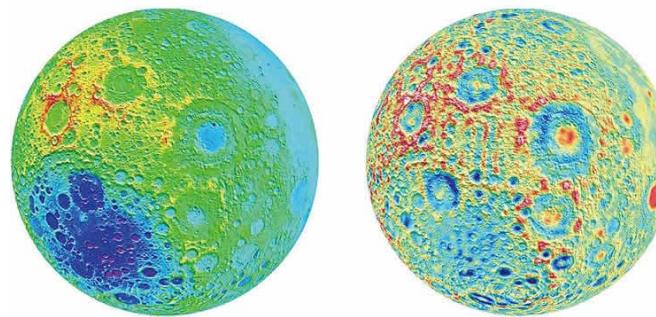


Hinode Mission

- NAOJ
- Science Payload (SOT/EIS/XRT)
[w/ International Collaboration]
- Science Center
- International Science Achievements

RISE Project

- SELENE (Kaguya)
- Science Instruments for
Hayabusa-2 LIDAR
JUICE GALA



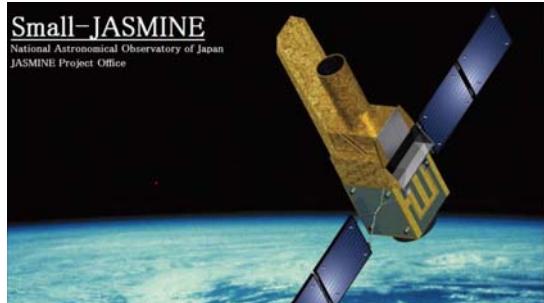
Credit: 国立天文台/千葉工業大学/JAXA

ISAS-NAOJ Collaboration in Space Science



Future Missions and Candidates

Mission Concepts proposed
For Competitive M-Class



Small JASMINE
JAXA M-3 (selected)

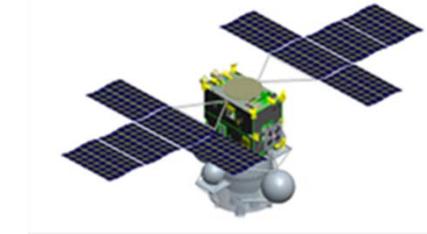
Solar-C_EUVST
JAXA M-4/5 candidate



Data Management

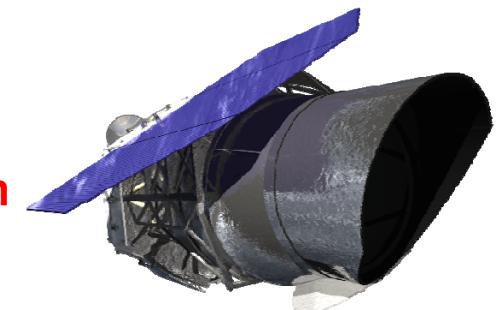


Science Collaboration



International Collaboration
Program

NASA WFIRST
Subaru Synergistic
Observations



ISAS-NAOJ Collaboration in Space Science



- Fruitful collaboration between NAOJ-ISAS/JAXA in space mission programs [Hinode, Kaguya…]
- Science Collaborations
 - Ground-based facilities/Space facilities
 - Peer reviews
- Proposed future space missions
 - [Small-JASMINE, Solar-C_EUVST, WFIRST…]

“Common Interests / Different (Complementary) Expertise”

- Instrumentation, Basic (key) technologies
 - Human resources, Facilities
 - Organization
-
- *Japanese contribution for future “global” projects*

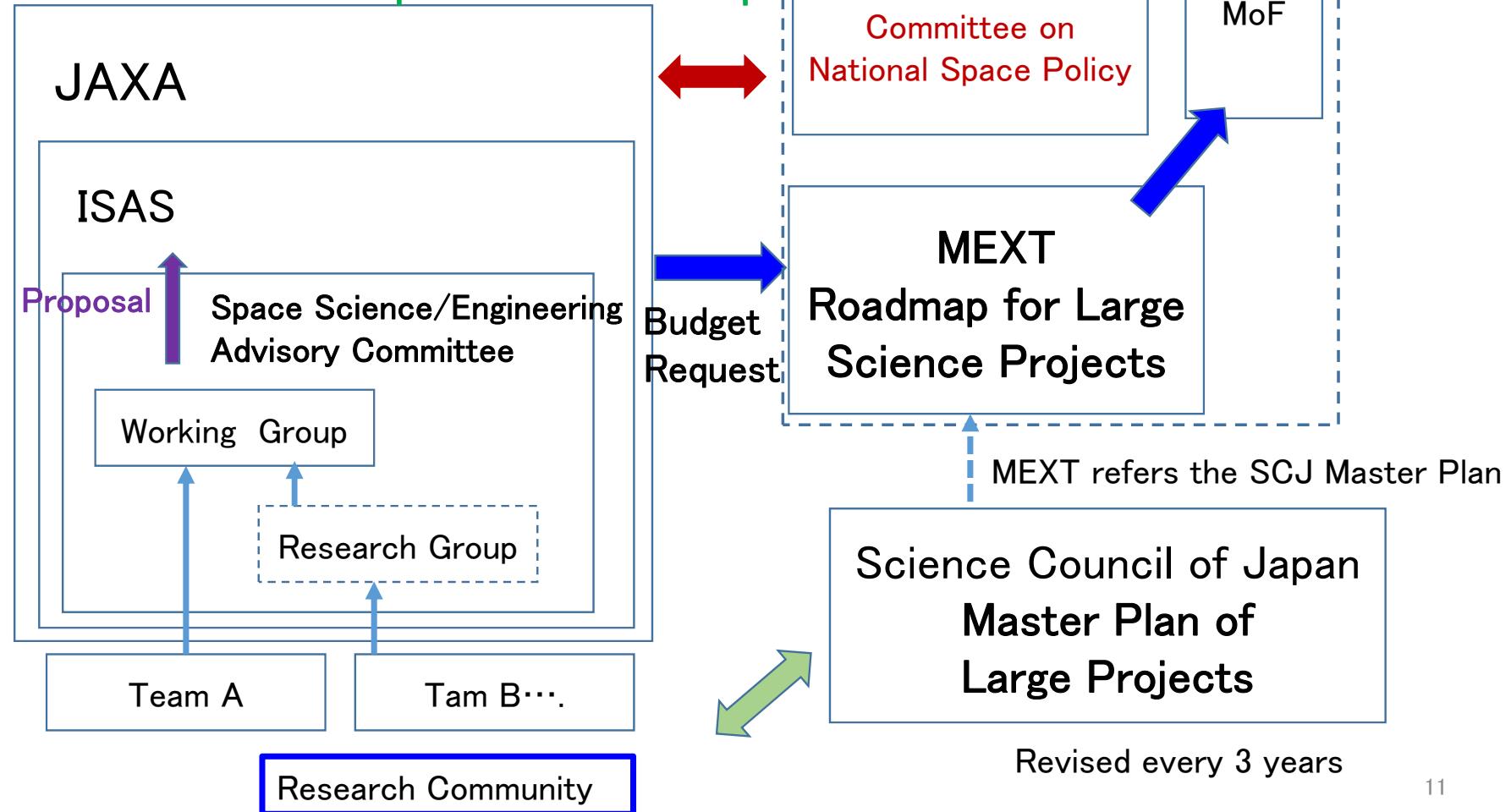


JAXA Science Mission Programs

Governance of Space Science Mission

The basic plan of space policy,
and “Implementation Plan”

Space Science and Exploration Roadmap



JAXA Science Mission Programs in the **Space Science and Exploration Roadmap**



■ Strategic Large Class

< ¥30B (\$300M if 1\$=100¥), HIIA (H3 after 2021) launch
~3 missions in a decade

■ Competitive Middle Class

< ¥5-15B (\$150M), Epsilon Rocket launch
~5 missions in a decade

■ Strategic International Collaboration Projects

< ¥1B(\$10M)/yr in total (of multiple projects)

Small Projects

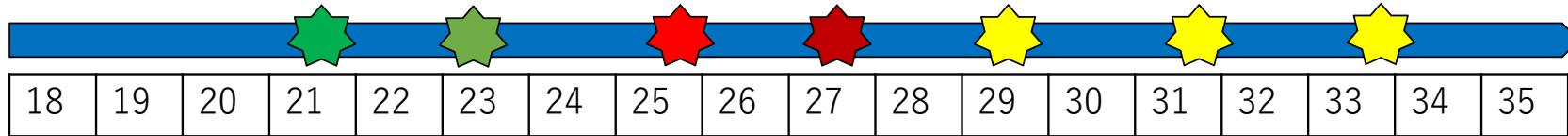
< ¥[a few]100M(\$[a few]M)/yr in total

Strategic L-Class Mission Candidates

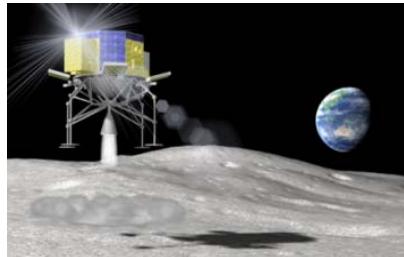


Competitive M-Class

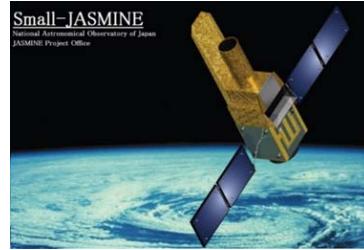
To be planned



SLIM (M-1)



M-3



Small JASMINE
Selected

M-5
AO issued



M-4



SOLAR-C-EUVST
HiZ-GUNDAM

To be selected



DESTINY+
Pre-Phase A(M-2)



Competitively-chosen
medium-sized focused
missions (<¥15B) with
Epsilon rocket
(every 2 year)

ISAS Future Missions/Mission Candidates

| | Mission/Mission Concept | JAXA Status (2019 March) | Target launch |
|---|--|--|-------------------|
| Strategic Large Class (L-Class) | | | |
| ASTRO-H successor | XRISM [X-ray Astrophysics] | Project Phase B | FY2021 |
| L-1 | Martian Moon eXploror (MMX) [Phobos sample return] | Pre-Project Phase A2 | 2024 |
| L-2 | LiteBIRD [CMB B-mode] | Pre-Phase A2 | 2027–28 TBA |
| (previous L-2 candidate) | OKEANOS [Solar Power Sail Trojan] | Pre-Phase A2 | 2027–28 TBA |
| L-3 candidate ESA Cosmic Vision-M5 | SPICA [Infrared Astrophysics] | Pre-Phase A2 ESA Phase A (1/3 candidates) | 2030 TBA |
| Competitive Middle Class (M-Class) | | | |
| M-1 | SLIM [Moon Pin-Point Landing] | Project Phase B | FY2021 XRISM dual |
| M-2 | Destiny+ [Phaethon Flyby] | Pre-Project Phase A1 | FY2022–23 TBA |
| M-3 | Small JASMINE [NIR Astrometry] | Pre-Phase A2 | |
| M-4 candidate | Solar-C EUVST [Chromosphere Solar Physics] | Pre-Phase A1b | |
| M-4 candidate | HiZ-GUNDAM [GRB Astrophysics] | Pre-Phase A1b | |

ISAS Future Missions/Mission Candidates

| | Mission/Mission Concept | JAXA Status (2019 March) | Target launch |
|---|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| Small Projects [Strategic International Collaboration – Missions of Opportunities] | | | |
| ESA–Cosmic Vision–L1 | JUICE [ESA Jupiter Moons] | ISAS Project Phase D | 2022 |
| NASA New Frontier 4 | Dragonfly [NASA Titan] | ISAS検討（地震計を供給） | 2024 |
| ESA–Cosmic Vision–L2 | Athena [X-ray Astrophysics] | Pre–Phase A1b (WG) | 2031 |
| NASA Astronomy Flagship | WFIRST [Infrared Astrophysics] | Pre–Phase A2 (ISAS team) | 2025 |
| ESA–Cosmic Vision–L3 | LISA [Gravitational Wave] | Working Group | 2034 |
| Russia Spektr–UV | WSO–UV [UV / Exoplanet] | Working Group | 2023 TBA |

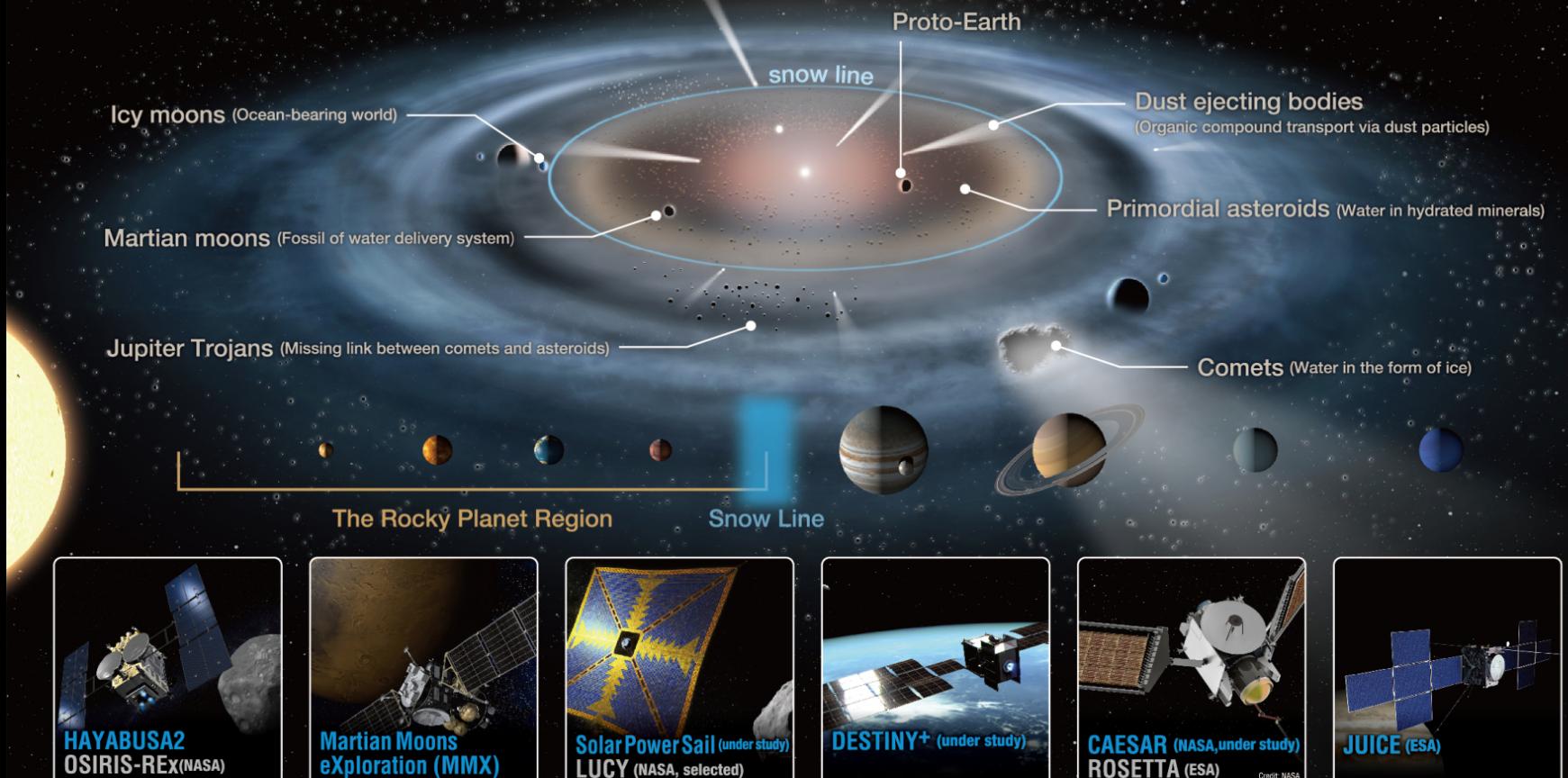
Small Projects [Small Programs]

ISAS Small Body Exploration Strategy

Many small bodies are born outside the snow line. These are initially comet-like but can evolve to show a variety of faces.

By delivering water and organic compounds, these small bodies may have enabled the habitability of our planet.

When, who and how?



The fleet of ISAS small body missions explores these questions



Future Science Missions in **Astrophysics** and JAXA Programs



Big Questions in Astrophysics

Origins of the Space and Time of the Universe

Beyond the Big Bang Theory

- Cosmic Inflation?

- Dark Energy/ Modified Gravity

Structure Formation and Evolution

- Dark Matter

- First Stars/First Galaxies/First SMBHs

- Chemical Enrichment /
Evolution of Solid / Organic

- Planetary Formation

Possibility of Life in the Universe

- Characterization of Planetary Atmosphere
and Surfaces

- Bio Signature

Fundamental Physics

- Quantum Entanglement

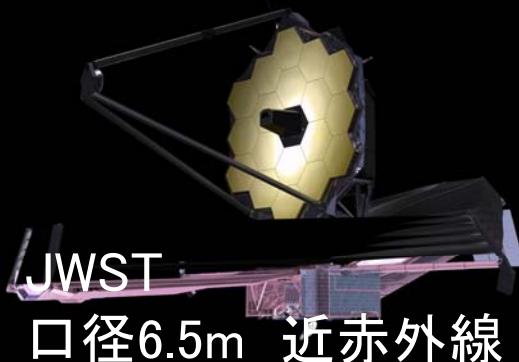
- Equivalence Principle

Future Astrophysics Missions

| Agency/ Nation | “FLAGSHIP” (>\$1B) | Middle/Large (~\$250M–1000M) | Small/Middle |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| NASA | JWST/ WFIRST | SPHEREx | TESS (2018) IXPE |
| ESA | LISA / Athena | Euclid / PLATO / ARIEL M5(SPICA/THESEUS/ENVISION) | CHEOPS(2019) |
| China | | DAMPE(2015),HXMT (2016) SST-Surveyor | QUESS(2016), Einstein Probe |
| India | | | ASTROSAT (2015) |
| Russia | | Spektr-RG(EROSITA) (2019) Spektr-UV(WSO-UV) | |
| Japan | | XRISM LiteBIRD / SPICA | Small-JASMINE M4(Solar-C/HiZ-GUNDAM) |

Landscape in 2020's Large Space Missions

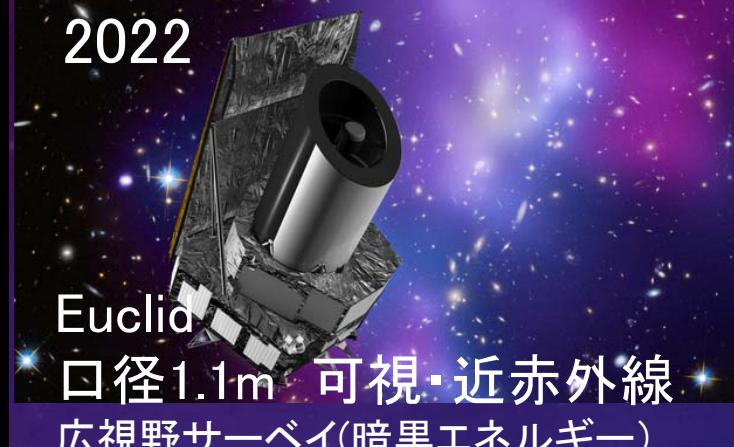
2021



JWST

口径6.5m 近赤外線

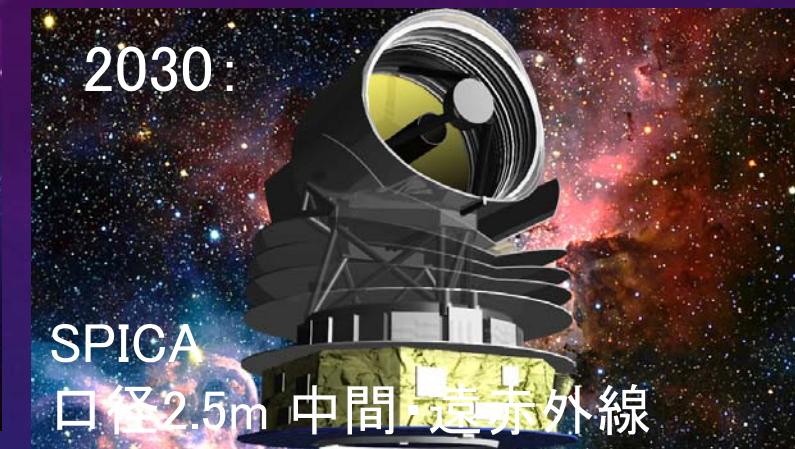
2022



Euclid

口径1.1m 可視・近赤外線
広視野サーベイ(暗黒エネルギー)

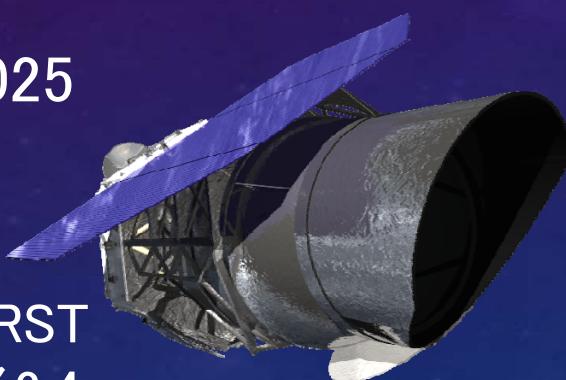
2030:



SPICA

口径2.5m 中間・遠赤外線
銀河形成、惑星形成、重元素進化

2025



WFIRST

口径2.4m

広視野近赤外線

系外惑星・宇宙論

2032:

Athena

X線

銀河団形成・
宇宙初期巨大ブラックホール

2034:

LISA

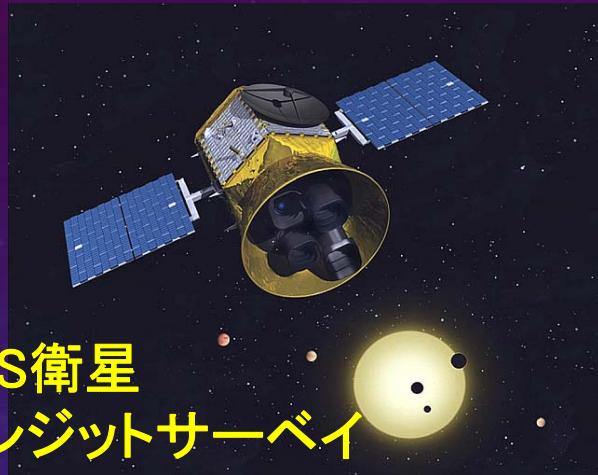
重力波

巨大ブラックホール形成・
中性子星合体

Landscape in 2020's Space Missions for Exoplanets



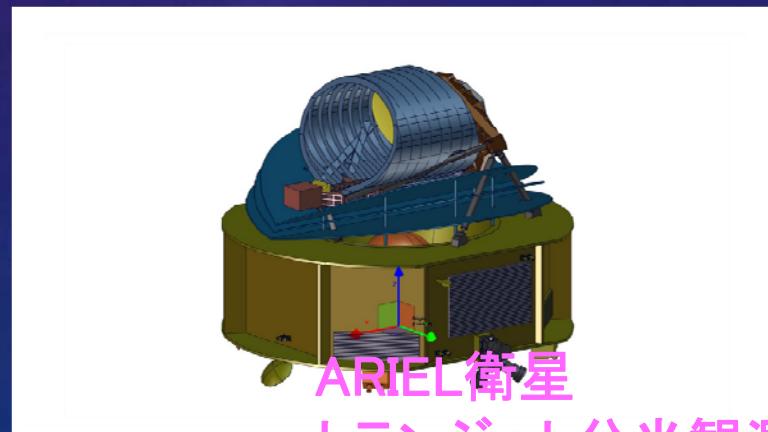
Kepler衛星
トランジットサーベイ
NASA 2006



TESS衛星
トランジットサーベイ
NASA 2018



PLATO衛星
トランジットサーベイ
ESA 2024~



ARIEL衛星
トランジット分光観測
ESA 2028~



WFIRST衛星
マイクロレンズ、
コロナグラフ
NASA 2025~



CHEOPS(小型)衛星
トランジット観測
ESA 2019~

地上の大型計画・ 将来計画

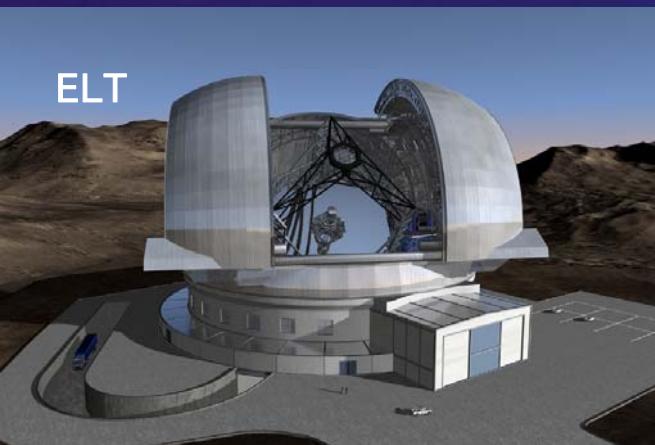
TMT



GMT



ELT



LSST



SKA



ALMA



CTA



Super Kamiokande
Hyper Kamiokande



(C) 東京大学宇宙線研究所 神岡宇宙素粒子研究施設

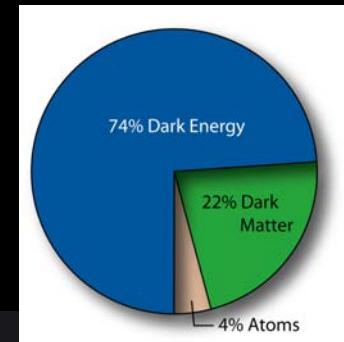
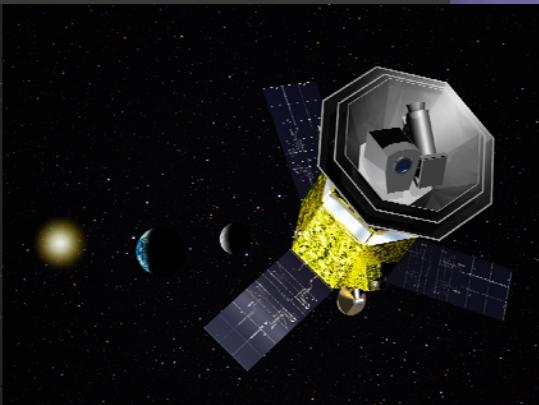
Big Questions in Astrophysics



- Origins of the Space and Time of the Universe
Beyond the Big Bang Theory
 - Cosmic Inflation? ← LiteBIRD**
 - Dark Energy/ Modified Gravity ← WFIRST contribution**
- Structure Formation and Evolution
 - Dark Matter
 - First Stars/First Galaxies/First SMBHs
 - Chemical Enrichment / Evolution of Solid / Organic
 - Planetary Formation
- Possibility of Life in the Universe

Observational evidence of Cosmic Inflation

LiteBIRD



WFIRST



Toward understanding
the nature of Dark Energy

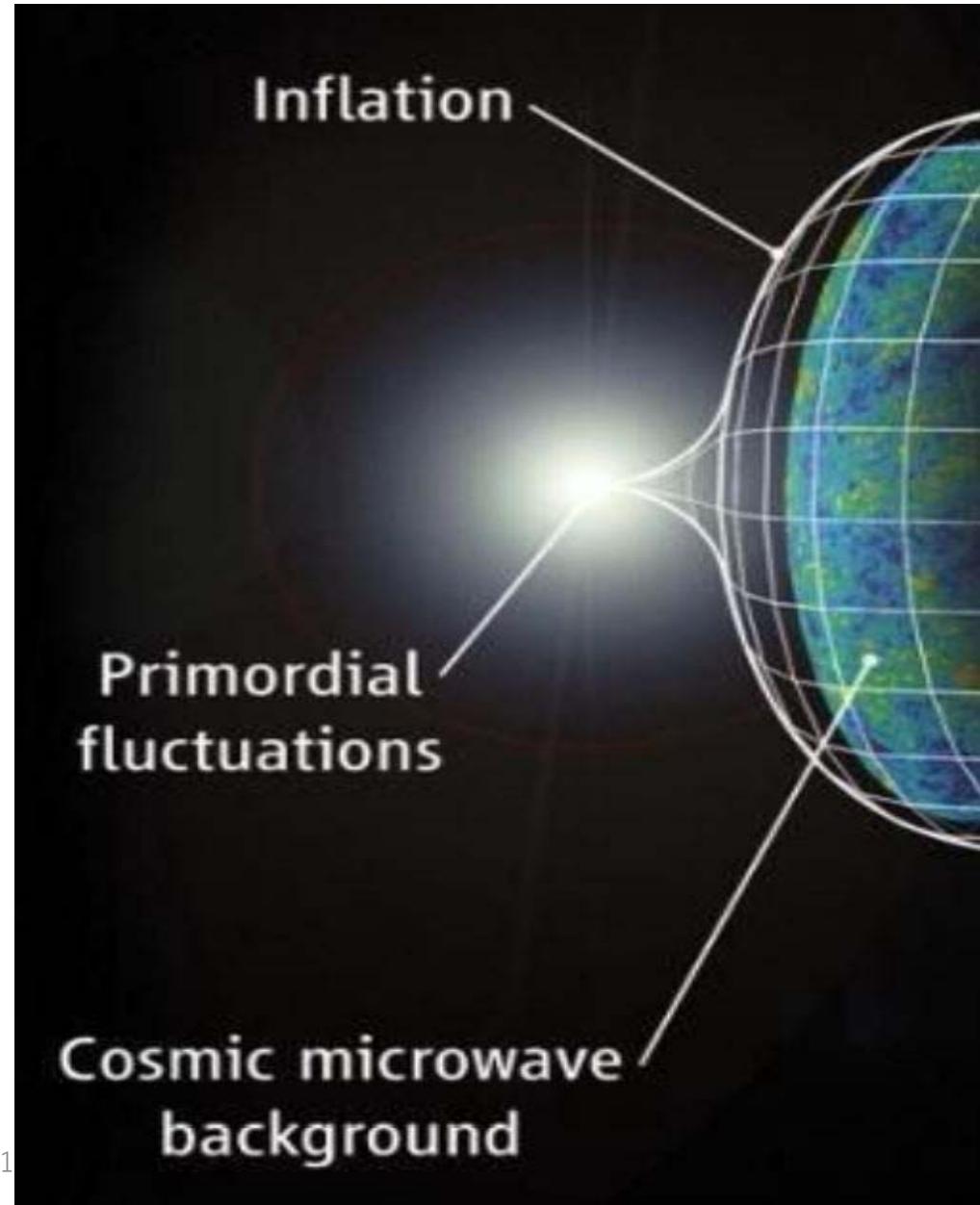
Cosmic Inflation?

Solving the horizon problem,
and the flatness problems

Re-heating the Universe to
Big Bang

Quantum fluctuation
→ Origins of the structure
in the universe

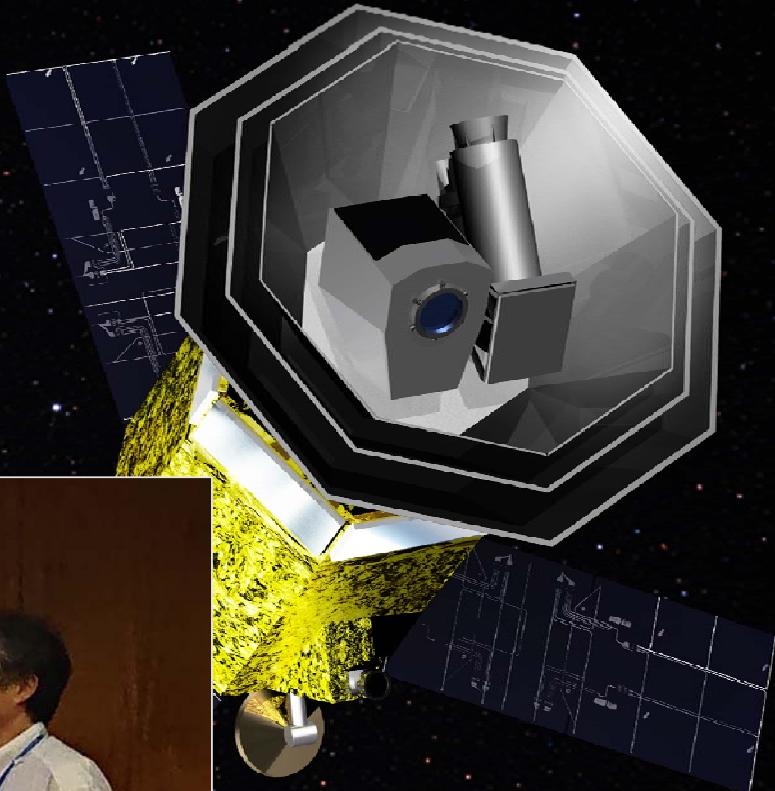
Observational
evidence?



LiteBIRD

Official announcement

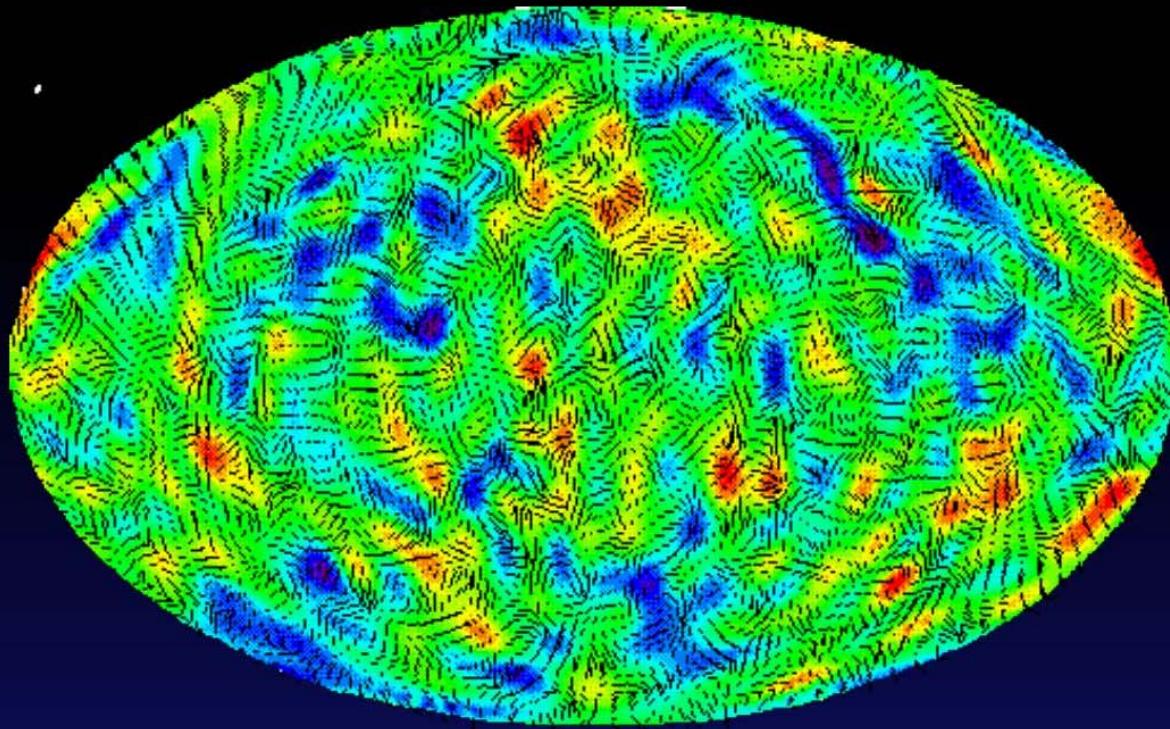
http://www.isas.jaxa.jp/home/rikou/godo/2019/0602/gbi7uzhxmxz/misison_selection_announcement_may2019.pdf



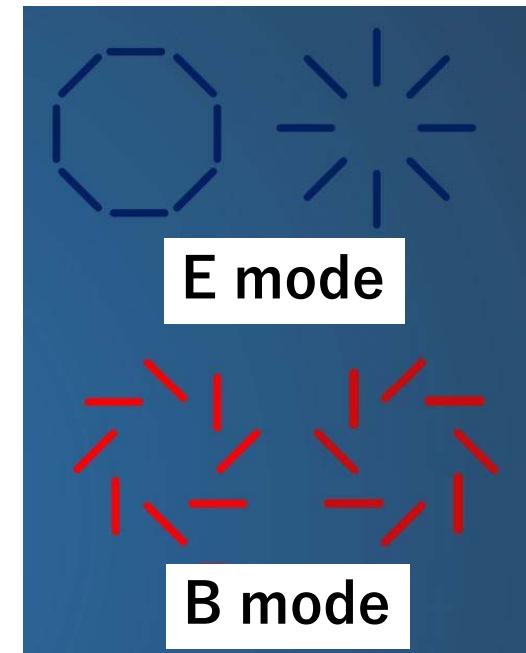
**Kick-off International Symposium
July 1-2 @ ISAS**

Selected for L-2

Expected CMB Polarization Sky Map

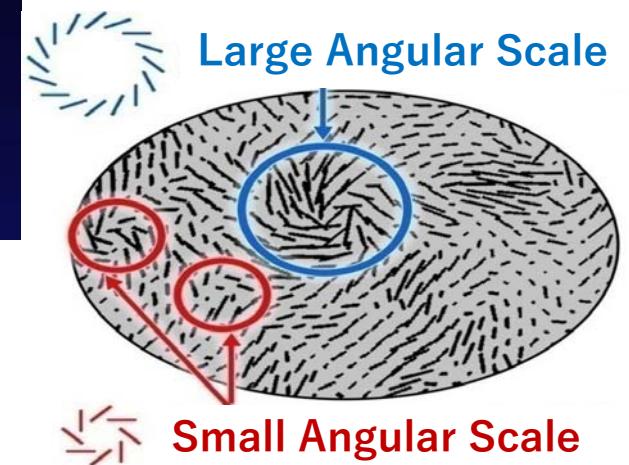


Simulation



E mode

B mode



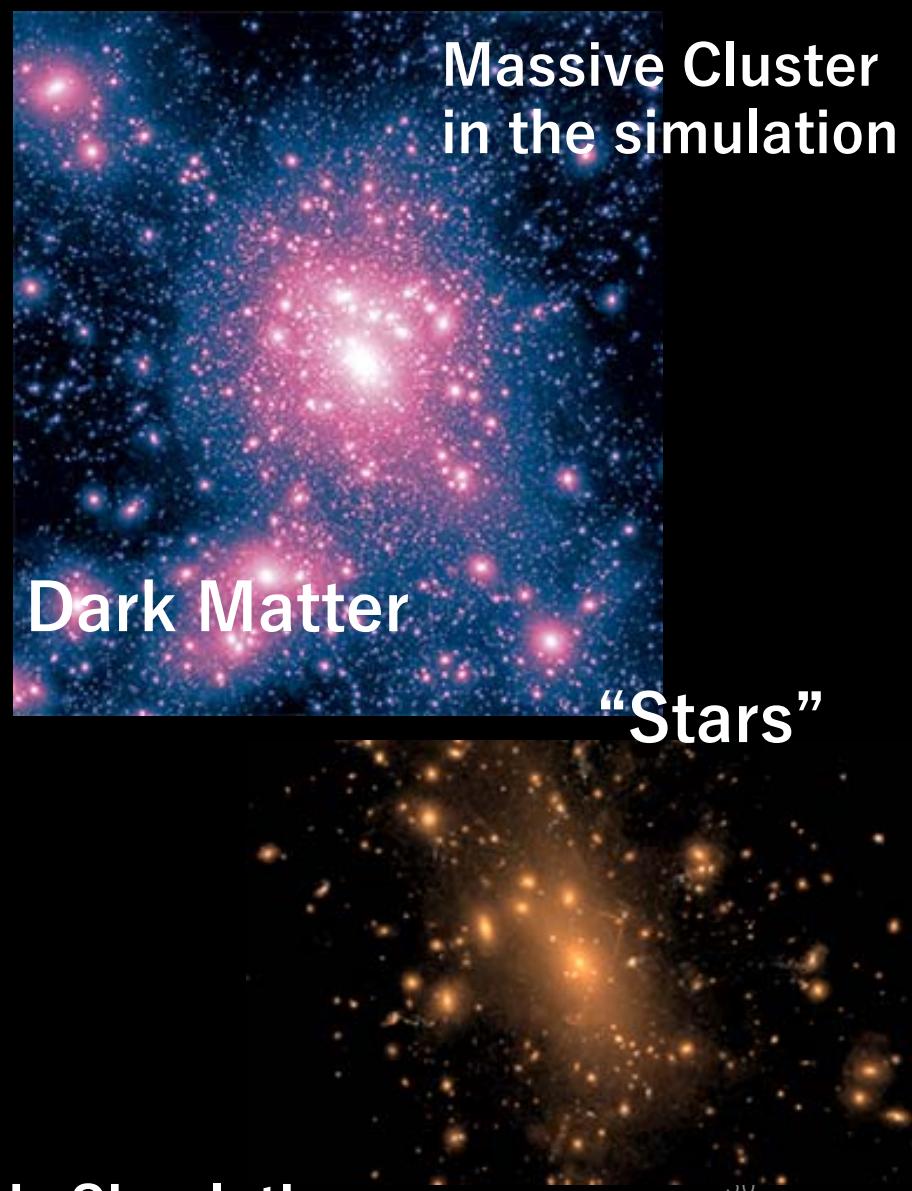
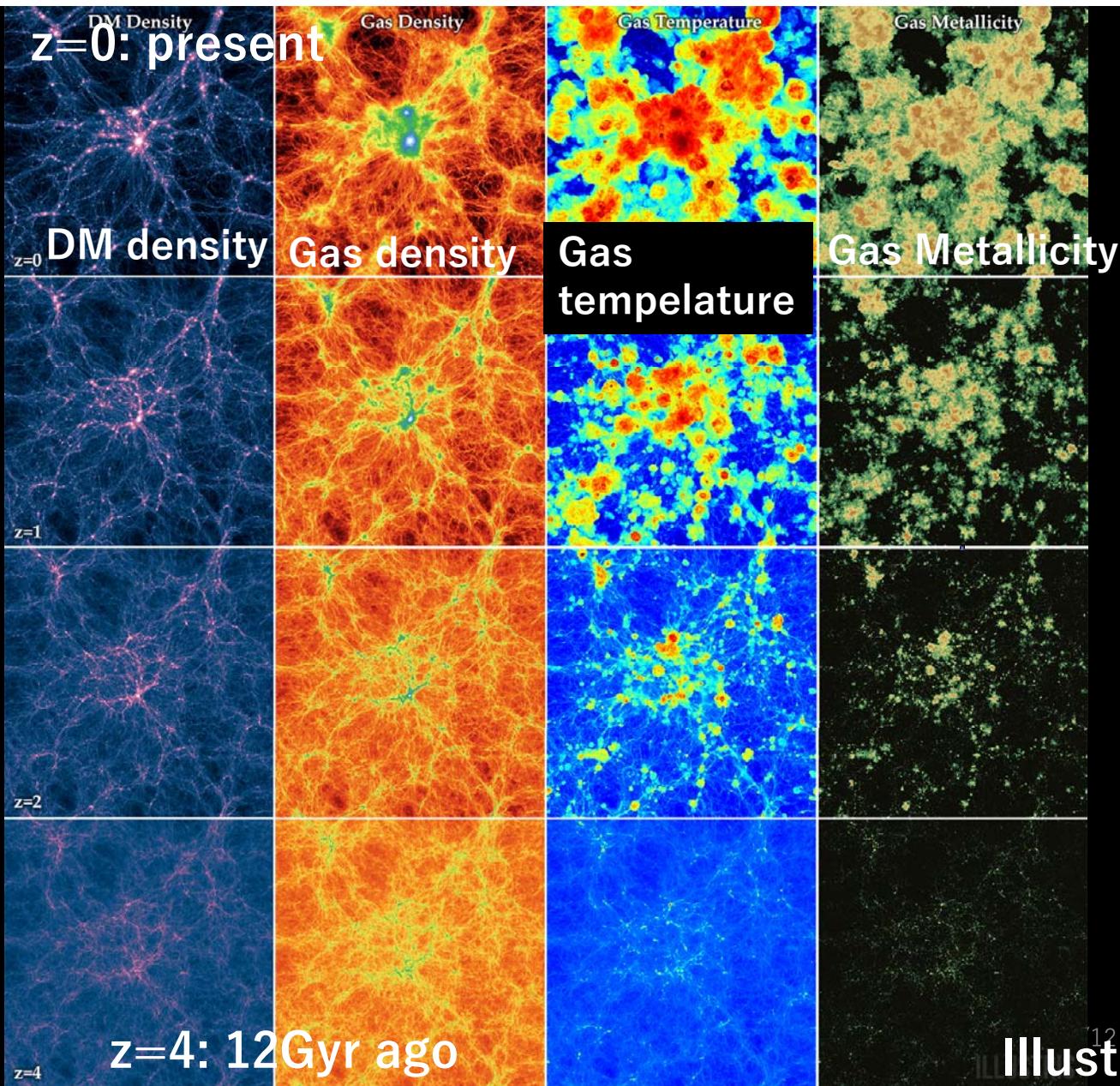
Large Angular Scale

Small Angular Scale

Big Questions Left in Astrophysics

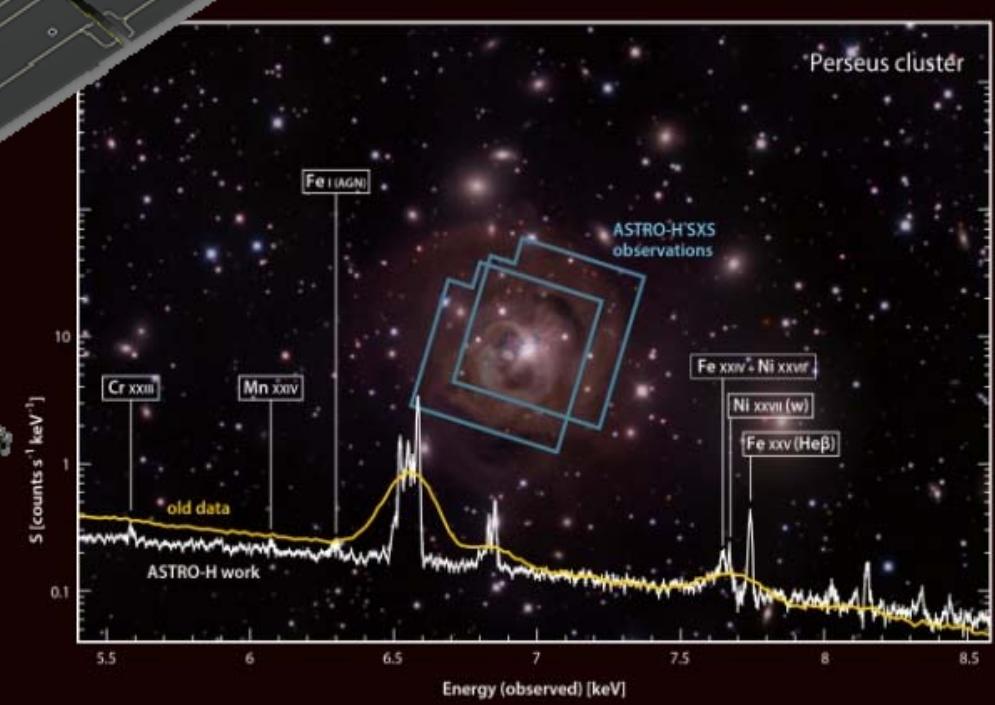
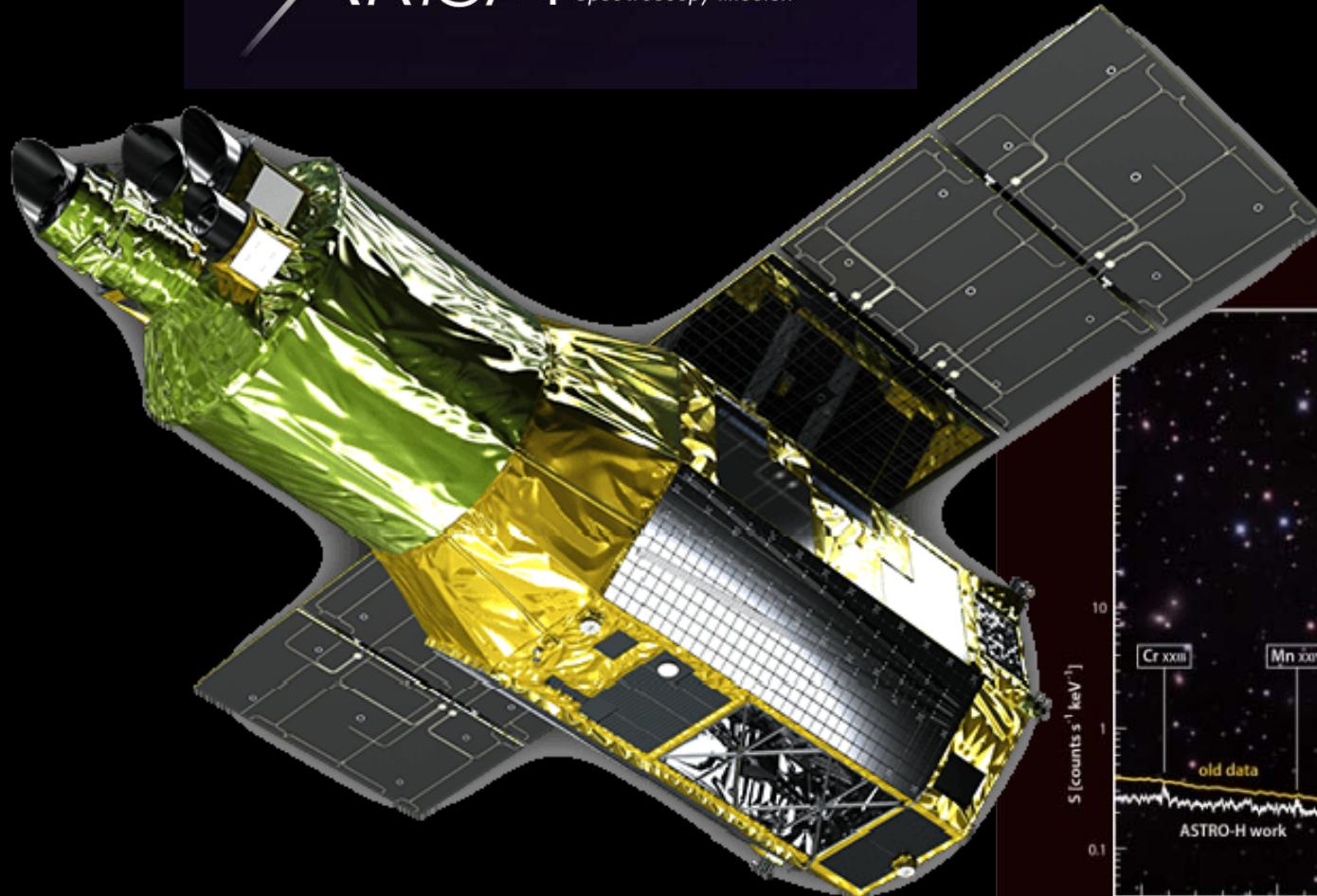


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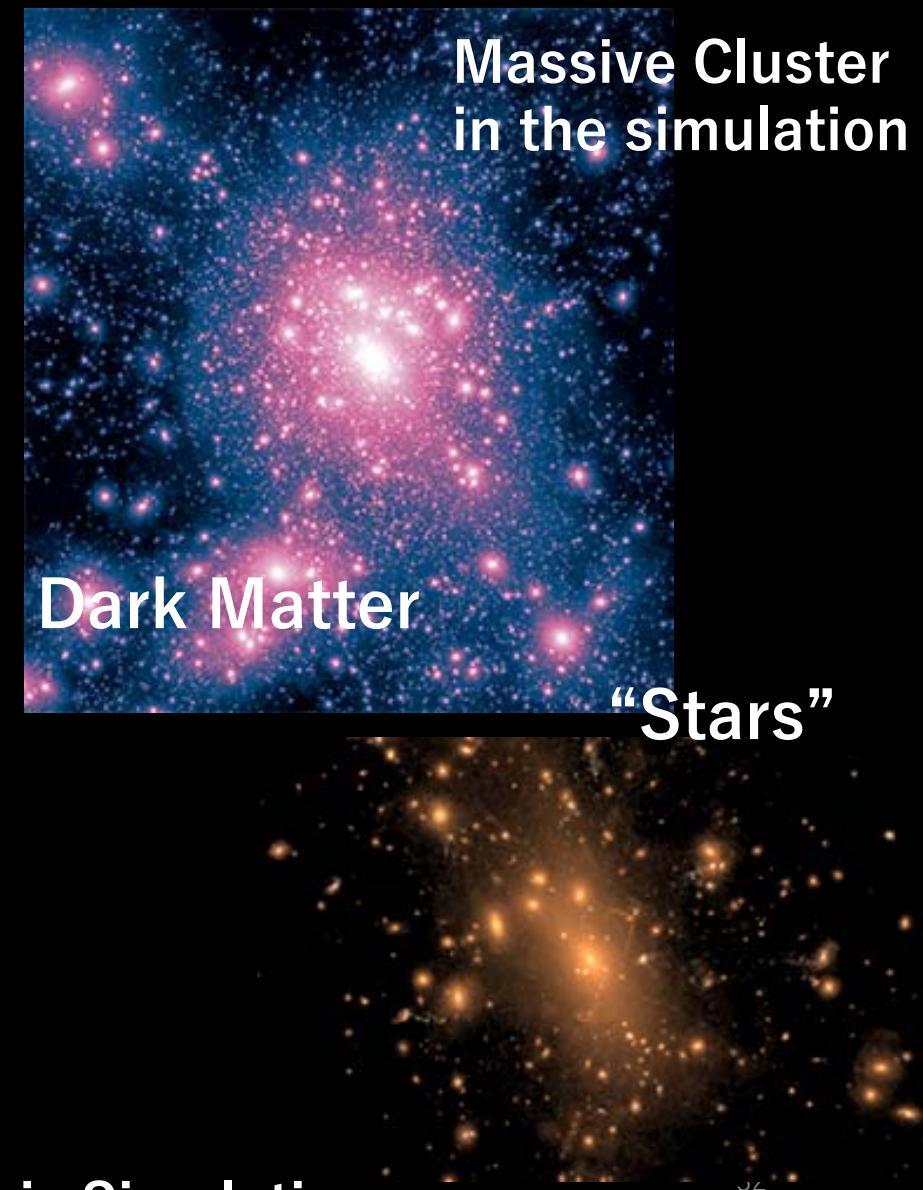
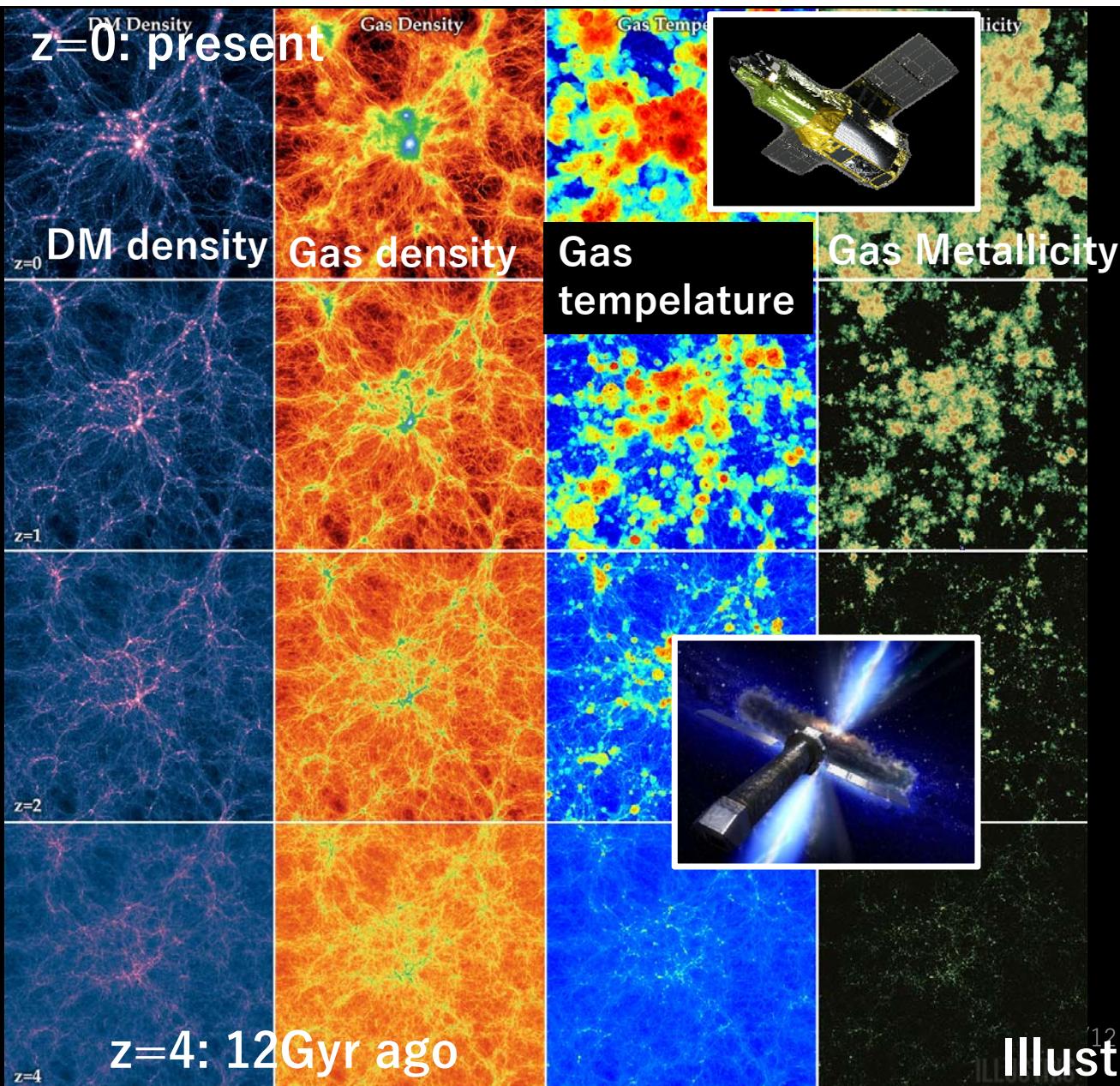


XRISM

X-Ray Imaging and
Spectroscopy Mission



Credit: JAXA/Ken Crawford (Rancho Del Sol Observatory)

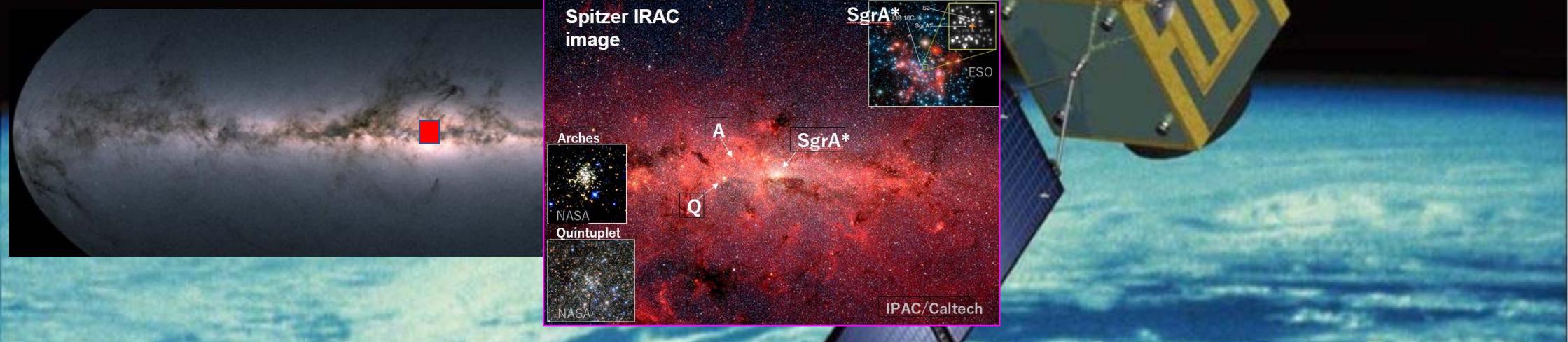


Small-JASMINE

National Astronomical Observatory of Japan
JASMINE Project Office

NIR Astrometry
Inner bulge region of
Milky Way

M-Class
Selected for M-3

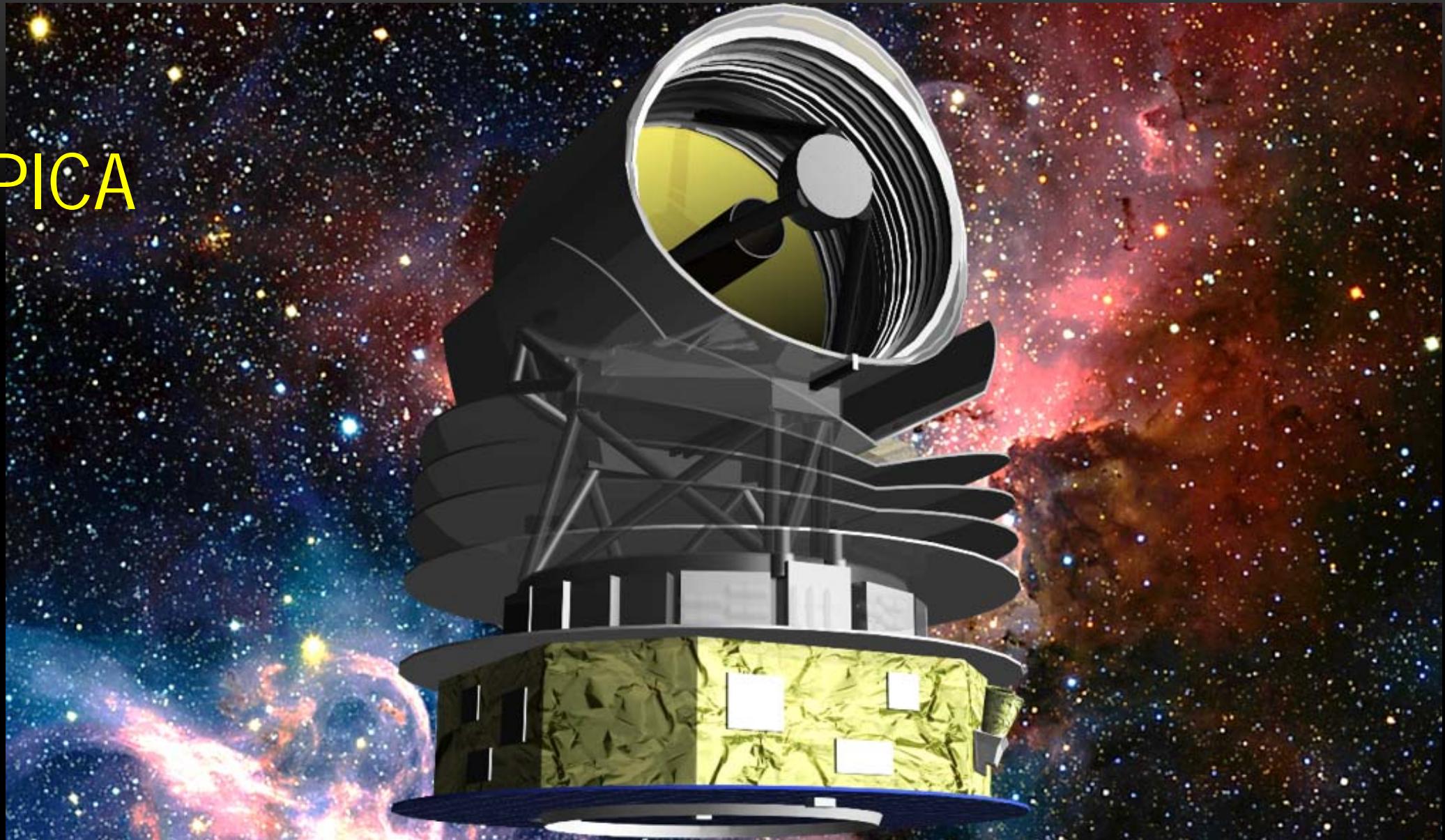


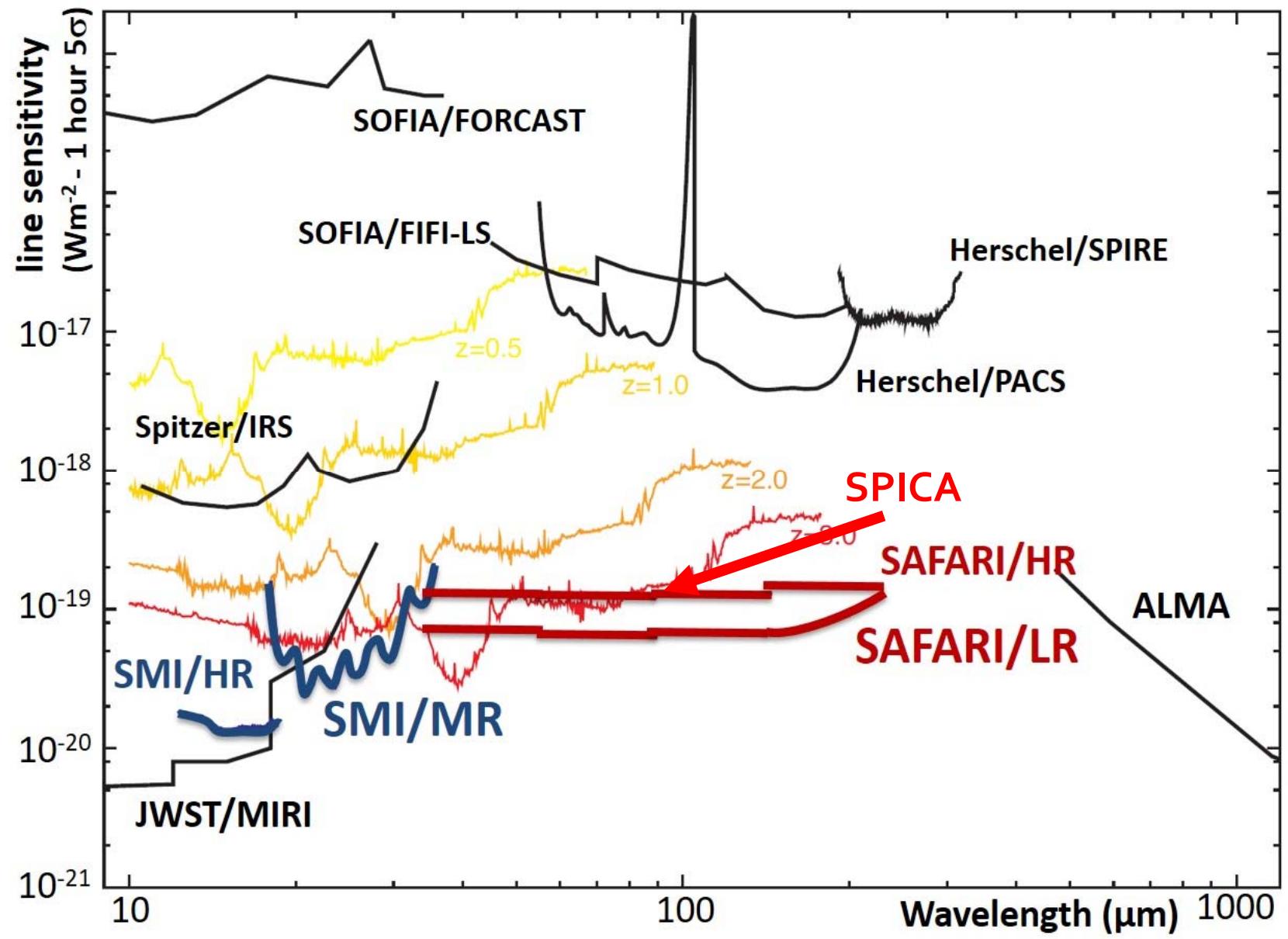
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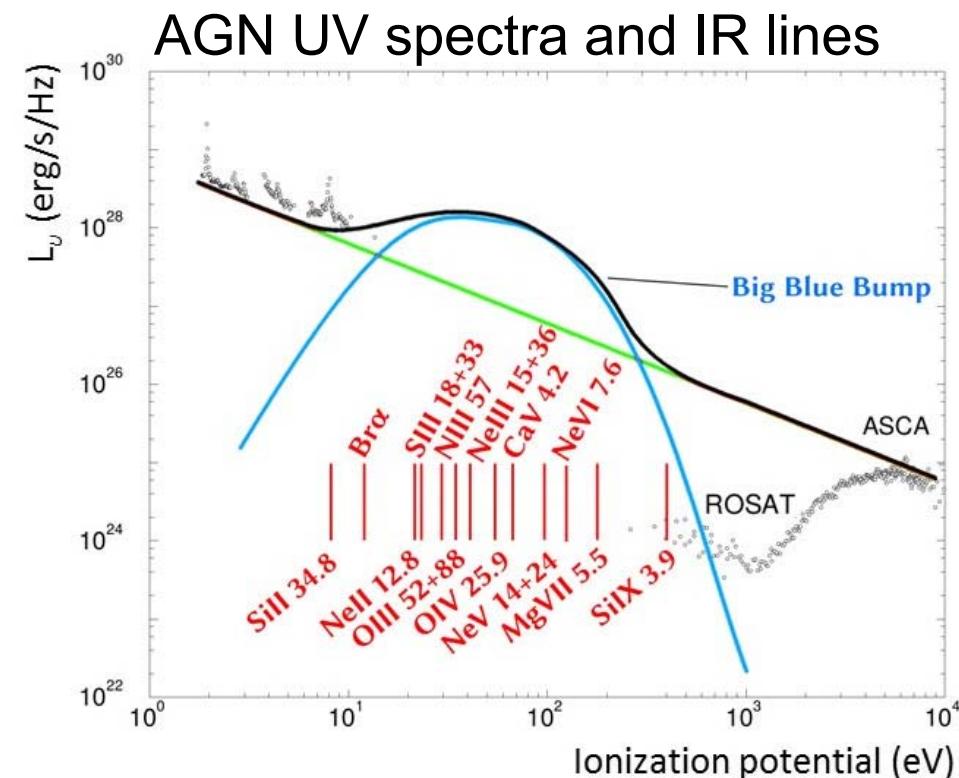
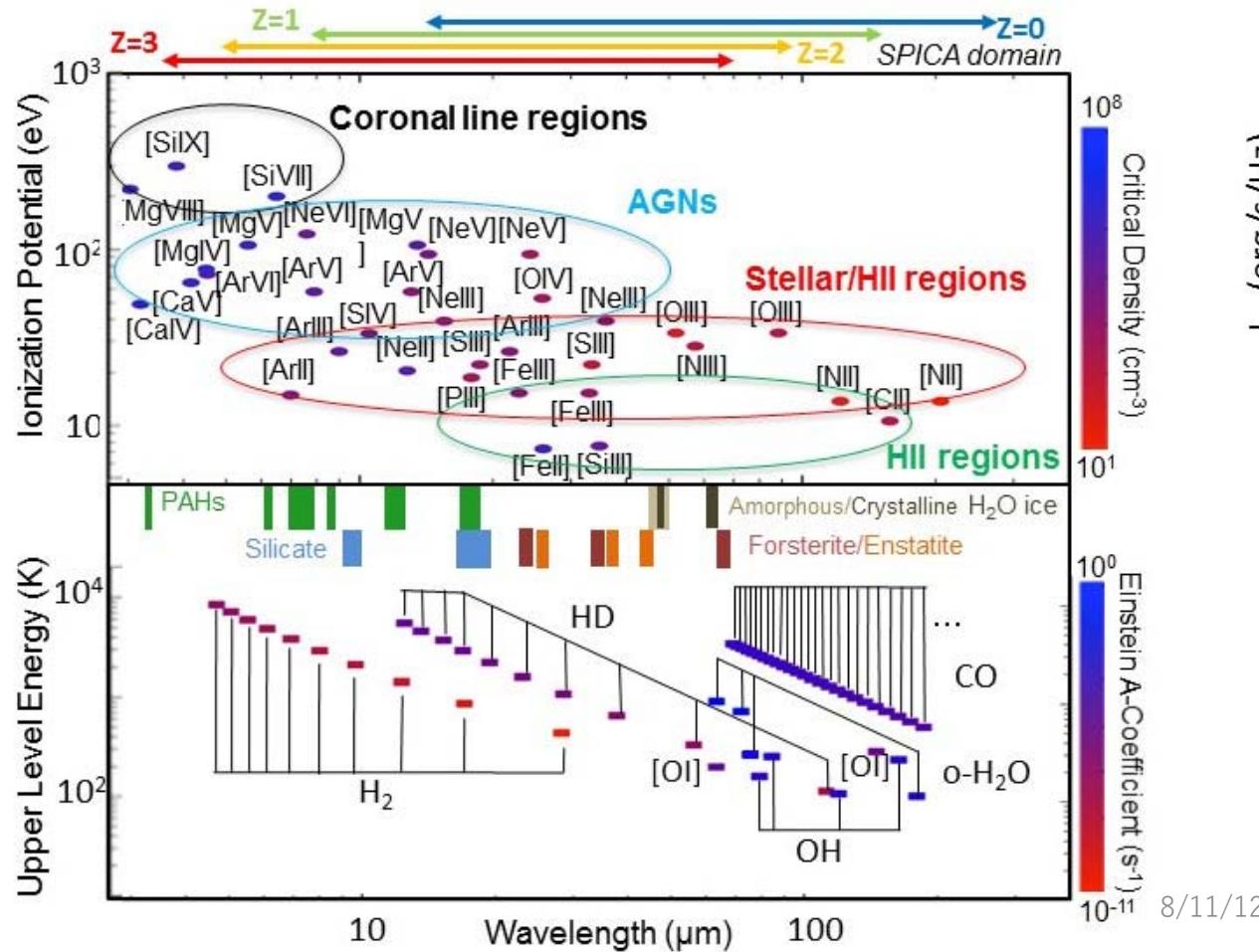
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SPICA

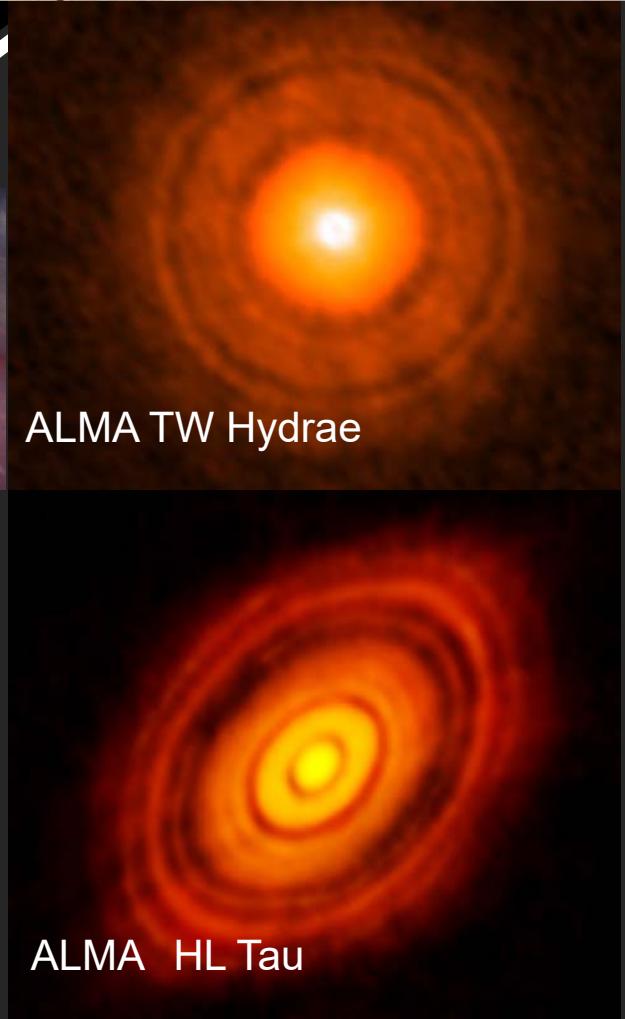
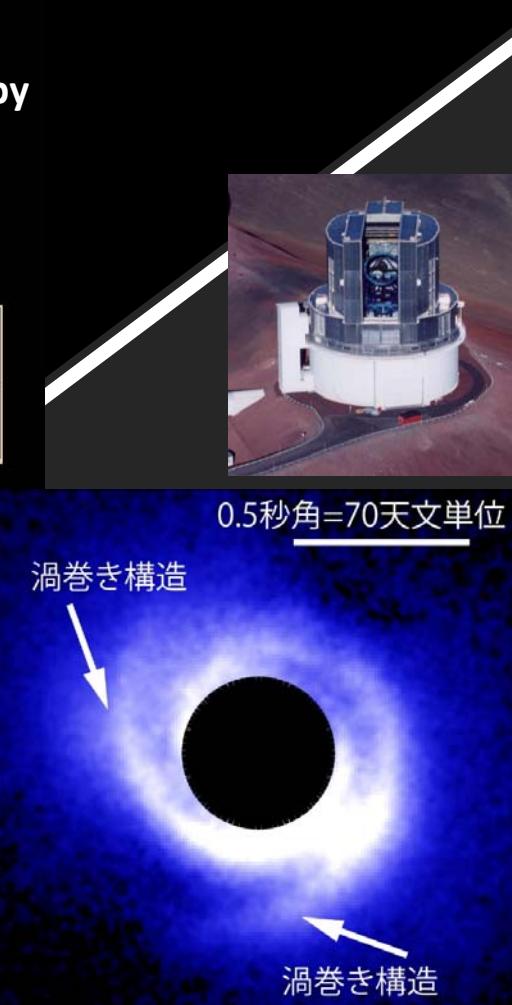
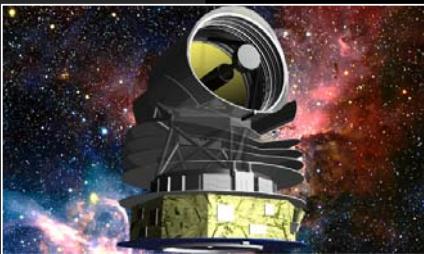
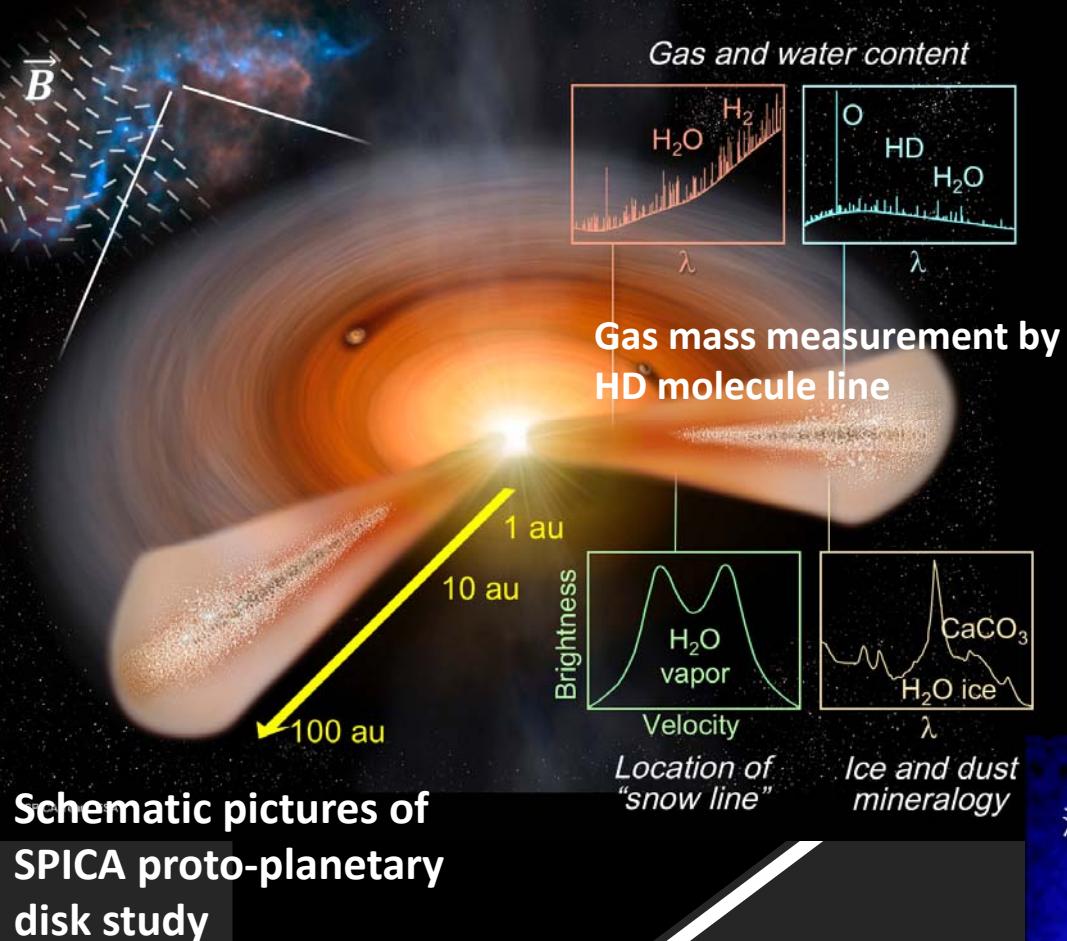




Rich Infrared Probes



Planetary Formation



- 2.5 m telescope, which is cryogenically cooled down to below 8 K
- Spectroscopy at mid/far infrared ar 12-350 μ m
Instruments: SMI(mid-infrared), SAFARI (far-infrared),
B-BOP(infrared polarimetric imaging)
- Joint space mission of Europe and Japan,
to be launched at ~2030
- **ESA: Cosmic Vision M-5 : One of the THREE (of 25) candidates**
Final Selection 2021 June / Adoption 2024
JAXA: Prioritized candidate (not adopted) for L-3



XRISM



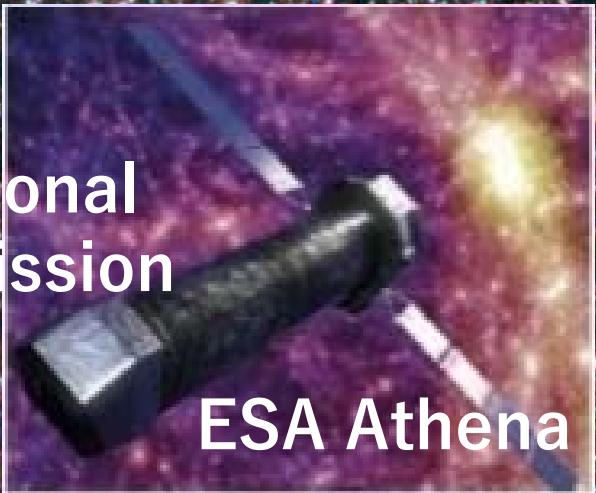
LiteBIRD



SPICA

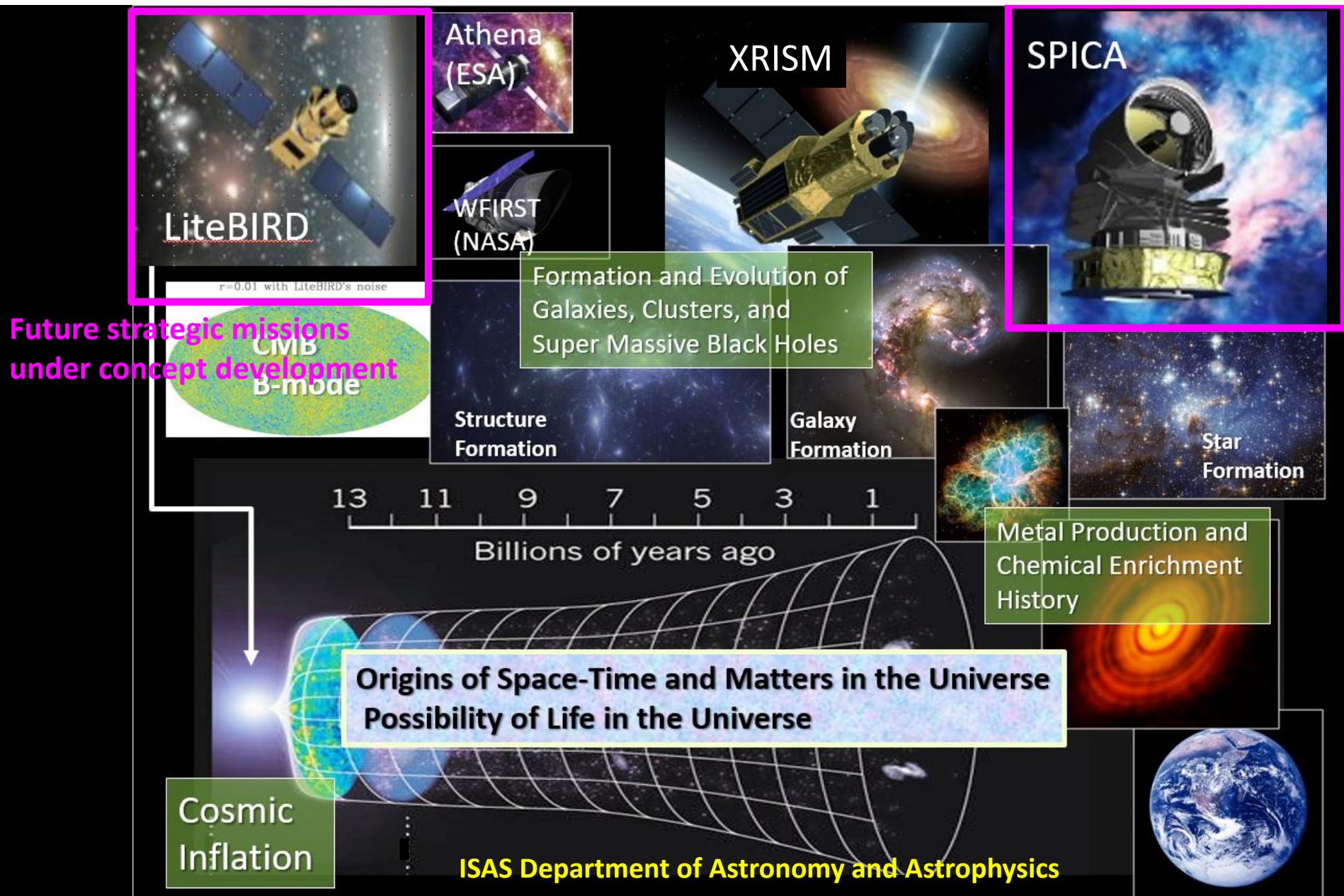
Cryogenic Payload Missions
Cryogenic Detector Systems

JAXA-led mission



ESA Athena

**JAXA “Key technology”
for development**
**“JAXA Space Science Technology
Roadmap”**



世界の計画（1）



| 残された課題 | JAXA の取組み | JAXAの国際協力による取組み | 海外の取組み |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| ① 宇宙の空間／時間構造とその起源 | | | |
| 宇宙背景放射による原始重力波痕跡の検出による宇宙初期インフレーション検証 | LiteBIRD [→PhaseA1] | | |
| 原始重力波の直接検出 | 将来計画検討 (DECIGOなど) | | (LISA) |
| 暗黒エネルギーの性質への手がかり | | WFIRST協力 [Pre-Phase A2] | Euclid [2021] WFIRST[2025] |
| ② 宇宙における構造の発展と天体の形成 | | | |
| ②-A 宇宙における構造形成史(全体)における未解決問題 | | | |
| 宇宙の暗黒物質の分布、正体の解明 | | WFIRST協力 GAPS〔気球：小規模〕 | Euclid WFIRST |
| 宇宙の初代銀河・初代星の全般的な理解 宇宙再電離前後の天体形成 | HiZ-GUNDAM [Pre-Phase A1b] | WFIRST協力 | JWST [2020] Euclid WFIRST Theseus [Phase0/A] LUVOIR/Lynx [STDT] |

世界の計画(2)

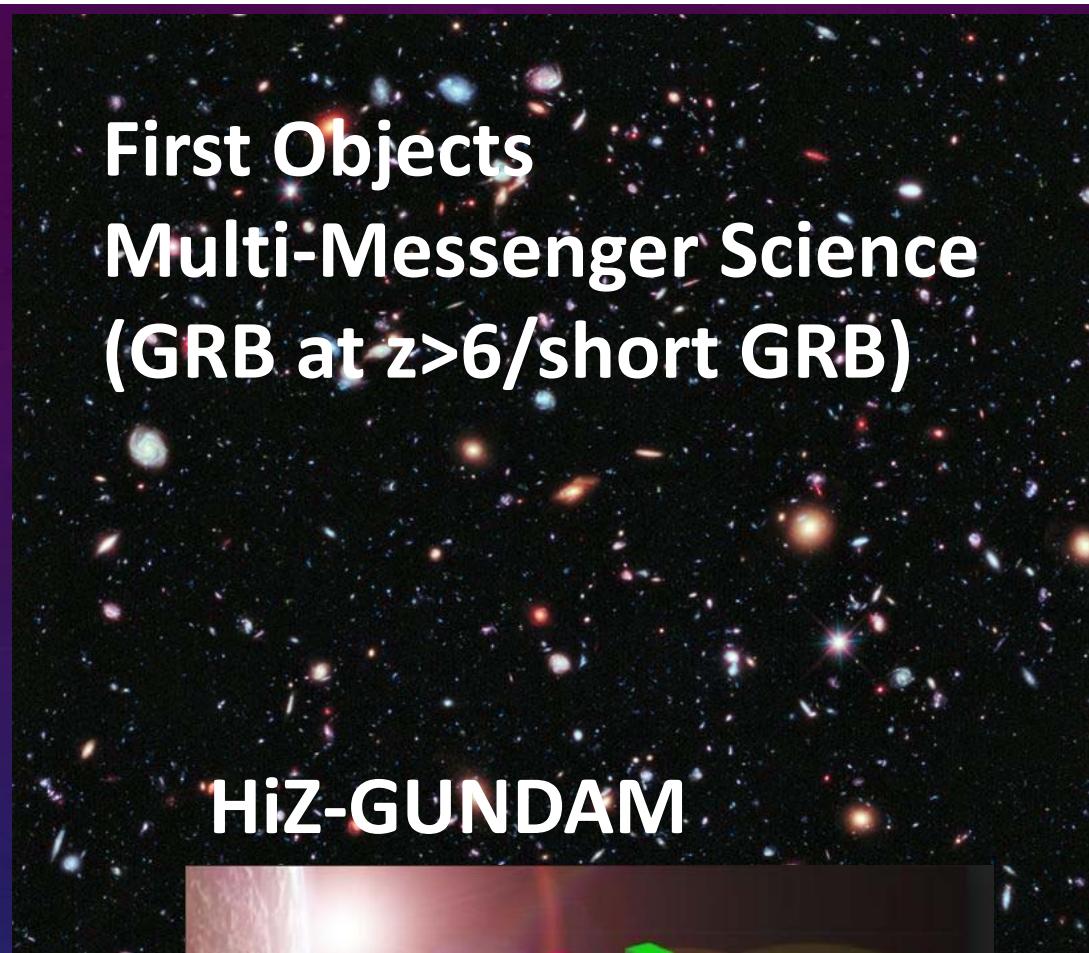


| 残された課題 | JAXA の取組み | JAXAの国際協力による取組み | 海外の取組み |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| ②-B 宇宙の構造形成におけるバリオン物理過程の解明 | | | |
| 銀河内部構造の形成 | | WFIRST協力 | JWST [2020] WFIRST[2025] LUVOIR [STDT] |
| ダストに隠された銀河形成初期の星形成と巨大ブラックホールの形成 | SPICA [Pre-PhaseA2] FORCE [Pre-Phase A1] | Athena [Pre-Phase A1] | JWST Athena [PhaseA] SPICA[Phase0/A] OST/Lynx [STDT] |
| 銀河団におけるガスの運動と力学的構造 | XRISM [FY2021] | Athena | Athena |
| 中高温銀河間ガスの直接検出 | XRISM 将来計画 | Athena | Athena LUVOIR/Lynx[STDT] |
| 銀河団高温ガスの熱的・化学的進化 | XRISM | Athena | Athena , Lynx [STDT] |
| ②-C 宇宙の重元素およびダストの生成・化学進化 | | | |
| 超新星爆発・中性子合体における重元素生成 | XRISM | Athena [Pre-Phase A1] | Athena , Lynx [STDT] LISA [PhaseA] |
| 銀河形成期の化学進化過程 | SPICA | | JWST SPICA , OST [STDT] |
| 宇宙におけるダストの生成と俯瞰的進化 | SPICA | | SPICA OST [STDT] |

世界の計画(3)

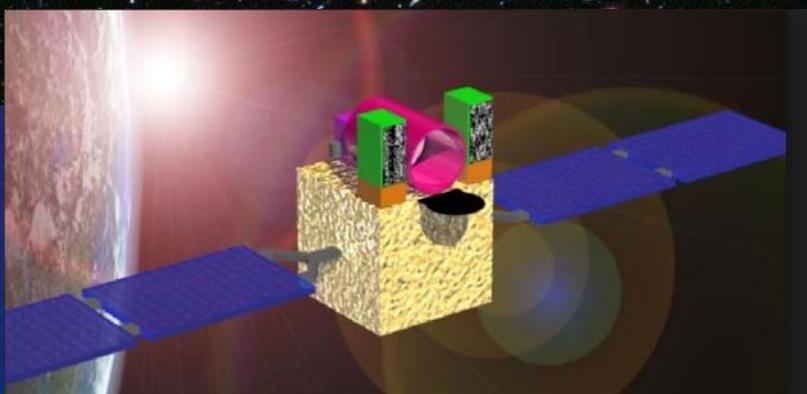


| 残された課題 | JAXA の取組み | JAXAの国際協力による取組み | 海外の取組み |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| ②-D 星形成・ブラックホール現象の物理 | | | |
| ブラックホール直近の時空構造 | XRISM [2021] | Athena [Pre-Phase A1b] | Athena [PhaseA] |
| 星形成に至るガスの収縮・分裂過程 | SPICA [Pre-PhaseA2] | | SPICA[Phase0/A] , OST [STDT] |
| ②-E 惑星系形成 | | | |
| 原始惑星系円盤におけるガスの散逸 と巨大ガス惑星生成 | SPICA | | SPICA OST [STDT] |
| 原始惑星系円盤： H_2O の気体・固体分布 | SPICA | | SPICA OST [STDT] |
| ③ 太陽系外惑星の検出および大気詳細研究 | | | |
| 太陽系外惑星の質量・軌道分布の全体像 | | WFIRST協力 [Pre-Phase A2] | WFIRST[2025] |
| 太陽系近傍・明るい恒星での系外惑星探査 | | | TESS [2018], PLATO [2026] |
| 太陽系外惑星の大気スペクトル観測 (トランジット観測) | | | JWST [2020], ARIEL [2028] OST/HabEx[STDT] |
| 太陽系外惑星の大気スペクトル観測 (直接観測) | | WFIRST協力 WSO 協 力 [Pre-Phase A1a] | WFIRST, WSO [2023:] |
| ハビタブル地球型惑星の大気・生命兆候 | | | LUVOIR/HabEX [STDT] |



First Objects Multi-Messenger Science (GRB at $z>6$ /short GRB)

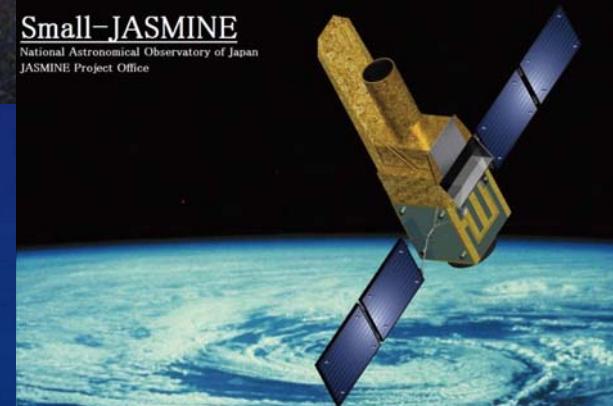
HiZ-GUNDAM



Infrared Astrometry Of the Bulge of Milky Way

Small JASMINE

Small-JASMINE
National Astronomical Observatory of Japan
JASMINE Project Office



Planning for Future Science Mission in JAXA



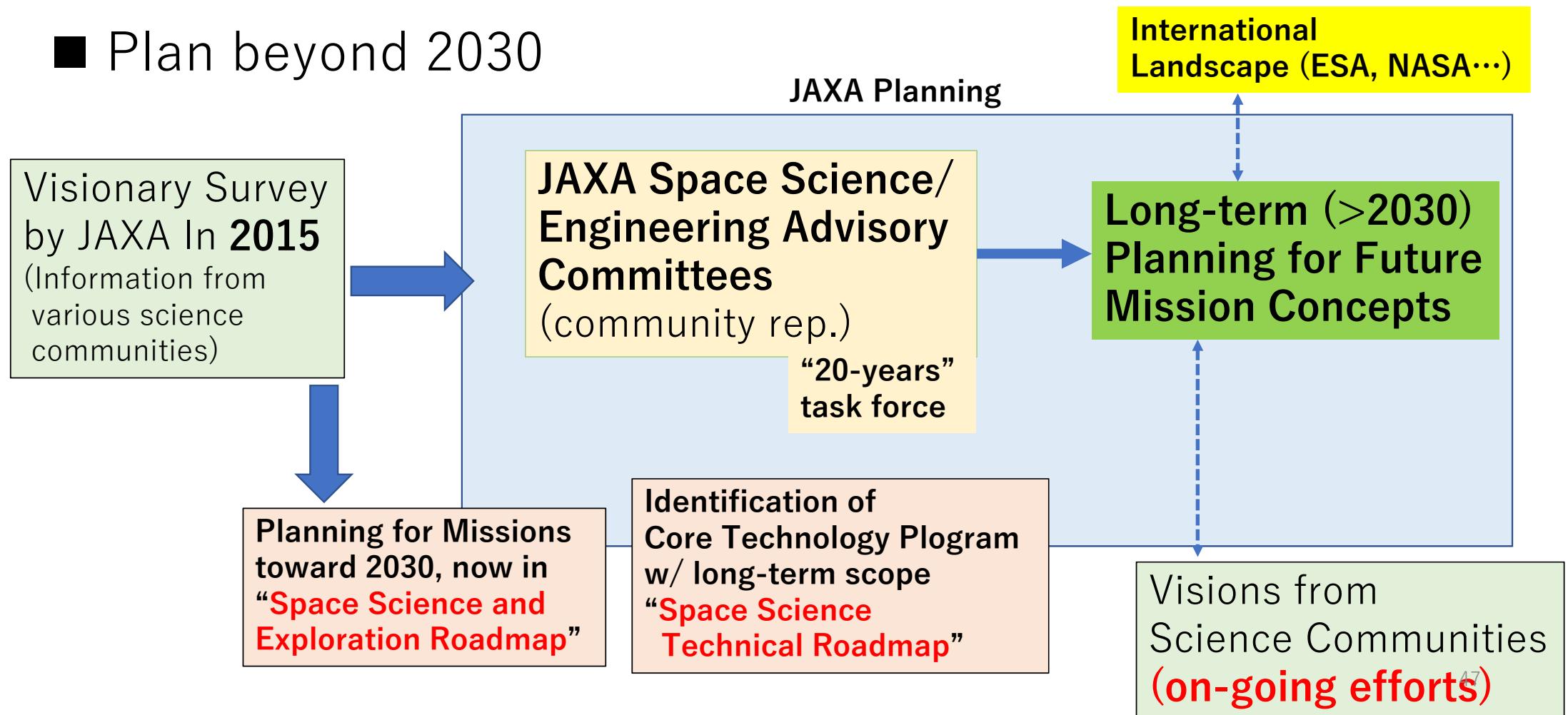
■ Plan beyond 2030

- **JAXA-led** missions, with “appropriate” balance to **International-led** missions
- JAXA plans a “program-ed” sequence of missions which have synergies in science and/or technology
- Plan should fit with the JAXA’s long-term vision for launcher service program

Planning for Future Science Mission in JAXA



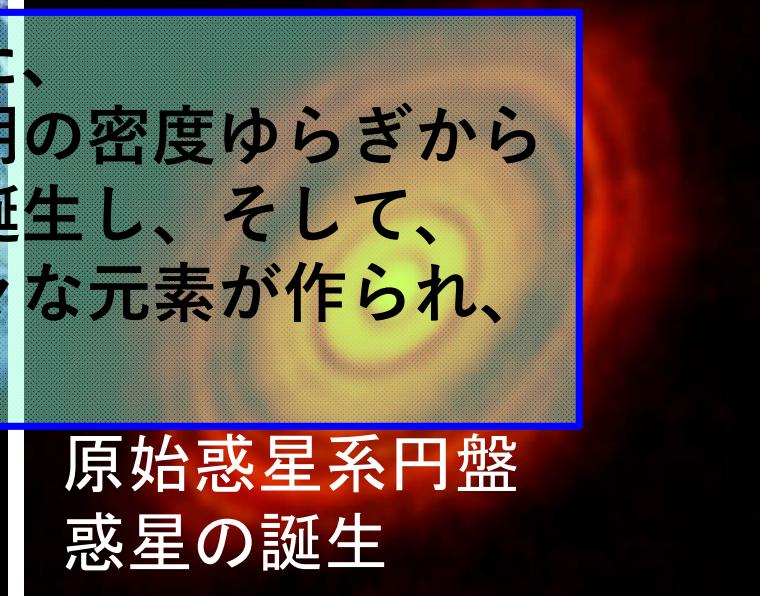
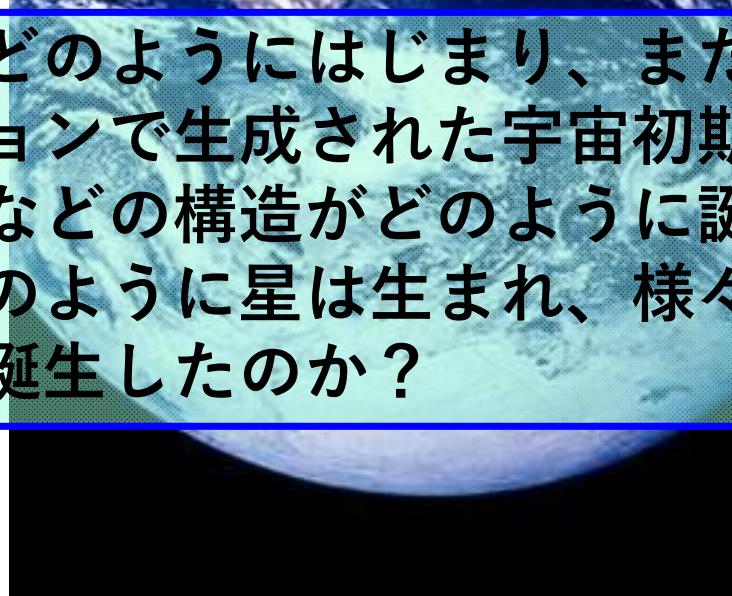
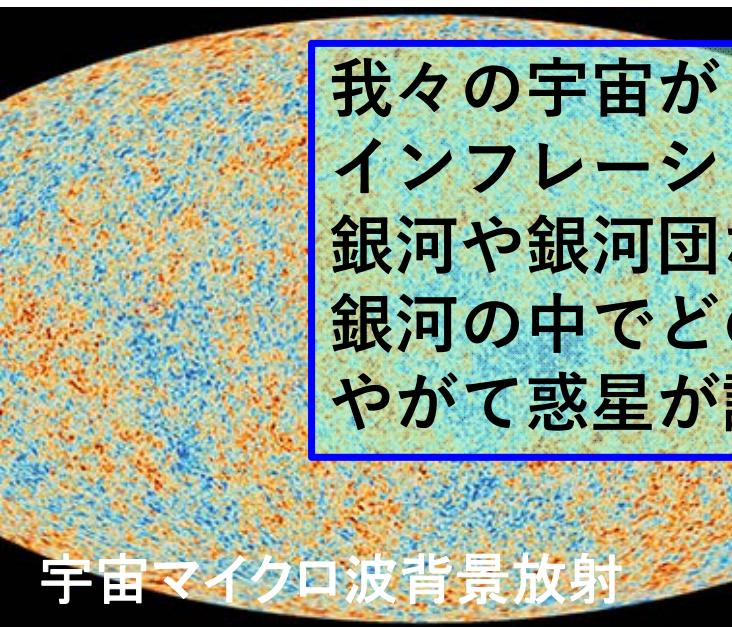
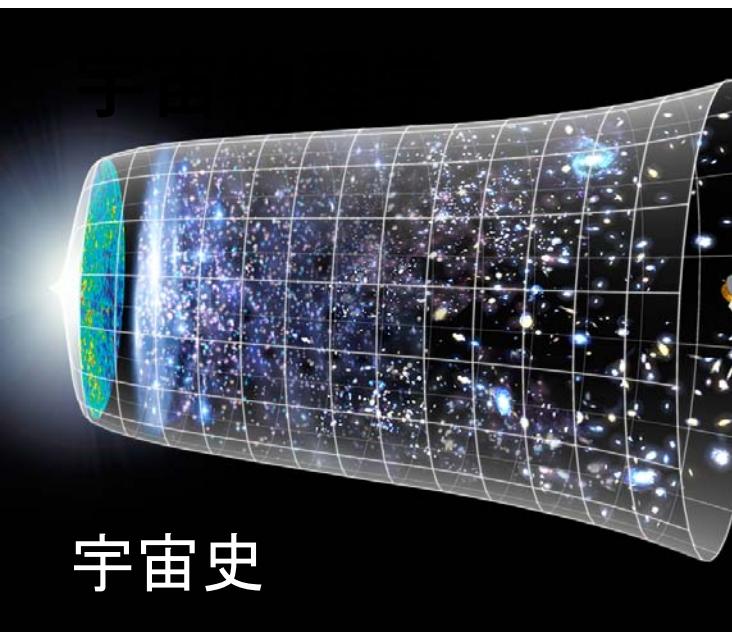
■ Plan beyond 2030



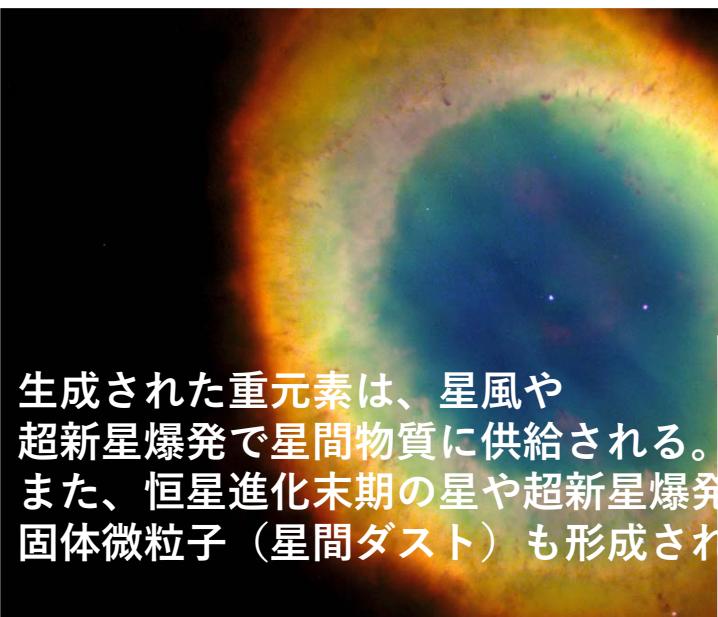
Visions over 2030

- **Key Science Fields** : under discussions in communities
- JAXA-led “Sharp” science mission concepts:
 - Gravitational Wave [Deci-Hz]experiment
 - Space Infrared [or X-ray] Interferometer
 - X-ray Wide-field, high energy resolution
 - UV Wide-field
 - NIR Wide-field
 - Inter Planetary Space Telescope
- “International Mega Missions”
 - Instrument/Instrument subsystems

Identifying core technologies



我々の宇宙がどのようにはじまり、また、
インフレーションで生成された宇宙初期の密度ゆらぎから
銀河や銀河団などの構造がどのように誕生し、そして、
銀河の中でどのように星は生まれ、様々な元素が作られ、
やがて惑星が誕生したのか？

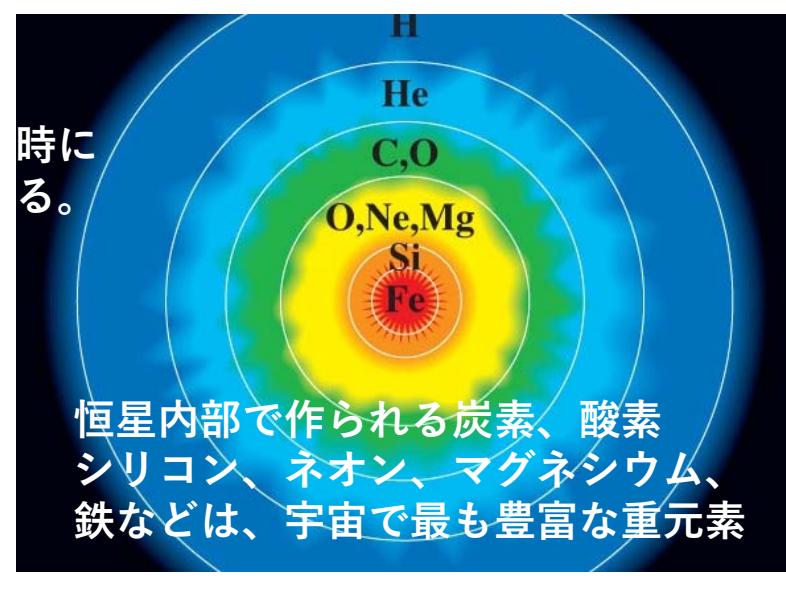


M57
HST
NASA

生成された重元素は、星風や超新星爆発で星間物質に供給される。また、恒星進化末期の星や超新星爆発時に固体微粒子（星間ダスト）も形成される。

恒星内部の核融合反応や超新星爆発・中性子合体の現場などで宇宙の重元素が作られる。

Tycho
Chandra
NASA



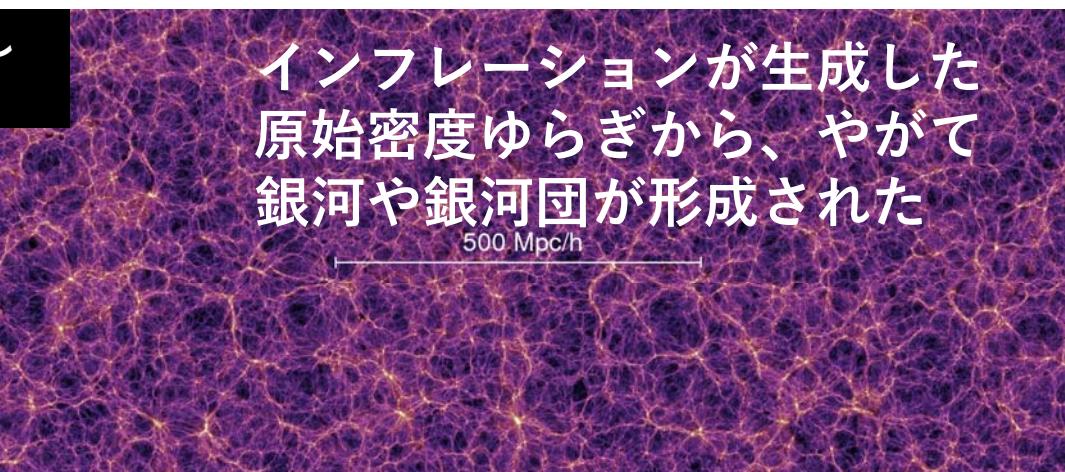
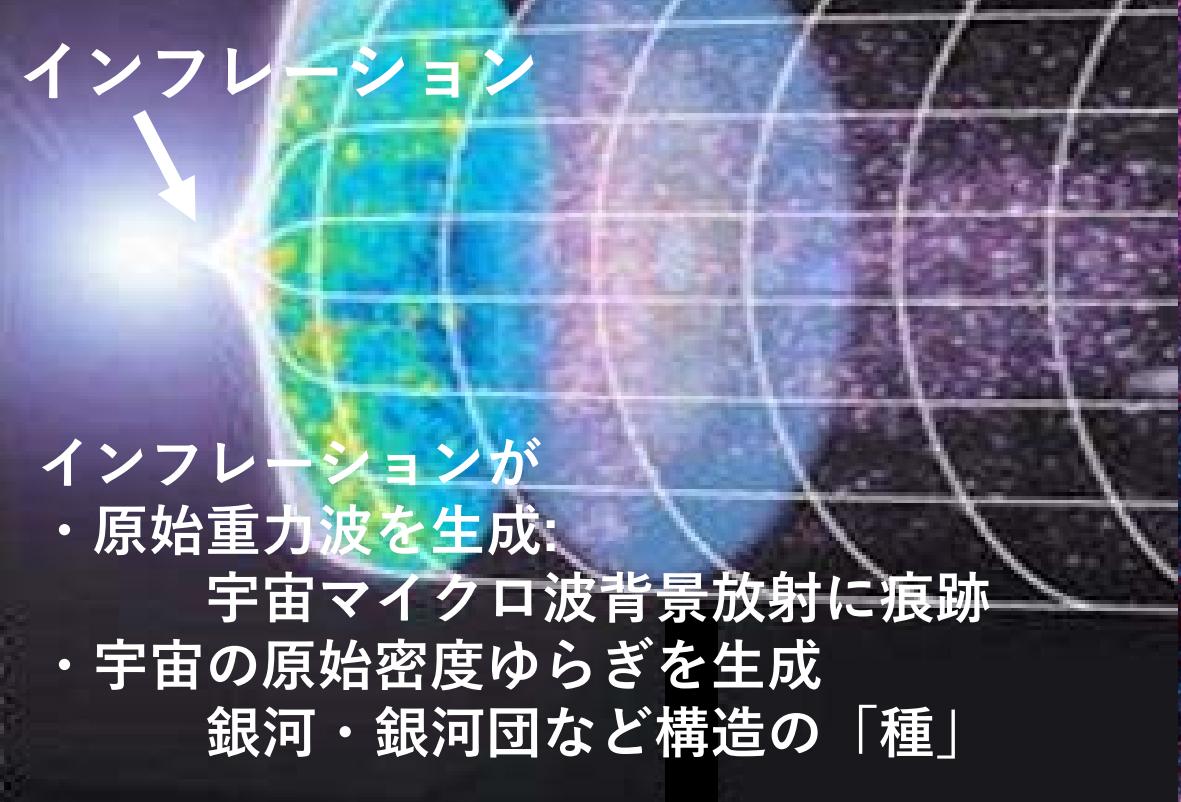
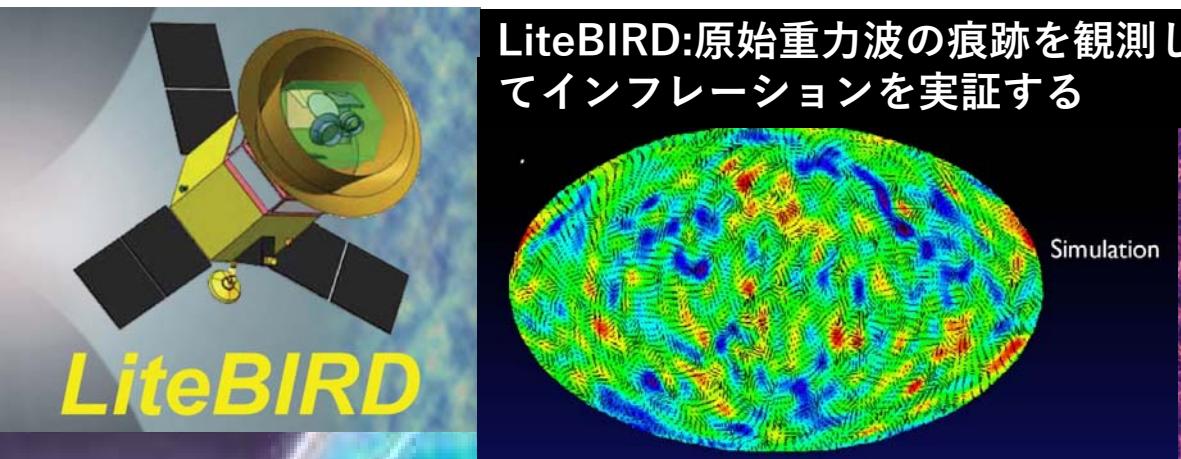
それまでに作られた重元素を含むガスやダストからやがて次世代の惑星が誕生する



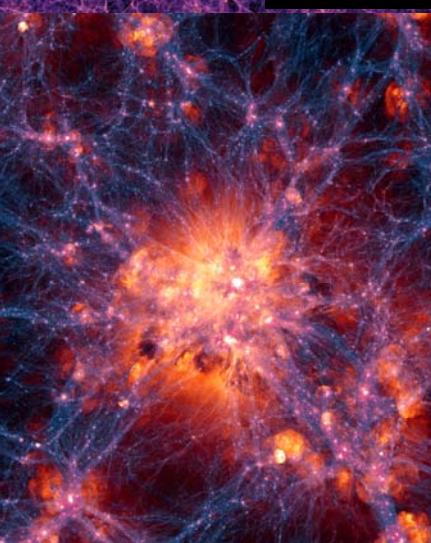
中性子星合体の模式図。2018年には中性子星合体時と考えられる重力波が検出された。

©NAOJ





XRISM:銀河団の高温プラズマの精密なX線分光観測を行うことにより、ダイナミックな構造形成過程、高温ガスの加熱過程や重元素存在量を解明



付録 NASA/ESA ミッションの枠組み

海外ミッション NASA

A=Astrophysics
P=Planetary Science
H=Heliophysics

| | 分野 | カテゴリ | 総額 | 間隔 | 例 |
|------|----|--------------------------------|-------------------|------|---|
| NASA | A | Flagship / Great Observatories | > \$1–2B | ~10年 | HST (90), Compton (91), Chandra (99), Spitzer (03), Fermi (08), JWST (21) , WFIRST (25) |
| | A | Discovery | \$425M | 1–2年 | Kepler (06) |
| | A | MDIX | \$180–200M+launch | ~4年? | XTE(95), FUSE(98), WMAP(01), Swift(04), WISE(09), SPHEREx |
| | A | SMEX | \$120M+launch | ~4年? | SWAS(98), GALEX(03), NuSTAR(12) |
| | A | EX | | | TESS(18) |
| | H | MDIX | \$180–200M+launch | ~4年? | ACE(97), IMAGE(00), THEMIS(07) |
| | H | SMEX | \$120M+launch | ~4年? | SAMPEX(92), FAST(96), TRACE(98), RHESSI(02), AIM(07), IBEX(08), IRIS(13) |
| | H | STP | | | TIMED(01), Hinode 06 [ISAS], STEREO(06), MMS(11) |

| | 分野 | カテゴリ | 総額 | 間隔 | 例 |
|------|----|--|----------------|------|---|
| NASA | P | Flagship | \$1–2B | 10年 | Viking 1–2 (75), Voyager (77), Galileo(89), Cassini (97), Mars Science Laboratory (11), MARS2020 (20) , Europa (?) |
| | P | New Frontier | ~ \$1B | ~5年 | New Horizons (06), JUNO (11), OSIRIS-Rex(16), Dragonfly |
| | P | Discovery | \$425M+ Launch | 1–2年 | NEAR-Shoemaker (96), Luna Prospector (97), Stardust (99), Genesis (01), CONTOUR (03), Mars Pathfinder (03), MESSENGER (04), Deep Impact (05), EPOXI(05), DAWN (07), GRAIL(11), InSight (16) |
| | P | MARS Exploration (Mariner, Viking, Mars Surveyor' 98, | | | Mariner (62), Viking (75), Observer (92) , Global Surveyor (96), Climate Orbiter (98) , Polar Lander (99) , Odyssey (01), Exploration Rover (Spilits, Opportunity) (03), Reconnaissance Orbiter (05), Phoenix (07,SCOUT), Science Laboratory (Curiosity) (11), MAVEN (13, SCOUT) |

今後の海外ミッションへの協力 (NASA)

| | 分野 | カテゴリ | 計画 | 日本の貢献 | 現状 |
|------|----|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| NASA | A | Flagship / Great Observatories | JWST (21) | - | 2021打ち上げ予定 |
| | | | WFIRST (25) | WFIRST WG 住(大阪)、山田 | LoI 準備中 |
| | | | 将来計画 (~30-35) | STDTオブザーバ | 4分野での検討 |
| | A | SMEX (AO 2016) | IXPE | 玉川(理研)、他 | NASA SMEX 提案、 ISAS 小規模採択 LoC 発出済、 PRAXyS → IXPE |
| | A | EX | TESS (18) | 研究者個別にチーム参加 | JAXA 関与無し 2018 打ち上げ |
| | H | LWS | Solar Probe Plus (18) | | |

海外ミッションへの協力 (ESA)

| | カテゴリ | 総額 | 間隔 | 分野 | 例 |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------|------|----|---|
| ESA | Cosmic Vision – L | > €1B | ~10年 | P | JUICE (22) |
| | | | | A | ATHENA (28) |
| | | | | FP | L3 [LISA] (32) |
| | Cosmic Vision – M | €450–550M | ~3年 | H | Solar Orbiter (18) |
| | | | | A | Euclid (21), PLATO (24) |
| | | | | ? | M4 (27), M5(29) |
| | Cosmic Vision – S | | | A | CHEOPS (17) |
| | | | | H | SMILE (21) |
| | On-going | | | P | Bepi Colombo (18) |
| | In Operation / Previous | | | A | XMM(99), INTEGRAL(02), Herschel (09), Plank (09), GAIA (13) |
| | | | | FP | LISA-Pathfinder (15) |
| | | | | H | SOHO (95), PROBA2 (09) |
| | | | | P | Huygens(97), Cluster(00), Double Star(03), Mars Express(03), Rosetta (04), Venus Express (05), ExoMars (16) |

今後の海外ミッションへの協力 (ESA)

| | カテゴリ | 分野 | 計画 | 日本の貢献 | 現状 |
|-----|-------------------|----|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| ESA | Cosmic Vision - L | P | JUICE (22) | 小規模ミッション機器 | Phase A相当 |
| | | A | ATHENA (28) | 冷凍機など ATHENA WG | CCC-TPで検討など |
| | | FP | L3 [LISA] (32) | - | DECIGOチームの協力可能性? |
| | | ? | L4 (?) | - | |
| | Cosmic Vision - M | A | Euclid (21) | すばる観測提案 | JAXA コミット無し |
| | | | PLATO (24) | - | |
| | | ? | M4 (27) | - | ARIEL / |
| | | | M5(29) | SPICA PreProject | SPICA 提案 CORE+協力? |
| | | | M6 (?) | | |
| | Cosmic Vision - S | A | CHEOPS (17) | | |
| | | H | SMILE (21) | | |
| | On-going | P | Bepi Colombo (18) | MMO | 2018 打ち上げ |