Minute-scale Rapid Variability of the Optical Polarization in the Narrow-line Seyfert 1 Galaxy PMN J0948+0022

ITOH, Ryosuke¹, TANAKA, T. Yasuyuki¹, FUKAZAWA, Yasushi¹, KAWABATA, S. Koji¹ KAWAGUCHI, Kenji¹, MORITANI, Yuki¹, TAKAKI, Katsutoshi¹, UENO, Issei¹ UEMURA, Makoto¹, AKITAYA, Hiroshi¹, AKITAYA, Hiroshi¹, YOSHIDA, Michitoshi¹ OHSUGI, Takashi¹, HANAYAMA, Hidekazu², MIYAJI, Takeshi², KAWAI, Nobuyuki³

1: Hiroshima University, 2: NAOJ, 3: Tokyo Institute of Technology

Fermi Gamma-ray Space Telescope has recently detected MeV/GeV γ -ray emissions from five Radio-Loud Narrow line Seyfert 1 galaxies (NLSy1s). It is widely recognized that NLSy1 posses a relatively light central black hole of ~10⁶-10⁷ M_{\odot} accreting at a very high rate near the Eddington limit. Hence, NLSy1 is considered to be a young AGN growing toward a super massive black hole which is believed to have a mass of 10^8 - $10^9 M_{\odot}$.

We report on optical photopolarimetric results of the radio-loud NLSv1 PMN J0948+0022 on 2012 December to 2013 February triggered by flux enhancements in the near infrared and γ -ray bands ([1,2]). We performed the optical photometric observations of PMN J0948+0022 from 2012 December 20 to 2013 February 20, using the HOWPol installed to the 1.5m Kanata telescope and the MITSuME installed to the 1.0m Murikabushi telescope [3]. Figure 1 shows a long-term history of R_{C} -band flux and spectral index. figure 2 shows an enlarged view of temporal variation of the polarized flux (PF) and polarization angle (PA) on MJD 56281. The polarization degree (PD) reached $36 \pm 3\%$ at the peak of the shortduration pulse, while the polarization angle remained almost constant. The high PD and minute-scale variability in PF provides clear evidence of synchrotron radiation from a very compact emission region with a highly ordered magnetic field. Such microvariability of polarization is also observed in several blazar jets, but its complex relation between total flux and PD are explained by a multi-zone model in several blazars. The implied single emission region in PMN J0948+0022 might reflect a difference of jets between RL-NLSy1s and blazars.



Figure 1: Long-term histories of the optical flux and spectral index taken by HOWPol and MITSuME. The upper panel shows a light curve in the Rc band. The lower panel shows a history of spectral index. The dashed lines indicate the dates when high-density photopolarimetric observations were performed.



Figure 2: Time profiles of the polarized flux and polarization angle on MJD 56281. The solid line is the best-fit light curve.

References

- Carrasco, L., Recillas, E., Miramon, J., et al.: 2012, The Astronomer's Telegram, 4659, 1.
- [2] D'Ammando, F., Orienti, M.: 2012, The Astronomer's Telegram, 4694, 1.
- [3] Itoh, R., Tanaka. Y. T., Fukazawa, Y., et al.: 2013, ApJ, 775, L26.