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No.		Project Research Description	Research subject Requirement	Project	Location	Research Environment	Host Researchers	Contact	Effort (own:project rese
1	Research and operation duty at the Nobeyama Radio Observatory	Research on star forming regions with the Nobeyama 45-m radio telescope; development of antenna, millimeter-wave receiver, or software etc of the radio telescope; operation of the observatory	Capability of writing competitive refereed journal papers, experience in science operation and/or technical experience with the radio telescope, good command of English	Nobeyama Radio Observatory	Minamimaki, Minamisaku, Nagano, Japan	The observatory has an environment suitable for development of antenna, receiver or software. The observatory carries out researches on star forming regions intensively.	Ken'ichi Tatematsu	k.tatematsu_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
2	Observational research using VLBI, or research and development for promoting future project	The successful candidate is expected to promote observational astronomy research using VLBI arrays related to Mizusawa VLBI Observatory (such as VERA, KaVA, EAVN, EHT). Alternatively, he/she will conduct research related to SKA, which is being promoted as the future project of the observatory.	Knowledge and experience on VLBI as well as observational astronomy using radio interferometry	Mizusawa VLBI Observatory	Ohshu, Iwate or Mitaka, Tokyo	necessary research environment will be provided	Mareki Honma, Hdeyuki Kobayashi, Tomoya Hirota, Kazuhiro Hada	mareki.honma_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
3	Study of energy transport and heating in the solar atmosphere with space and ground-based telescopes	The successful candidate is expected to study mechanisms of energy transport and plasma heating by investigating 3D magnetic field structures and their dynamics in the solar atmosphere using spectropolarimetric data taken with the Hinode satellite, the CLASP2.1 rocket (to be launched in 2021), and the SUNRISE-3 balloon (to be launched in 2022). In addition, it is expected to contribute to the development of collaborative research between the next solar satellite Solar-C and large ground-based telescopes such as DKIST.	Achievement in data analysis of solar observations and/or numerical simulations. High motivation and English capability to conduct joint-research with international researchers.	Solar Science Observatory	Mitaka, Tokyo	Observation data and necessary analysis environment will be provided by the project.	Yukio, Katsukawa	yukio.katsukawa_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
4	Instrument development for the next Solar Observation Satellite Solar-C (EUVST) and study on solar magnetic activity phenomena through spectroscopic observations	1. Instrument development through basic studies and performance evaluation measurements for achieving the target performance of the EUV Spectroscopic Telescope onboard Solar-C (EUVST). 2. contribution to the preparation for observational research using EUVST by scientific research using spectroscopic data from solar observation satellites.	It is desirable to have experience in feasibility studies or measurement evaluations related to developing observational instruments. Good communication skills to collaborate with Japanese domestic manufacturers and research institutes as well as overseas collaborating institutes.	SOLAR-C Project	Mitaka, Tokyo	To belong to the SOLAR-C project. The necessary environment for development and research will be provided to the researcher.	Hirohisa Hara	hirohisa.hara_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50

5	Research and development of the JASMINE instrument and/or its sub-systems	The infrared astrometry satellite, JASMINE, is a project to explore the dynamical evolution of the Milky Way Galaxy by precisely measuring the positions and motions of stars in the galactic core bulge. For this purpose, we need a structurally and thermally stable instrument, and we are currently working on the optical, thermal, and structural design of the instrument system including a telescope. As for the detector system, the Japanese infrared detector developed by NAOJ has been further developed for space use to be installed in JASMINE. In this research theme, for any of these instrument development topics, you will be responsible for designing the instruments, establishing their evaluation methods, or promoting their basic experiments including detector evaluation in collaboration with manufacturers in each topic.	It is desirable to have a basic background in optics, mechanics, thermodynamics, radiation physics, or circuit technology, depending on the specific research theme. In addition, a good command of Japanese is required for close communication with Japanese manufacturers.	JASMINE project	Mitaka, Tokyo	Working on the research and development of observational instruments in the JASMINE project. We provide the necessary environment for design and development.	Ryouhei Kano	ryouhei.kano_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
6	Research and development of JASMINE's data analysis method, development of analysis software and simulation software, and construction of mathematical modeling of signals and systematic errors arising from various factors including the instruments, which is necessary for the development of the analysis software	JASMINE will create and publish a catalog of about 100,000 stars containing their astrometric parameters such as annual parallaxes after hundreds of thousands of times observations for a star. To obtain high-precision astrometric parameters, it is crucial to perform post processing of the observed data to remove various systematic errors, correct bias effects due to the instruments, and also construct and optimize a mathematical modeling of the instruments, by utilizing the self-calibration techniques. Based on this principle, a successful candidate is required to research and develop a data analysis method that can function properly even in realistic situations. The successful candidate is required to research and develop the actual analysis software, and also create simulated data catalog necessary for evaluating the validity of the analysis software. In addition, these research and development will be carried out jointly with the members in charge of the JASMINE team.	A successful candidate is expected to have experience in developing astronomical data analysis or control software for astronomical instruments.	JASMINE project	Mitaka, Tokyo	A successful candidate will be engaged in the research and development of data analysis and system simulation research in the JASMINE project. The successful candidate will be provided necessary environment for the software development and necessary information of mission instruments.	Naoeru Gouda	naoeru.gouda_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
7	Research and development of millimeter and terahertz instruments	Research and Development on ultra-high sensitivity receiver technologies for next generation wideband or multibeam instruments including optics, superconducting mixers, low-noise amplifiers and high-speed analog-digital converters.	-Design of RF circuit and receiver system with simulator tools -Understanding of basic microwave circuits -Evaluation of RF devices and receiver system with high frequency instrument	Advanced Technology Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide the necessary softwares and hardwares in each development team.	Takafumi, Kojima	t.kojima_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50

8	Research and development of optical and infrared instruments for projects conducted by NAOJ	Research and development on astronomical instruments for ground-based telescopes such as Subaru and TMT and for space telescopes such as small-JASMINE, optical/infrared detectors, and so on.	· Experiences in development of astronomical instruments	Advanced Technology Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide the necessary softwares and hardwares in each development team.	Yutaka, Hayano etc.	y.hayano_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
9	Research and development of an integral field unit	Research and development (R&D) on an integral field unit (IFU) allowing us to obtain spectra over two-dimensional field in one exposure. The R&D includes such as basic technology development, specification consideration and performance verification.	· Experiences in development of astronomical instruments	Advanced Technology Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide necessary measurement instruments for the development.	Shinobu, Ozaki	shinobu.ozaki_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
10	Research and development of new instruments for the Subaru Telescope based on model based systems engineering	Research and development of the next-generation near-infrared instruments for Subaru Telescope such as D-Shooter and ULTIMATE Wide-Field Imager, by modelling the overall system utilizing model-based systems engineering.	Experiences of instrumentation in astronomy.	Advanced Technology Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide the necessary softwares and hardwares in each development team.	Kentaro, Motohara	kentaro.motohara_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
11	Research on micro fabrication techniques	Research on the fabrication of superconducting thin films, superconductor-insulator-superconducting tunnel junctions, or silicon micro machining techniques for superconducting monolithic microwave integrated circuits.	Experience in microfabrication	Advanced Technology Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	Microfabrication cleanroom facility in ATC can be used.	Wenlei, Shan	Wenlei.shan_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50

12	Submillimeter astronomy with ASTE	<p>The successful candidate will participate in Commissioning and Science Verification activities and operation for the wide IF bandwidth 500 GHz receiver, the 800 GHz receiver, and the newly deployed spectrometer with IF downconverter. The CSV duty is related to either of the following two topics: (a) the verification of the observation system in the aspect of data accuracy (amplitude, frequency, and position) and the science verification, (b) the verification of data reduction and data archive, especially in pipeline processing tests. The operation duty includes science operation and contribution to improve operation efficiencies (e.g. documentation, improvement of telescope calibration, automatic observation).</p> <p>It is also expected to lead science verification activities of the 500 GHz and 800 GHz receivers in order to promote simultaneous observations of CO(4-3) at 460 GHz in LSB and [CI](1-0) at 492 GHz in USB using the wide IF bandwidth 500 GHz receiver and high frequency observations at the 800 GHz receiver band.</p>	<p>Knowledge and experience of observation and data reduction in radio astronomy, and/or operation experience using radio astronomy instruments. Capability to join, discuss and collaborate in English-speaking teams. Python programming skill is preferable.</p>	ASTE Project	Mitaka, Tokyo Occasional business trip to Chile	Working with the ASTE team	Takeshi, Kamazaki	kamazaki.takeshi_AT_nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
13	Research and development for the JVO system	<p>An applicant should conduct one of the following subjects:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Improvement of the user interface for the JVO portal, (2) Development of a data reduction pipeline for Subaru telescope, and the release of the processed data at the JVO system, (3) Development of database of emission lines detected by ALMA and its integration to the JVO ALMA FITS archive. 	<p>The following skills are required to conduct each of the above subjects:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Basic familiarity with the HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Java languages is required. Having an experience of using database system is desirable. (2) Having an experience of data reduction and research activity using the data taken by optical and/or infrared telescopes is required. Basic familiarity with python, C, and C++ is required. (3) Having an experience of data analysis at a radio-astronomy domain is required. A basic familiarity with python, C, and C++ is required. Having an experience of using database system is desirable. 	Astronomy Data Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	A PC cluster is available for data analysis. An applicant can purchase his/her own PC using the personal research expenses.	Yuji Shirasaki	yuji.shirasaki_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50

14	Research of the universe based on mathematical statistics with large astronomical catalogs and hyper speed database	Using huge astronomical catalogs that include large numbers of parameters for a large number of celestial objects, we will promote research to explore various new findings and insight by analyzing data using a mathematical statistical approach. In particular, research focusing on classification and identification of rare objects by multivariate analysis using archive data (such as SDSS, PanSTARRS, GAIA, etc.) obtained by wide-field observation in visible and infrared wavelengths. It is assumed that the hyper-speed database currently under development will be used as needed, and that methods such as preprocessing by visualization, various machine learning, and Bayesian estimation will be used appropriately for actual research themes.	Programming skill based on Python is essential and that on C++ is preferable. Experience of query using SQL to database. Experience of astronomical observation using optical/infrared 2-d array detectors is preferable.	Astronomy Data Center	Mitaka, Tokyo	Provide the access to the development system of hyper-speed database development project as a platform for the research environment.	Tadafumi Takata	tadafumi.takata_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
15	Development of coupling model of Phobos orbital evolution and tidal deformation	Tidal deformation by Mars gravity has been accounted for its triaxial ellipsoidal shape of Phobos, and the formation and the orbital evolution of Phobos have been investigated. On the other hand, it has been proposed that resonance between Phobos orbit and Mars rotation could have increased Phobos eccentricity and even caused a tumbling of its rotation. In order to understand the history of Phobos, we develop a numerical coupling model between orbital evolution and tidal deformation.	Knowledge of astrodynamics and a numerical computational method of solid body deformation, such as SPH, DEM, and equivalent technique is desired.	RISE Project	Mitaka campus	The candidate will be requested to apply for MMX project of JAXA.	Noriyuki Namiki. Professor	nori.namiki_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
16	Development of optical technology for gravitational wave telescopes	You will be involved in the development of frequency-dependent squeezing technology (FDS) promoted by the GWSP and the development of ultra-high performance mirrors for KAGRA. Specifically, 1) As a member of the FDS team of the GWSP, you will improve the stable operation and squeezing level of the FDS, and also design and develop the FDS for KAGRA. 2) In cooperation with the Advanced Technology Center, you will measure the surface profile, transmitted wavefront, optical absorption coefficient, and birefringence of the ultra-high performance mirror used in KAGRA.	- Experimental experience in laser measurement - Ability to communicate in English	Gravitational-Wave Science Project (GWSP)	Mitaka, Tokyo	All the basic environment and measurement devices are available to carry out the research theme.	Yoichi Aso	yoichi.aso_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50

17	Improvement of sensitivity and data analysis of the gravitational wave telescope KAGRA	You will contribute to experimental studies to improve the sensitivity of the KAGRA gravitational wave telescope or to data analysis from an experimental point of view. For the former, you will work on improving the sensitivity of KAGRA through main interferometer control, vibration isolation, noise evaluation, and calibration. For the latter, you will analyze non-stochastic noise through noise evaluation and contribute to the analysis of burst gravitational waves.	- experience in Experimental research (regardless of field) - Ability to communicate in English	Gravitational-Wave Science Project (GWSP), Kamioka Branch	Kamioka, Gifu (Mitaka is also possible in some cases)	Collaborate with other members of KAGRA to promote research	Takayuki Tomaru	takayuki.tomaru_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
18	Reproduction of real spatial distribution by analysis of pseudo-observation results using machine learning	Our science motivation is how to clarify a real spatial distribution of the target polarized source from the observables. We carried out the pseudo-observation using the global MHD simulation data which we can get the information where is the radiation points. To compare our pseudo-observables with the real observational data, we can estimate the three-dimensional distribution of the source. Therefore, we propose the clarification of the real space distribution using the new analysis methods, Faraday tomography. We focus on the qufitting and neural network to divide the components inside the observables.	Experience in development of numerical codes and machine learning.	Center for Computational Astrophysics	Mitaka, Tokyo	ATERUI II (Cray XC50), PC cluster and general-purpose GPU server can be used.	Mami Machida	mami.machida_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50
19	Development of a simulation code for large-scale planetary accretion	Solid planets are thought to be formed by the accumulation of small bodies called planetesimals. We will develop a general-purpose simulation code for planetary accretion that can be run on ATERUI II and/or general-purpose GPU with high speed and efficiency. We will adopt the P3T algorithm and use FDPS for the parallel calculation of gravity. We will develop and release a general-purpose code with various physical processes of protoplanetary disks.	Experience in developing code for massively parallel computers.	Center for Computational Astrophysics	Mitaka, Tokyo	ATERUI II (Cray XC50) and general-purpose GPU server can be used.	Eiichiro Kokubo	kokubo.ei chiro_AT_ao.ac.jp	50 : 50

20	Development of the simulation code on core-collapse supernovae	The most promising mechanism for core-collapse supernova explosions is the neutrino heating mechanism, in which neutrinos heat the outer layers of iron and silicon layers. On the other hand, the neutrino radiation transport method, which is the basis of this research, is not yet mature, especially when the effects of general relativity are incorporated. Therefore, we will develop a parallelized code that incorporates the effects of general relativity. First, we will test the feasibility of the code on ATERUI II, and if possible, we will perform a large scale calculation in three dimensions on Fugaku. Another hot topic is to follow the cooling of a proto-neutron star for a long time after the explosion, which is related to the question of the central object of supernova 1987A. The research related to this topic is highly welcome. I would also like to see the research on the use of GPUs to speed up calculations of nucleosynthesis, neutrino oscillations, and the stellar evolution.	Experiences on development of simulation code	Center for Computational Astrophysics	Mitaka, Tokyo	ATERUI II (Cray XC50) and general-purpose GPU server can be used.	Tomoya Takiwaki	takiwaki.tomoya_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
21	Observational Studies for Galaxy Formation and Cosmology	Applicants can choose either of the following two studies. Galaxy formation studies with galaxies identified in optical to radio observational data such as taken with Subaru, Hubble, and ALMA. Cosmology studies, exploiting these galaxies, that measure density fluctuations in the high-z universe with cosmic microwave background (CMB) radiation data or primordial light element abundance.	Either of the following capabilities. Analyzing observational data such as taken with Subaru, Hubble, and ALMA and writing refereed papers. Analyzing CMB data and understanding the basic framework of the big bang cosmology.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Masami Ouchi	masami.ouchi_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
22	Multi-messenger astronomy or Galactic archaeology	Conduct research of multi-messenger astronomy using Subaru/Hyper Suprime-Cam or Galactic archaeology using numerical simulations or observations. The research topics will be those such as but not be limited to: - nature of transient or variable objects - formation/evolution of first stars or metal-poor stars - metal-enrichment in the early Universe	The successful candidate is expected to work on both of his/her own research and this research topic. Experiences in observations or numerical simulations are favorable but not required.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Nozomu Tominaga	nozomu.tominaga_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
23	Research on the precision cosmology	Physical cosmology is now becoming a precision science based on big data brought by ongoing/planned cosmology-oriented survey projects (e.g. in Japan, HSC survey and PFS project). Accordingly, it is urgent issues to develop very accurate theoretical models and novel techniques to efficiently extract cosmological information from big data. A candidate is supposed to work on those issues and to apply a developed model/technique to an actual big survey data.	Special knowledge/technique related to research on the precision cosmology, for example, the physical cosmology, a numerical simulation of the large-scale structures, and the information science.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Takashi Hamana	hamana.tk_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50

24	Probing the grain growth in protoplanetary disks with radiative transfer modeling	Grain growth in protoplanetary disks is the first step toward planet formation. The project researcher will pursue radiative transfer calculations with an open public code RADMC-3D to constrain the grain growth in protoplanetary disks. It may require comparison with ALMA archival data. In addition, prediction at the wavelengths of 3 and 7 mm, which is designed to be equipped on the future ngVLA, is required.	Previous experience on radiative transfer calculations is plus but not mandatory. If the candidate has been pursuing observational studies, some experience on the protoplanetary disks are good and high motivation on trying on radiative transfer calculations is required. If the candidate has been pursuing theoretical work, the candidate will study how to interpret observational data. In addition, programming skills on python and basic English skills are required.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Akimasa Kataoka	akimasa.kataoka_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
25	Multi-lined diagnostics of molecular interstellar medium in external galaxies	Astrochemistry is an important tool to study the physical conditions of the molecular interstellar medium (ISM). Unusual ISM properties are expected in some external galaxies where there are extreme activities of star formation or active galactic nuclei; different astrochemistry from the Galaxy is also expected in these galaxies. A successful candidate will be working on the study of multiple astrochemical tracers in nearby galaxies, either on the ALMA observational data, or on the theoretical interpretation of observations. Those who work on the observational data will have a choice to work on our ALMA data already at hand.	Either experience in data reduction of spectral lines with radio interferometer especially ALMA or astrochemical modeling is required. English communication skill is also essential.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Nanase Harada	nanase.harada_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
26	Material evolution in star and planet forming regions	This project aims to establish a method to derive the physical and chemical structures of star- and planet-forming regions by constructing models or observing molecular emission lines, including isotopologues, using ALMA and other instruments, in order to elucidate the evolution of gas, dust, and materials in the star- and planet-forming regions.	Experiences of theoretical or observational studies on star and planet forming regions.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Hideo Nomura	hideo.nomura_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50
27	Cosmology with AGN and with Gamma Ray Bursts via a Machine Learning approach	The candidate will reconstruct quasar emission line profile variability from the combination of the spectroscopic and photometric measurements via machine learning models. Similar models will be applied to reconstruct GRBs light curves in optical and X-rays to use both quasars and GRBs to constrain cosmological parameters. The candidate will work on regression models to estimate the redshift of GRBs and use data from the SUBARU Telescope. He/She will build an automatic code to alert the community on the explosion of a high-z GRB through GCN. The goal is to observe the high-z GRBs with the SUBARU.	The applicant should have an experience of programming on R and python and have experience in application of machine learning techniques in quasars and GRBs. It is desirable to have an experience of research works by using optical observational data.	Division of Science	Mitaka, Tokyo	We will provide facilities and environments needed for your research at Division of Science.	Maria Dainotti	maria.dainotti_AT_ nao.ac.jp	50 : 50